Annual Financial Report of the

Town of Colchester, Connecticut

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

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Introductory Section

Principal Officials June 30, 2022

First Selectman

Andreas Bisbikos

Board of Selectmen

Deborah Bates Rosemary Coyle Jason LaChapelle Denise Turner

Board of Finance

Andrea Migliaccio, Chair John Thomas, Vice Chair Mike Egan Michael Hayes Art Shilosky Timothy Vaillancourt

Chief Financial Officer

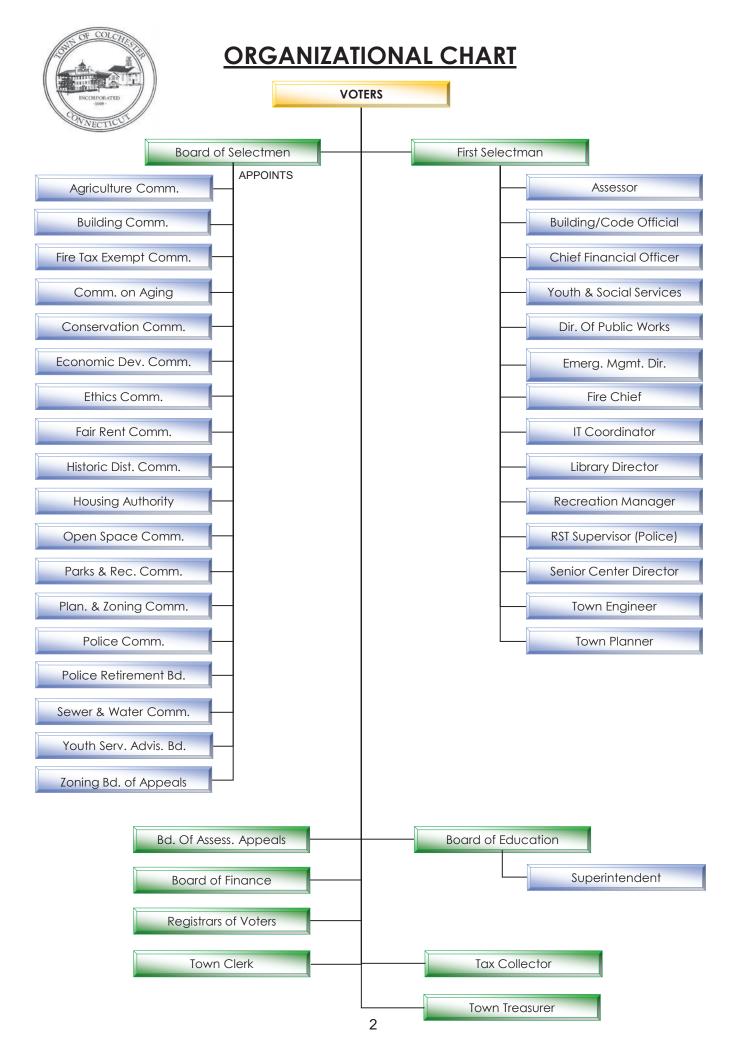
N. Maggie Cosgrove (through June 2022)

Administration

Debbie Kratochvil, Town Finance Director (effective June 2022)
Gayle Furman, Town Clerk
John Ringo, Town Treasurer
Michele Wyatt, Tax Collector
Jeffrey Burt, Superintendent of Schools
Rachel Linkkila, BOE Business Director (effective June 2022)
Shannon Ramsby, Director of HR

Board of Education

Alexander Oliphant, Chair Mary Tomasi, Vice Chair Jessica Morozovich, Secretary Donna Antonacci Rosemary Gignac Marguerite Gignac Christopher Rivers



Financial Section



Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Finance Town of Colchester, Connecticut

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Colchester, Connecticut ("Town"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

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The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period
 of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparisons, and the pension and other post-employment benefit schedules as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Board of Finance Town of Colchester, Connecticut

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Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and trend information sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2023 on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wethersfield, Connecticut December 19, 2023

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

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Town of Colchester, Connecticut

127 Norwich Avenue, Colchester, Connecticut 06415

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

As management of the Town of Colchester, Connecticut ("Town"), we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements immediately following this section.

Financial highlights

The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town exceed its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year as follows:

| | Governmental | Business-Type | |
|---------------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| | Activities | Activities | Total |
| Change in net position | \$ 793,185 | \$ 234,424 | \$ 1,027,609 |
| Total net position | 82,907,466 | 5,638,662 | 88,546,128 |
| Unrestricted net position | 7,151,957 | 1,297,672 | 8,449,629 |

• The Town's total net position increased by \$1,027,609. The increase is due to the following:

Governmental fund activity:

| positive operations of the capital reserve fund of | \$ 119,255 |
|--|---------------|
| positive operations of the other governmental funds of | 389,505 |
| The positive operations were offset by: | |
| > negative operations of the internal service fund of | (312,363) |
| Business-type fund activity: | |
| positive operations of the water fund of | 234,424 |
| Conversion to accrual basis on Exhibit E: | |
| > capital outlay net of depreciation/amortization expense of | (1,439,361) |
| net principal debt activity of | 1,878,576 |
| change in net pension liability of | (752,541) |
| change in OPEB liability of | 3,814,135 |
| > change in pension and OPEB deferred outflows/inflows of resources of | (3,356,217) |

- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$15,849,939, an increase of \$551,972 in comparison with the prior year. The majority of the increase is due to the positive operations of the capital reserve fund and special gifts fund of \$119,255 and \$853,289 respectively, partially offset by deficit operations of the capital projects fund of \$522,103.
- At year end, the unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$7,960,638 or 13.90% of total general fund budgetary basis expenditures and transfers out.
- Net capital assets decreased in the current year by \$1,596,679 due to depreciation/amortization expense exceeding capital additions.
- The Town's long-term debt decreased by \$2,057,890 due to scheduled principal payments.
- During the year, the Town implemented GASB No. 87 Leases. The implementation of this statement has no impact on beginning equity, but increased both capital assets and long-term liabilities by \$535,662.

Overview of the basic financial statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Colchester's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Town's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between these accounts reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses reported in this statement are for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation and sick leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety, public works, community and human services, and education. The business-type activities of the Town account for the water operations.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Town's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

For governmental funds, information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general, american rescue plan act, capital reserve, and Johnston building project funds which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these other governmental funds is provided on Schedules 4 and 5 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The Town uses two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses an enterprise fund to report the activities of the water fund. The internal service fund is an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Town's various functions.

The Town uses the internal service fund to account for its employees and retirees' self-insured medical benefits. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water fund. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits F, G, and H.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Town. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required supplementary information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information as follows:

- A budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.
- Schedules to demonstrate the Town's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits.
- Schedules to demonstrate the Town's progress in funding its obligation to provide other post-employment benefits.

Other information. Other required schedules and the combining and supplemental schedules referred to earlier in connection with other governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information section.

Government-wide financial analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a Town's financial position. In the case of the Town, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$88,546,128 at the close of the fiscal year.

The largest portion of the Town's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Town's net position (3.70%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position totals \$8,449,629.

The analysis below focuses on the net position and changes in net position. Unrestricted net position decreased by \$655,001 from the prior year.

Summary Statement of Net Position June 30

| | Government | al Activities | Business-Ty | pe Activities | Totals | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | |
| | | (as restated) | | | | (as restated) | |
| Current and other assets | \$ 29,225,366 | \$ 28,437,923 | \$ 1,390,044 | \$ 1,137,218 | \$ 30,615,410 | \$ 29,575,141 | |
| Capital assets (net) | 97,388,560 | 98,827,921 | 5,206,579 | 5,363,897 | 102,595,139 | 104,191,818 | |
| Total assets | 126,613,926 | 127,265,844 | 6,596,623 | 6,501,115 | 133,210,549 | 133,766,959 | |
| Deferred outflows of resources | 1,687,621 | 1,657,812 | | | 1,687,621 | 1,657,812 | |
| Long-term liabilities outstanding | 30,135,092 | 34,871,810 | 730,849 | 865,589 | 30,865,941 | 35,737,399 | |
| Other liabilities | 11,171,978 | 11,233,172 | 227,112 | 231,288 | 11,399,090 | 11,464,460 | |
| Total liabilities | 41,307,070 | 46,104,982 | 957,961 | 1,096,877 | 42,265,031 | 47,201,859 | |
| Deferred inflows of resources | 4,087,011 | 704,393 | | | 4,087,011 | 704,393 | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 72,478,349 | 71,887,446 | 4,340,990 | 4,337,392 | 76,819,339 | 76,224,838 | |
| Restricted | 3,277,160 | 2,189,051 | - | - | 3,277,160 | 2,189,051 | |
| Unrestricted | 7,151,957 | 8,037,784 | 1,297,672 | 1,066,846 | 8,449,629 | 9,104,630 | |
| Total net position | \$ 82,907,466 | \$ 82,114,281 | \$ 5,638,662 | \$ 5,404,238 | \$ 88,546,128 | \$ 87,518,519 | |

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a Town's financial position. The Town's net position increased \$1,027,609 as detailed below.

The reader should remember that the basis of accounting used in the government-wide statement of activities excludes capital expenditures while its revenues include general taxes whose primary purpose is for the construction of those very assets or their related debt service.

Statement of Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30

| | Governmen | tal Activities | Business-Ty | pe Activities | Totals | | |
|---|---------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| _ | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Program revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 5,424,433 | \$ 3,971,466 | \$ 1,238,691 | \$ 1,151,888 | \$ 6,663,124 | \$ 5,123,354 | |
| Operating grants and contributions | 24,048,326 | 21,245,742 | - | - | 24,048,326 | 21,245,742 | |
| Capital grants and contributions | 707,345 | 1,673,385 | - | - | 707,345 | 1,673,385 | |
| General revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | 42,596,813 | 41,235,316 | - | - | 42,596,813 | 41,235,316 | |
| Grants and contributions not | | | | | | | |
| restricted to specific programs | 308,032 | 312,674 | - | _ | 308,032 | 312,674 | |
| Income from investments | 63,633 | 32,667 | 677 | 1,248 | 64,310 | 33,915 | |
| Gain on sale of assets | 52,512 | 25,764 | | <u> </u> | 52,512 | 25,764 | |
| Total revenues | 73,201,094 | 68,497,014 | 1,239,368 | 1,153,136 | 74,440,462 | 69,650,150 | |
| Expenses: | | | | | | | |
| General government | 4,005,273 | 3,852,637 | - | - | 4,005,273 | 3,852,637 | |
| Public safety | 3,940,494 | 3,739,138 | - | _ | 3,940,494 | 3,739,138 | |
| Public works | 6,071,709 | 5,656,168 | - | - | 6,071,709 | 5,656,168 | |
| Community and human services | 2,604,158 | 2,061,992 | - | - | 2,604,158 | 2,061,992 | |
| Education | 55,093,077 | 51,478,374 | - | - | 55,093,077 | 51,478,374 | |
| Interest | 706,778 | 800,522 | - | - | 706,778 | 800,522 | |
| Water | | | 991,364 | 1,023,508 | 991,364 | 1,023,508 | |
| Total expenses | 72,421,489 | 67,588,831 | 991,364 | 1,023,508 | 73,412,853 | 68,612,339 | |
| Change in net position before transfers | 779,605 | 908,183 | 248,004 | 129,628 | 1,027,609 | 1,037,811 | |
| Transfers | 13,580 | 13,580 | (13,580) | (13,580) | | | |
| Change in net position | 793,185 | 921,763 | 234,424 | 116,048 | 1,027,609 | 1,037,811 | |
| Net position - July 1 | 82,114,281 | 81,192,518 | 5,404,238 | 5,288,190 | 87,518,519 | 86,480,708 | |
| Net position - June 30 | \$ 82,907,466 | \$ 82,114,281 | \$ 5,638,662 | \$ 5,404,238 | \$ 88,546,128 | \$ 87,518,519 | |

The key elements of the increase are as follows:

Governmental activities – revenues

- Charges for services increased by \$1,452,967 primarily due to an increase in activities as COVID restrictions relaxed, including a \$236,376 increase in student activity fees. Additionally:
 - o \$471,564 was received for a sewer force main repair from a bordering Town
 - o General sewer operating fees increased \$181,501
 - o Ambulance fees increased \$151,795 due to increased responses by Colchester volunteers
 - Tuition increased \$114,815 due to additional out-of-town high school students
- Operating grants and contributions increased by \$2,802,584 primarily due to:
 - o an increase in COVID-19 related grants including school lunch and breakfast of \$768,590
 - ARP ESSER of \$821,373
 - o ARPA of \$346,344
- Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$966,040 primarily due to the LOTCIP and the local bridge grants of \$765,269 and \$195,561 received in the prior year
- Property taxes increased by \$1,361,497 due to an increase in the amount needed to fund the adopted budget

Governmental activities - expenses

- Public works expenses increased by \$415,541 primarily due to the increase in the amount budgeted and expended, primarily in the highway department for personnel costs resulting from union contract settlement, tree cutting and removal, vehicle maintenance and fuel, and road improvements.
- Community and human services expenses increased \$542,166 primarily due to:
 - o \$178,672 of ARPA grant expenses
 - \$147,209 increase in other grant expenses, including the Drug Free Communities grant
- Education expenses increased by \$3,614,703 primarily due to:
 - \$868,456 increase in net internal service expense for increased medical costs
 - o \$429,114 increase in the education budget
 - \$821,373 increase in grant expenses including ARP ESSER
 - \$134,697 increase in school activities expenses for additional activities
 - \$216,503 increase in cafeteria expenses as a result of the return of in person classes

Business-type activities - revenues

Charges for services increased \$86,803 over the prior year due to an increase in usage as well as an increase
in survey fees as testing was delayed in prior years due to COVID.

Business-type activities - expenses

Water expenses were consistent with the prior year.

Financial analysis of the Town's funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Town's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$15,849,939. Fund balance has been classified as:

| Restricted | \$ 3,27 | 77,160 |
|------------|----------|--------|
| Committed | 6,30 | 06,099 |
| Assigned | 2,2 | 14,979 |
| Unassigned | 4,0 | 51,701 |
| Total | \$ 15,84 | 49,939 |

The total fund balance increased by \$551,972 to \$15,849,939. This increase is a result of the following funds activity:

General Fund. The general fund is the operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, of the total fund balance of the general fund, \$7,960,638 was unassigned. During the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the Town's general fund increased by \$59,637. The increase was substantially attributable to the expenditure budget which was underspent by \$421,419 which was offset by an appropriation of fund balance of \$555,217. A more detailed discussion is included under budgetary highlights.

American Rescue Plan Act Fund. The American Rescue Plan Act fund accounts for and reports the proceeds and expenditures of the American Rescue Plan Act grant. \$346,344 of the grant was spent during the year.

Capital Reserve Fund. The capital reserve fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition of vehicles and equipment which are financed by General Fund appropriations and equipment financing notes issuances. At the end of the current fiscal year, committed fund balance of the fund was \$3,174,499. This was the result of positive operations of \$119,255 due additional contributions to reserves for vehicle, equipment, and buildings and grounds future expenditures and sale of capital assets of \$52,512.

Johnston Building Project Fund. The Johnston building project fund accounts for and reports financial resources to be used for the William J. Johnston construction and renovation project. At the end of the current fiscal year, deficit fund balance of the fund increased from \$3,790,848 in the prior year to \$3,807,273. This was the result of expenditures of \$16,425. The deficit will be eliminated when remaining grant revenues are received once the project is audited by the State.

Proprietary funds

The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The Town has one enterprise fund: water fund which accounts for the operations of the water department.

Water Fund. There was an increase in net position of \$234,424 in the water fund due to an increase in charges for services of \$86,803 due to an increase in usage and increased survey fees as well as a \$32,144 decrease in expenses. Unrestricted net position of the water fund was \$1,297,672 at year end.

Internal Service Funds. The internal service funds are used to account for medical self-insurance claims. The internal service fund had a decrease to its net position of \$312,363. This is primarily due to an increase in claims and a decrease in charges. The internal service funds had an unrestricted net position of \$2,909,142 at year end.

General fund budgetary highlights

Significant budget transfers made during the year include:

- There were additional appropriations of fund balance totaling \$174,217 for the highway and police departments.
- Police and fire were increased by \$74,402 and \$98,531 respectively, partially from the additional appropriation and partially from the \$140,470 reduction of the human resources budget. These transfers were to fund overtime costs.
- Highway was increased by \$163,585, primarily from the additional appropriation for personnel costs resulting from union contract settlement, tree cutting and removal, vehicle maintenance and fuel costs.

Total revenues were higher than budgeted by \$480,970, primarily due to charges for services above budget including:

- Ambulance was \$152,960 above budget due to increased responses to calls, rather than using mutual aid, as there were sufficient volunteers to staff the new ambulance
- Building code fees were \$161,364 above budget due to the rise in the housing market
- Tuition was \$169,522 above budget due to additional out-of-town high school freshmen

This was partially offset by education grants under budget by \$192,141 as less was received than expected.

Significant departments that were underspent during the year were as follows:

• Education was underspent by \$419,224 primarily due to personnel turnover and vacancies. The certified and classified salary line item was approximately \$298,000 under budget

Capital assets and debt administration

Capital assets

The Town's investment in capital assets amounts to \$102,595,139 (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). This investment in capital assets is as follows:

Capital Assets (Net)
June 30

| | Governmental Activities | | | Activities | Business-Type Activities | | | | Totals | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|----|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------|----|-----------|--------|-------------|------|---------------------|
| | | | | 2021 (as restated) | | 2022 | | 2021 | 2022 | | /2 | 2021 s restated) |
| | Φ. | 0.040.444 | , | , | Φ. | | Φ. | | Φ. | 0.040.444 | , | , |
| Land | \$ | 3,918,414 | \$ | 3,626,879 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 3,918,414 | \$ | 3,626,879 |
| Construction in progress | | 485,207 | | 735,600 | | - | | - | | 485,207 | | 735,600 |
| Intangible right-to-use assets | | 428,661 | | 535,662 | | - | | - | | 428,661 | | 535,662 |
| Improvements other than | | · | | · | | | | | | • | | • |
| buildings | | 606,117 | | 497,396 | | 2,100 | | 2,310 | | 608,217 | | 499,706 |
| Buildings | | 75,225,558 | | 77,778,027 | | 3,720,000 | | 3,831,510 | | 78,945,558 | | 81,609,537 |
| Machinery and equipment | | 4,603,107 | | 4,753,737 | | 123,033 | | 117,776 | | 4,726,140 | | 4,871,513 |
| Infrastructure | | 12,121,496 | | 10,900,620 | | 1,361,446 | | 1,412,301 | | 13,482,942 | | 12,312,921 |
| Total | \$ | 97,388,560 | \$ | 98,827,921 | \$ | 5,206,579 | \$ | 5,363,897 | \$ | 102,595,139 | \$ 1 | 04,191,818 |

The capital assets (net of depreciation/amortization) decreased in the current year by \$1,596,679. The decrease is due to depreciation expense exceeding capital additions. In the current year, the Town had net capital asset additions totaling \$3,114,612.

Major capital asset additions during the year included the following:

Governmental activities:

| | | | | | | ٠ | | | • |
|---|-----|---|---|---|---|-----|--------|------|-----|
| 1 | _an | n | 2 | М | М | IŤI | \sim | ne | Ut. |
| L | _aı | u | а | u | u | ıu | v | I IO | OI. |

| Middletown road - 65 acres | \$ 226,330 |
|---|---------------|
| Construction in progress additions of: | |
| Bacon Academy building equipment | 100,992 |
| Sewer main replacements | 580,627 |
| Senior center building | 347,379 |
| Machinery and equipment additions of: | |
| Ambulance | 316,199 |
| Dump truck | 191,397 |
| Infrastructure additions of: | |
| Sewer main replacements (from construction in progress) | 1,090,465 |
| Carli boulevard | 452,433 |
| Business-type activities: | |
| Buildings additions of: | |

Redevelopment of wellhouse #3A

Machinery and equipment additions of:

➤ Replacement pump - well 5A

35,475

39,163

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note III D.

Long-term debt

At the end of the fiscal year, the Town had total long-term debt outstanding of \$21,934,140. All debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the Town.

Long-Term Debt June 30

| | Governmental Activities | | Business-Type Activities | | Totals | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | 2022 | 2021 | | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | (as restated) | | | | | (as restated) |
| General obligation bonds | \$ 19,645,000 | \$ 21,140,000 | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ 19,645,000 | \$ 21,140,000 |
| Equipment financing notes | 982,278 | 1,318,863 | | - | - | 982,278 | 1,318,863 |
| Clean water note | - | - | | 865,589 | 997,505 | 865,589 | 997,505 |
| Leases payable | 441,273 | 535,662 | | | - | 441,273 | 535,662 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Total | \$ 21,068,551 | \$ 22,994,525 | \$ | 865,589 | \$ 997,505 | \$ 21,934,140 | \$ 23,992,030 |

During the current fiscal year, the Town's total debt decreased by \$2,057,890 due to scheduled principal payments.

The Town maintains a "AA+" credit rating from Standard and Poor's Investor Service.

State Statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 7 times total prior year tax collections including interest and lien fees. The current debt limitation for the Town is \$287,772,233, which is significantly in excess of the Town's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in Note III F.

Economic factors and next year's budgets and rates

The 2022-2023 general fund adopted budget totaled \$57,648,602. The following economic factors currently affect the Town and were considered in developing the 2022-2023 fiscal year budget:

• As of June 2022, the unemployment rate for the Town was at 3.5%, which is a decrease from a rate of 5.3% a year ago. Town unemployment rate is lower than the State rate of 4.3% and a national unemployment rate of 3.8% as of June 2022.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed in writing to the Finance Director, Town of Colchester, 127 Norwich Avenue, Suite 203, Colchester, CT 06415.

Basic Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

| | Governmental Activities | Business-type Activities | Total |
|--|---|--|---|
| <u>Assets</u> | | | |
| Current assets: Cash Investments Receivables: | \$ 12,742,033 13,317,539 | \$ 837,934 - | \$ 13,579,967 13,317,539 |
| Property taxes Intergovernmental Assessments and use charges Accounts Inventory Other | 617,007 1,057,622 313,736 552,559 - 61,105 | - 402,781 - 149,329 | 617,007 1,057,622 716,517 552,559 149,329 61,105 |
| Total current assets | 28,661,601 | 1,390,044 | 30,051,645 |
| Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets: Temporarily restricted: Cash | 76,373 | | 76,373 |
| Receivables (net): Property taxes Loan | 428,582 58,810 | <u>-</u> | 428,582 58,810 |
| Total receivables (net) | 487,392 | | 487,392 |
| Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land Construction in progress Intangible right-to-use assets Improvements other than building Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure | 3,918,414 485,207 428,661 606,117 75,225,558 4,603,107 12,121,496 | - - 2,100 3,720,000 123,033 1,361,446 | 3,918,414 485,207 428,661 608,217 78,945,558 4,726,140 13,482,942 |
| Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) | 97,388,560 | 5,206,579 | 102,595,139 |
| Total noncurrent assets | 97,952,325 | 5,206,579 | 103,158,904 |
| Total assets | 126,613,926 | 6,596,623 | 133,210,549 |
| <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> | | | |
| Pension related OPEB related | 687,466 1,000,155 | <u>-</u> | 687,466 1,000,155 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 1,687,621 | | 1,687,621 |
| | | | (Continued) |

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

| | Governmental Activities | Business-type Activities | Total |
|---|--|---|--|
| <u>Liabilities</u> | | | |
| Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll Unearned revenue Accrued interest payable Bond anticipation notes Other Long-term debt Landfill postclosure liability Compensated absences Claims payable | \$ 2,112,585 873,469 2,483,827 192,070 2,845,000 158,216 1,630,406 15,000 282,915 578,490 | \$ 61,756 26,581 - - - 4,035 134,740 - - - | \$ 2,174,341 900,050 2,483,827 192,070 2,845,000 162,251 1,765,146 15,000 282,915 578,490 |
| Total current liabilities | 11,171,978 | 227,112 | 11,399,090 |
| Noncurrent liabilities: Performance bonds Long-term debt and related liabilities Landfill postclosure liability Compensated absences Net pension liability OPEB liability | 75,923 20,434,805 15,000 3,379,590 1,023,301 5,206,473 | 730,849 - - - - | 75,923 21,165,654 15,000 3,379,590 1,023,301 5,206,473 |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 30,135,092 | 730,849 | 30,865,941 |
| Total liabilities | 41,307,070 | 957,961 | 42,265,031 |
| <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> | | | |
| Advance property tax collections Pension related OPEB related Total deferred inflows of resources | 2,207 267,244 3,817,560 4,087,011 | - - - | 2,207 267,244 3,817,560 4,087,011 |
| Net Position | 4,007,011 | | 4,007,011 |
| Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Perpetual care cemetery Small cities General government Public safety Public works Community and human services Education Unrestricted Total net position | 72,478,349 450 69,533 104,224 273,066 1,456,799 1,103,027 270,061 7,151,957 \$82,907,466 | 4,340,990 1,297,672 \$ 5,638,662 | 76,819,339 450 69,533 104,224 273,066 1,456,799 1,103,027 270,061 8,449,629 \$ 88,546,128 |
| · | | <u> </u> | (Concluded) |
| | | | (Concluded) |

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net Revenues (Expenses) and Change in Net Position **Program Revenues** Operating Capital Charges for Grants and Governmental Grants and Business-type Functions/Programs Expenses Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Total Governmental activities: \$ General government 4,005,273 958.848 \$ 35.670 \$ (3,010,755) \$ \$ (3,010,755) Public safety 3,940,494 877,649 292,605 (2,770,240)(2,770,240)6.071.709 2,095,984 79.551 Public works 576.336 (3,319,838)(3,319,838)Community and human services 2,604,158 224,868 1,368,402 (1,010,888)(1,010,888)55,093,077 Education 1,267,084 22,272,098 131,009 (31,422,886)(31,422,886)Interest 706,778 (706,778)(706,778)Total governmental activities 72,421,489 5,424,433 24,048,326 707,345 (42,241,385)(42,241,385)Business-type activities: Water 991,364 1,238,691 247,327 247,327 (42,241,385)Total \$ 24,048,326 707,345 247,327 \$ 73,412,853 \$ 6,663,124 (41,994,058)General revenues: Property taxes 42,596,813 42,596,813 Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs 308,032 308,032 Income from investments 63,633 677 64,310 Gain on sale of assets 52,512 52,512 43,020,990 Total general revenues 677 43,021,667 Transfers in (out) 13,580 (13,580)Change in net position 793,185 234,424 1,027,609 Net position - July 1, 2021 82,114,281 5,404,238 87,518,519 Net position - June 30, 2022 \$ 82,907,466 \$ 5,638,662 \$ 88,546,128

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Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

| | General Fund | American Rescue Plan Act Fund | Capital Reserve Fund | Johnston Building Project Fund | Other Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <u>Assets</u> | | | | | | |
| Cash | \$ 2,500,424 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 6,959,082 | \$ 9,459,506 |
| Restricted cash | 75,923 | - 2,000,336 | - 3,202,556 | - | - | 75,923 13,317,539 |
| Investments Receivables (net): | 8,114,647 | 2,000,336 | 3,202,330 | - | - | 13,317,539 |
| Property taxes | 1,045,589 | - | - | _ | _ | 1,045,589 |
| Intergovernmental | 117,086 | - | - | - | 940,536 | 1,057,622 |
| Assessments and use charges | - | - | - | - | 313,736 | 313,736 |
| Loan | - | - | - | - | 58,810 | 58,810 |
| Accounts | 140,579 | - | 6 | - | 207,319 | 347,904 |
| Due from other funds | 1,592,184 | - | - | - | - | 1,592,184 |
| Other | 51,049 | <u></u> | | <u> </u> | 10,056 | 61,105 |
| Total assets | \$ 13,637,481 | \$ 2,000,336 | \$ 3,202,562 | \$ - | \$ 8,489,539 | \$ 27,329,918 |
| <u>Liabilities</u> | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 1,492,160 | \$ 7,338 | \$ 28,063 | \$ - | \$ 585,024 | \$ 2,112,585 |
| Accrued payroll | 776,191 | - | - | - | 97,278 | 873,469 |
| Due to other funds | - | 4 000 000 | - | 962,273 | 629,911 | 1,592,184 |
| Unearned revenue Bond anticipation notes | 1,220 | 1,992,998 | - | 2,845,000 | 489,609 | 2,483,827 2,845,000 |
| Performance bonds | 75,923 | - - | - | 2,043,000 | - | 75,923 |
| Other | 149,467 | - | - | - | 8,749 | 158,216 |
| Total liabilities | 2,494,961 | 2,000,336 | 28,063 | 3,807,273 | 1,810,571 | 10,141,204 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | · | |
| Unavailable revenue: | | | | | | |
| Advance property tax collections | 2,207 | - | - | - | - | 2,207 |
| Property taxes | 1,045,589 | - | - | - | - | 1,045,589 |
| Assessments and use charges | | | | | 290,979 | 290,979 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 1,047,796 | | | | 290,979 | 1,338,775 |
| <u>Fund Balances</u> | | | | | | |
| Restricted | - | - | _ | - | 3,277,160 | 3,277,160 |
| Committed | 444,334 | - | 3,174,499 | - | 2,687,266 | 6,306,099 |
| Assigned | 1,689,752 | - | - | - | 525,227 | 2,214,979 |
| Unassigned | 7,960,638 | | | (3,807,273) | (101,664) | 4,051,701 |
| Total fund balances | 10,094,724 | | 3,174,499 | (3,807,273) | 6,387,989 | 15,849,939 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of | | | | | | |
| resources and fund balances | <u>\$ 13,637,481</u> | \$ 2,000,336 | \$ 3,202,562 | <u> </u> | \$ 8,489,539 | \$ 27,329,918 |
| The notes to financial statements are | an intogral part of this o | tatamant | | | | (Continued) |

Reconciliation of Fund Balance to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit A) are different from the governmental fund balance sheet due to:

| Total fund balance (Exhibit C, Page 1) | \$ 15,849,939 |
|--|--|
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: | |
| Beginning capital assets (net) Capital assets additions (net of construction in progress) Depreciation/amortization expense | 98,827,921 3,039,974 (4,479,335) |
| Total | 97,388,560 |
| Other long-term assets and deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds: | |
| Property taxes - accrual basis change Sewer assessments and use charges - accrual basis change Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB | 1,045,589 290,979 687,466 1,000,155 |
| Total | 3,024,189 |
| Internal service funds are used by management for risk-financing activities: | |
| The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position | 2,909,142 |
| Some liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: | |
| Bonds and notes payable Leases payable Premium Landfill postclosure liability Compensated absences Net pension liability OPEB liability Accrued interest payable Deferred inflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to OPEB | (20,627,278) (441,273) (996,660) (30,000) (3,662,505) (1,023,301) (5,206,473) (192,070) (267,244) (3,817,560) |
| Total | (36,264,364) |
| Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit A) | \$ 82,907,466 |
| | (Concluded) |

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | General Fund | American Rescue Plan Act Fund | Capital Reserve Fund | Johnston Building Project Fund | Other Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 42,473,085 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 42,473,085 |
| Intergovernmental | 18,921,948 | 346,344 | - | - | 4,692,964 | 23,961,256 |
| Charges for services | 2,327,257 | - | 6,462 | - | 3,049,814 | 5,383,533 |
| Income from investments | 59,591 | - | - | - | 507 | 60,098 |
| Contributions | - - | - | - | - | 1,022,896 | 1,022,896 |
| Other | 30,437 | | | | 851 | 31,288 |
| Total revenues | 63,812,318 | 346,344 | 6,462 | | 8,767,032 | 72,932,156 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| General government | 3,845,716 | 15,720 | - | - | 162,958 | 4,024,394 |
| Public safety | 3,376,723 | - | - | - | 181,909 | 3,558,632 |
| Public works | 3,979,835 | · | - | - | 1,387,412 | 5,367,247 |
| Community and human services | 1,685,388 | 178,672 | - | - | 517,885 | 2,381,945 |
| Education | 47,681,959 | - | - | 16,425 | 3,772,925 | 51,471,309 |
| Debt service | 2,075,164 | - | - | - | 568,541 | 2,643,705 |
| Capital outlay | | 151,952 | 590,536 | | 2,393,246 | 3,135,734 |
| Total expenditures | 62,644,785 | 346,344 | 590,536 | 16,425 | 8,984,876 | 72,582,966 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over | | | | | | |
| expenditures | 1,167,533 | | (584,074) | (16,425) | (217,844) | 349,190 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | |
| Sale of capital assets | - | - | 52,512 | - | - | 52,512 |
| Insurance recoveries | - | - | 89,292 | - | - | 89,292 |
| Premium | - | - | - | - | 47,398 | 47,398 |
| Transfers in | - | - | 561,525 | - | 862,516 | 1,424,041 |
| Transfers out | (1,107,896) | | | | (302,565) | (1,410,461) |
| Net other financing sources (uses) | (1,107,896) | | 703,329 | | 607,349 | 202,782 |
| Net change in fund balances | 59,637 | - | 119,255 | (16,425) | 389,505 | 551,972 |
| Fund balances - July 1, 2021 | 10,035,087 | | 3,055,244 | (3,790,848) | 5,998,484 | 15,297,967 |
| Fund balances - June 30, 2022 | \$ 10,094,724 | <u> </u> | \$ 3,174,499 | \$ (3,807,273) | \$ 6,387,989 | \$ 15,849,939 |

(Continued)

Town of Colchester, Connecticut

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit B) are due to:

| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit B) are due to: | |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit D) | \$ 551,972 |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. | |
| Capital outlay Depreciation/amortization expense | 3,039,974 (4,479,335) |
| Total | (1,439,361) |
| Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds and revenues recognized in the fund financial statements are not recognized in the statement of activities: | |
| Change in property tax receivable - accrual basis change Change in sewer assessment receivable - accrual basis change | 123,728 9,612 |
| Total | 133,340 |
| The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, notes) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows: | |
| Debt issued or incurred: Premium | (47,398) |
| Principal repayments: General obligation bonds Notes payable Leases payable | 1,495,000 336,585 94,389 |
| Total | 1,878,576 |

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:

| Change in/amortization of: | | |
|---|----|-------------|
| Premium | \$ | 137,180 |
| Deferred charge on refunding | • | (37,227) |
| Landfill postclosure liability | | 15,000 |
| Compensated absences | | 170,302 |
| Net pension liability | | (752,541) |
| OPEB liability | | 3,814,135 |
| Accrued interest payable | | (9,611) |
| Deferred outflows related to pension | | 360,241 |
| Deferred inflows related to pension | | 317,797 |
| Deferred outflows related to OPEB | | (293,205) |
| Deferred inflows related to OPEB | _ | (3,741,050) |
| Total | | (18,979) |
| Internal service fund is used by management for risk financing activities: | | |
| The net revenue (expense) of the activities of the internal service fund is reported with | | |
| governmental activities | | (312,363) |
| Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit B) | \$ | 793,185 |
| | (| Concluded) |

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

| | Business-type Activities Enterprise Fund Water Fund | Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund Medical Self- Insurance Fund |
|--|---|--|
| <u>Assets</u> | | |
| Current assets: Cash Receivables: | \$ 837,934 | \$ 3,282,977 |
| Usage Accounts | 402,781 - | - 204,655 |
| Inventory | 149,329 | |
| Total current assets | 1,390,044 | 3,487,632 |
| Noncurrent assets: Capital assets (net): | | |
| Improvements other than buildings | 2,100 | - |
| Buildings Machinery and equipment | 3,720,000 123,033 | - |
| Infrastructure | 1,361,446 | |
| Total capital assets (net) | 5,206,579 | |
| Total assets | 6,596,623 | 3,487,632 |
| <u>Liabilities</u> | | |
| Current liabilities: | C4 7FC | |
| Accounts payable Accrued payroll | 61,756 26,581 | - |
| Other | 4,035 | _ |
| Claims payable | - | 578,490 |
| Notes payable | 134,740 | |
| Total current liabilities | 227,112 | 578,490 |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | |
| Notes payable | 730,849 | |
| Total liabilities | 957,961 | 578,490 |
| Net Position | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 4,340,990 | 2 000 142 |
| Unrestricted | 1,297,672 | 2,909,142 |
| Total net position | \$ 5,638,662 | \$ 2,909,142 |

Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

| Operating revenues: | Business-type Activities Enterprise Fund Water Fund | Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund Medical Self- Insurance Fund |
|--|--|--|
| Charges for services | \$ 1,238,691 | \$ 7,734,780 |
| Operating expenses: Personnel services Repairs and maintenance Contracted services Materials and supplies Utilities Insurance Claims incurred Administration HSA contributions Depreciation and amortization | 481,443 16,957 88,180 37,122 97,402 18,434 - - - - 231,956 | - - - - - 6,420,363 1,108,875 521,440 |
| Total operating expenses | 971,494 | 8,050,678 |
| Operating income (loss) | 267,197 | (315,898) |
| Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Income from investments Interest expense Net nonoperating revenues (expenses) | 677 (19,870) (19,193) | 3,535 - 3,535 |
| Income (loss) before transfers | 248,004 | (312,363) |
| Transfers out | (13,580) | |
| Change in net position | 234,424 | (312,363) |
| Total net position - July 1, 2021 | 5,404,238 | 3,221,505 |
| Total net position - June 30, 2022 | \$ 5,638,662 | \$ 2,909,142 |

(Continued)

Town of Colchester, Connecticut

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | Business-type | Governmental |
|---|---------------|------------------|
| | Activities | Activities |
| | Enterprise | Internal Service |
| | Fund | Fund |
| | | Medical Self- |
| | Water Fund | Insurance Fund |
| | | |
| Cash flows from (used in) operating activities: | | |
| Cash received for charges for services | \$ 1,246,848 | \$ 7,745,459 |
| Cash paid for benefits and claims | - | (6,363,018) |
| Cash paid for administration | - | (1,108,875) |
| Cash paid for HSA contributions | - | (521,440) |
| Cash paid to suppliers | (211,361) | - |
| Cash paid to employees | (474,020) | _ |
| Cash paid for repairs and maintenance and utilities | (114,359) | _ |
| | | |
| Net cash from (used in) operating activities | 447,108 | (247,874) |
| Cash flows from (used in) noncapital financing activities: | | |
| Transfer to other funds | (13,580) | |
| Transfer to other funds | (13,360) | |
| Cash flows from (used in) capital and related financing activities: | | |
| Purchase of capital assets | (74,638) | - |
| Principal payments on debt | (131,916) | _ |
| Interest payments | (19,870) | - |
| | <u> </u> | |
| Net cash from (used in) capital and related financing activities | (226,424) | |
| Cash flows from (used in) investing activities: | | |
| Income from investments | 677 | 3,535 |
| moone nom investments | | |
| Increase (decrease) in cash | 207,781 | (244,339) |
| Cash - July 1, 2021 | 630,153 | 3,527,316 |
| Cash - June 30, 2022 | \$ 837,934 | \$ 3,282,977 |
| | | |

(Concluded)

Town of Colchester, Connecticut

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | Business-type Activities Enterprise Fund Water Fund | Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund Medical Self- Insurance Fund |
|--|---|--|
| Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash from (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) | \$ 267,197 | \$ (315,898) |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash from (used in) operating activities: Depreciation and amortization | 231,956 | - |
| (Increase) decrease in: Receivables Inventory | 5,154 (50,199) | 12,202 - |
| Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable Accrued payroll Retainage payable Unearned revenue Other Claims payable | 11,574 7,423 (29,000) - 3,003 | - - - (1,523) - 57,345 |
| Net cash from (used in) operating activities | \$ 447,108 | \$ (247,874) |

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2022

| | Pension Trust Fund |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| <u>Assets</u> | |
| Investments: Private mutual funds | \$ 3,544,037 |
| Net Position | |
| Restricted for: Pensions | _\$ 3,544,037 |

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | Pension Trust Fund |
|--|-------------------------|
| Additions: Contributions: Employer Plan members | \$ 172,150 80,393 |
| Total contributions | 252,543 |
| Investment income (loss): Change in fair value of investments Interest and dividends | (517,099) <u>481</u> |
| Total investment income (loss) | (516,618) |
| Total additions | (264,075) |
| Deductions: Benefits Administration | 85,021 50 |
| Total deductions | 85,071 |
| Change in net position | (349,146) |
| Net position - July 1, 2021 | 3,893,183 |
| Net position - June 30, 2022 | \$ 3,544,037 |

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

History and organization

The Town of Colchester, Connecticut ("Town") operates under the Selectmen - Town Meeting form of government established by a charter. The Town offers a full range of services authorized by the Connecticut General Statutes, including public safety, public works, community and human services, and education, to its residents.

The accompanying financial statements present the Town and its component units, entities for which the Town is considered to be financially accountable. The Town is financially accountable for the pension trust fund and therefore, it is considered a fiduciary component unit. The financial statements of the fiduciary component units are reported as pension trust funds in the fiduciary fund financial statements. The pension trust funds do not issue separate financial statements.

I. Summary of significant accounting policies

A. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. *Governmental activities* are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

B. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

B. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation (continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period. The Town considers reimbursement grants to be available if they are collected within one year of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, pension and OPEB benefits, certain other employee benefits, and certain other long-term liabilities, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Expenditure reimbursement type grants, certain intergovernmental revenues, charges for services, transfers and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items, including property taxes, are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

| | The Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of |
|--------------|---|
| General Fund | the general government, except those required to be accounted for in |
| | another fund. |

American Rescue Plan Act Fund

Capital Reserve Fund

Johnston Building Project Fund

Capital Project Funds

Accounts for and reports the proceeds and expenditures of the American Rescue Plan Act grant.

Accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition of vehicles and equipment which are financed by General Fund appropriations and issuance of equipment financing notes.

Accounts for and reports financial resources to be used for the William J. Johnston construction and renovation project.

The Town reports the following major proprietary fund:

| Water Fund | Accounts for the operating activity of the water operations. The major source |
|------------|---|
| | of revenues for this fund is charges for services. |

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

| Special Revenue Funds | Accounts for and report the proceeds of specific revenue resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt. |
|--------------------------|---|
| | Accounts for and report resources and expenditures that are restricted, |

committed or assigned for the acquisition and construction of capital facilities, including those that are financed through special assessments.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

B. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation (continued)

| Debt Service Fund | the repayment of debt. |
|-----------------------|---|
| Permanent Fund | Accounts for the receipt of private donations to be used for cemetery maintenance. |
| Internal Service Fund | Accounts for risk financing activities for medical insurance benefits. |
| Pension Trust Fund | Accounts for the activities of the Town of Colchester Police Retirement Plan which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees. |

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions are charges between certain Town functions because elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and of the Town's internal service fund are charges to customers for sales and services, and premiums for medical and dental insurance.

For purposes of measuring the net pension and OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position of the Town's pension and OPEB plan, the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS"), and the Connecticut State Retiree Health Insurance Plan ("RHIP") have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Town's pension and OPEB plan, TRS, and RHIP. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms.

C. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and equity

1. Cash and investments

a. Cash

The Town considers cash as cash on hand and demand deposits.

For cash flow purposes the Town considers cash equivalents money market accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

C. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and equity (continued)

b. Investments

In general, State of Connecticut Statutes allow the Town to invest in obligations of the United States of America or United States government sponsored corporations, in shares or other interests in any custodial arrangement, pool or no-load, open-end management type investment company or investment trust (as defined), in obligations of any State or political subdivision rated within the top two rating categories of any nationally recognized rating service, or in obligations of the State of Connecticut or political subdivision rated within the top three rating categories of any nationally recognized rating service. For the capital reserve fund, not more than 31.00% can be invested in equity securities. Investment income is recorded in the fund in which it was earned.

State Treasurers Short-Term Investment Fund is an investment pool managed by the State of Connecticut Office of the State Treasurer. Investments must be made in instruments authorized by Connecticut General Statutes 3-27c - 3-27e. Investment guidelines are adopted by the State Treasurer. The fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

The Town's pension fund investment allocation policy is to target allocations of 4.00% cash, 64.00% equities, and 32.00% fixed income.

c. Method used to value investments

Investments for the Town are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

Fair value of investments

The Town measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

| Level 1 | Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets |
|---------|--|
| Level 2 | Quoted prices for identical investments in markets that are not active |
| Level 3 | Unobservable inputs |

d. Risk policies

| Interest rate risk | Interest rate risk is the risk that the government will incur losses in fair value caused by changing interest rates. The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. |
|--------------------|--|
| Considit winds | Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its specific obligation even without the entity's complete failure. The Town has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices due to credit |

risk other than State Statutes governing investments in obligations of any State or political subdivision or in obligations of the State of Connecticut or

Credit risk

political subdivision.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

C. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and equity (continued)

Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk attributed to the magnitude of an entity's investments in a single issuer. The Town follows the limitations specified in the Connecticut General Statutes. Generally, the Town's deposits cannot be 75% or more of the total capital in any one depository.

Custodial credit risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town's policy follows the State of Connecticut requirements that each depository maintain segregated collateral in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the bank's risk based capital ratio.

2. Receivables and payables

a. Interfunds

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

b. Property taxes and other receivables

In the fund financial and government-wide financial statements, all trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Allowance percentages range from 30.00% to 65.00% of outstanding receivable balances and are calculated based upon prior collections.

In the fund financial statements, all property taxes receivable, which have not been collected as of June 30, have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources, since they are not considered to be available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal year.

Property taxes are assessed on property as of October 1. Taxes are billed in the following July and are due in two installments, July 1 and January 1. Personal property and motor vehicle taxes are billed in July and are due in one installment, on July 1, and supplemental motor vehicle taxes are due in full January 1. Liens are effective on the assessment date and are continued by filing before the end of the year following the due date.

3. Inventory

Inventories in the water fund consist of repairs and maintenance supplies and are carried at cost using the first in, first out method.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

C. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and equity (continued)

4. Restricted assets

The restricted assets for the Town are restricted for performance bonds and perpetual care for cemeteries. Performance bonds are temporarily restricted until the monies are returned to the vendor after satisfactory completion of the contract or the Town calls the bond for nonperformance. Perpetual care monies are restricted for expenditure for the designated purpose.

5. Capital assets

Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost as noted in the table below and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Capital assets of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

| Assets | Years | • | italization reshold |
|---------------------------------------|------------|----|------------------------|
| Improvements other than buildings | 20 | \$ | 5,000 |
| Buildings | 40-50 | | 5,000 |
| Machinery and equipment | 5-20 | | 5,000 |
| Infrastructure: | | | |
| Distribution and collection system | 50-100 | | 5,000 |
| Public domain infrastructure | 50 | | 5,000 |
| System infrastructure | 30 | | 5,000 |
| Intangible right-to-use leased assets | Lease term | | 20,000 |

6. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

C. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and equity (continued)

The Town reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB in the government-wide statements for differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions and net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments. The deferred outflow or inflow related to differences between expected and actual experience and changes in assumptions, will be amortized over the average remaining service life of all plan members. The deferred outflow or inflow related to the net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments will be amortized over a five-year period.

Advance tax collections represent taxes associated with a future period. This amount is recognized during the period in which the revenue is associated.

For governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds' balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes (including advance collections, if any) and sewer assessments and use charges. These amounts are recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

7. Compensated absences

Town and Education employees accumulate vacation and sick leave hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination or retirement. Sick leave and vacation leave expenditures are recognized in the governmental funds in the current year to the extent they are paid during the year or the vested amount is expected to be paid with available resources. A liability for these amounts has been recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

8. Long-term liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities' statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenses.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

9. Lease liabilities

The Town is a lessee for noncancellable leases of buildings and equipment. The Town recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The Town recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$20,000 or more.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

C. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and equity (continued)

At the commencement of a lease, the Town initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include:

| Discount Rate | The Town uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate to discount the expected lease payments to the present value. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the Town generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases. |
|----------------|--|
| Lease Term | The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. |
| Lease Payments | Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and any purchase option price that the Town is reasonably certain to exercise. |

The Town monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

10. Net position and fund balances

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified into the following categories:

| | This category presents the net position that reflects capital assets net of |
|-------------------|---|
| Net investment in | depreciation/amortization and net of only the debt applicable to the |
| capital assets | acquisition or construction of these assets. Debt issued for non-capital |
| | purposes, and unspent bond proceeds, are excluded. |
| Restricted net | This category presents the net position restricted by external parties |
| position | (creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations). |
| Unrestricted net | This category presents the net position of the Town which is not classified |
| position | in the preceding two categories. |

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

C. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and equity (continued)

Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

In the fund financial statements, fund balances are classified into the following categories:

| Nonspendable | This category presents amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. |
|--------------|--|
| Restricted | This category presents amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or the laws or regulations of other governments. |
| Committed | This category presents amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action at the highest level of decision-making authority for the Town. Commitments may be established, modified or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the Board of Selectmen and the Board of Finance. |
| Assigned | This category presents amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the Town's fund balance policy, the Board of Finance has authorized the Chief Financial Officer to assign fund balance. Intent is also expressed by a properly approved purchase order (encumbrance). |
| Unassigned | This category presents amounts that do not meet the criteria above and are available for any purpose. This category is only reported in the general fund for positive amounts and in any other fund that has a fund balance deficit. |

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Town considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless, the Board of Selectmen and Board of Finance has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Minimum fund balance policy

The Board of Selectmen and Board of Finance have adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund. The policy establishes the intent to maintain a level of unassigned fund balance of 10.00% to 15.00% of annual budgeted expenditures.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

C. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and equity (continued)

11. Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows of resources including disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities and reported revenues, expenses and expenditures during the fiscal year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

12. Reclassifications

Certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

II. Stewardship, compliance and accountability

A. Basis of budgeting

Only the General Fund has a legally adopted annual budget.

The Town uses the budgetary basis of accounting under which purchase orders for contracts or other commitments are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order, contract or other commitment is issued and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported in the budgetary statements included as required supplementary information.

B. Excess expenditures over appropriations

During the year, general fund expenditures exceeded appropriations in the town clerk department by \$15.

C. Capital projects authorizations

The following is a summary of certain capital projects:

| | Project | Cumulative | |
|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Project | Authorization | Expenditures | Balance |
| Local capital improvement | \$ 136,591 | \$ 58,086 | \$ 78,505 |
| Equipment | 1,579,690 | 1,277,361 | 302,329 |
| Vehicles | 3,472,160 | 999,768 | 2,472,392 |
| Facilities and grounds maintenance | 723,967 | 560,776 | 163,191 |
| Fire apparatus | 4,500,000 | - | 4,500,000 |
| Senior center | 9,561,790 | 349,229 | 9,212,561 |
| Johnston building project | 48,890,000 | 44,158,014 | 4,731,986 |
| Totals | \$ 68,864,198 | \$ 47,403,234 | \$ 21,460,964 |

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

III. Detailed notes

A. Cash and investments

1. Deposits – custodial credit risk

At year end, the Town's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

| Bank balance | \$ 14,556,274 |
|---|---------------|
| Uninsured and uncollateralized Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's | \$ 9,937,215 |
| trust department, not in the Town's name | 3,619,059 |
| Total amount subject to custodial credit risk | \$ 13,556,274 |

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Town to significant concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash. From time to time, the Town's cash account balances exceeded the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation limit. The Town reduces its credit risk by maintaining its cash deposits with major financial institutions and monitoring their credit ratings.

2. Investments

a. The Town's investments consisted of the following types and maturities. Specific identification was used to determine maturities:

| | | Investment Maturities (In Year | | | |
|---|--|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Type of Investment | Fair Value | N/A | Less Than 1 | | |
| Private mutual funds - diversified Bank money market Certificates of deposit Pooled fixed income | \$ 3,544,037 306,654 429,357 12,581,528 | \$ 3,544,037 - - - | \$ - 306,654 429,357 12,581,528 | | |
| Total | 16,861,576 | \$ 3,544,037 | \$ 13,317,539 | | |
| Less pension trust fund | (3,544,037) | | | | |
| Other funds | \$ 13,317,539 | | | | |

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

A. Cash and investments (continued)

b. The Town had the following recurring fair value measurements:

| | Amount |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Investments measured at the | |
| net asset value (NAV) | A 0.544.007 |
| Private mutual funds - diversified | \$ 3,544,037 |
| Other investments | |
| Bank money market | 306,654 |
| Certificates of deposit | 429,357 |
| Pooled fixed income | 12,581,528 |
| | |
| Total other investments | 13,317,539 |
| | |
| Total investments | \$ 16,861,576 |

c. Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV)

Investments valued using the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) are considered "alternative investments" and, unlike more traditional investments, generally do not have readily obtainable market values and take the form of private mutual funds ("funds"). The Town values these investments based on the funds' audited financial statements. If June 30 statements are available, those values are used preferentially.

However, some funds have fiscal years ending at other than June 30. If June 30 valuations are not available, the value is estimated from the most recently available valuation taking into account subsequent calls and distributions. The following table represents the unfunded commitments, redemption frequency (if currently eligible), and the redemption notice period for the Town's alternative investments measured at the NAV:

| | | Redemption | ion | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|-------|---------------|------------|
| | | | | Frequency | Redemption |
| | Fair | Unfu | unded | (If Currently | Notice |
| Investment Description | Value | Commitments | | Eligible) | Period |
| Private mutual funds - diversified | \$ 3,544,037 | \$ | - | Daily | Daily |

<u>Private mutual funds</u>: This type includes investments in three target date fund of funds, one balanced fund and one fixed account. The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using the NAV per share of the investment.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

A. Cash and investments (continued)

- 1. <u>Target date funds</u>: The target date funds invest at least 80.00% of their net assets in underlying funds. Up to 20.00% of the net assets may be invested in funding agreements with insurance companies. Of the underlying funds, the target asset allocation for the three funds is 35.00%, 48.00%, and 70.00% equity securities and 65.00%, 52.00% and 30.00% debt instruments.
- 2. <u>Balanced fund:</u> The balanced fund invests in approximately 50.00% to 75.00% equities with the remaining balance invested in fixed income, generally investment-grade bonds.
- 3. <u>Fixed account</u>: The fixed account guarantees principal and a minimum fixed interest rate for the life of the contract.
- **d.** The Town's investments subject to credit risk had average ratings by Standard & Poor's as follows:

| | Ratings | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Type of Investment | AAA | AAA Unrated | | | | |
| Mutual Funds Private mutual funds - diversified Pooled fixed income | \$ - 12,581,528 | \$ 3,544,037 | \$ 3,544,037 12,581,528 | | | |
| Total | \$ 12,581,528 | \$ 3,544,037 | \$ 16,125,565 | | | |

e. The Town's investments are not subject to custodial credit risk.

B. Receivables

Receivable balances have been disaggregated by type and presented separately in the financial statements. Only receivables with allowances for uncollectible accounts, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are presented below.

| | | Property Taxes | | | | |
|---|----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Taxes | Interest and Lien Fees | Total | | | |
| Current portion | \$ 461,916 | \$ 155,091 | \$ 617,007 | | | |
| Long-term portion Less allowance for uncollectibles | 704,833 (390,060) | 588,228 (474,419) | 1,293,061 (864,479) | | | |
| Net long-term portion | \$ 314,773 | \$ 113,809 | \$ 428,582 | | | |

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

C. Interfund accounts

1. Interfund payables and receivables

A summary of interfund balances is as follows:

| | Corresponding | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|
| | Fund | Due From | Due To |
| General fund: | | | |
| Johnston building project fund | N/A | \$ 962,273 | \$ - |
| Miscellaneous grants fund | N/A | 134,599 | - |
| School cafeteria fund | N/A | 495,312 | |
| Total general fund | | 1,592,184 | |
| Johnston building project fund | General fund | | 962,273 |
| Other governmental funds: | | | |
| Miscellaneous grants fund | General fund | - | 134,599 |
| School cafeteria fund | General fund | | 495,312 |
| Total other governmental funds | | | 629,911 |
| Total | | \$1,592,184 | \$1,592,184 |

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

C. Interfund accounts (continued)

2. Interfund transfers

A summary of interfund transfers for the fiscal year is as follows:

| | Corresponding Fund | Transfers In | Transfers Out |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| General fund: | A.//A | • | * 504 505 |
| Capital reserve fund | N/A | \$ - | \$ 561,525 |
| Educational grants fund | N/A | - | 60,000 |
| Capital projects fund | N/A | - | 139,725 |
| Debt service fund | N/A | | 346,646 |
| Total general fund | | <u>-</u> _ | 1,107,896 |
| Capital reserve fund | General fund | 561,525 | |
| Other governmental funds: | | | |
| Special revenue funds: | | | |
| School cafeteria fund | Education capital reserve fund | - | 302,565 |
| Educational grants fund | General fund | 60,000 | _ |
| Capital projects funds: | | | |
| Capital projects fund | General fund | 139,725 | - |
| Education capital reserve fund | School cafeteria fund | 302,565 | - |
| Debt service fund | General fund | 346,646 | _ |
| Debt service fund | Water fund | 13,580 | |
| Total other governmental funds | | 862,516 | 302,565 |
| Enterprise funds: | | | |
| Water fund | Debt service fund | | 13,580 |
| Total | | \$1,424,041 | \$1,424,041 |

Transfers are used to move budgeted appropriations from the general fund for funding of capital projects and various programs and activities in other funds.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

D. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year was as follows:

Governmental Activities:

| Governmental Activities. | Balance July 1, 2021 (as restated) | Increases | Decreases | Balance June 30, 2022 |
|--|------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized: | , | | | |
| Land | \$ 3,626,879 | \$ 291,535 | \$ - | \$ 3,918,414 |
| Construction in progress | 735,600 | 1,065,834 | 1,316,227 | 485,207 |
| Total capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized | 4,362,479 | 1,357,369 | 1,316,227 | 4,403,621 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized: | | | | |
| Intangible right-to-use assets | 535,662 | - | - | 535,662 |
| Improvements other than buildings | 2,272,229 | 160,573 | - | 2,432,802 |
| Buildings | 122,574,154 | 57,833 | - | 122,631,987 |
| Machinery and equipment | 19,529,610 | 1,010,426 | 471,250 | 20,068,786 |
| Infrastructure | 43,074,821 | 1,770,000 | | 44,844,821 |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized | 187,986,476 | 2,998,832 | 471,250 | 190,514,058 |
| Total capital assets | 192,348,955 | 4,356,201 | 1,787,477 | 194,917,679 |
| Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for: | | | | |
| Intangible right-to-use assets | - | 107,001 | - | 107,001 |
| Improvements other than buildings | 1,774,833 | 51,852 | - | 1,826,685 |
| Buildings | 44,796,127 | 2,610,302 | - | 47,406,429 |
| Machinery and equipment | 14,775,873 | 1,161,056 | 471,250 | 15,465,679 |
| Infrastructure | 32,174,201 | 549,124 | | 32,723,325 |
| Total accumulated depreciation/amortization | 93,521,034 | 4,479,335 | 471,250 | 97,529,119 |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net | 94,465,442 | (1,480,503) | | 92,984,939 |
| Capital assets, net | \$ 98,827,921 | \$ (123,134) | \$1,316,227 | \$ 97,388,560 |

Intangible right-to-use assets by category are as follows:

| | Amount | | Accumulated Amortization | |
|--|-----------------------|----|-----------------------------|--|
| Intangible right-to-use buildings Intangible right-to-use machinery and equipment | \$ 267,829 267,833 | \$ | 29,759 77,242 | |
| Total intangible right-to-use assets | \$ 535,662 | \$ | 107,001 | |

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

D. Capital assets (continued)

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the Town as follows:

| General government | \$ 98,402 |
|---|-------------|
| Public safety | 301,028 |
| Public works | 1,146,695 |
| Community and human services | 225,446 |
| Education | 2,707,764 |
| Total depreciation/amortization expense | \$4,479,335 |

Business-Type Activities:

| | Balance July 1, 2021 | Increases | Decreases | Balance June 30, 2022 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized: | | | | |
| Improvements other than buildings | \$ 25,591 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 25,591 |
| Buildings | 6,317,551 | 39,163 | - | 6,356,714 |
| Machinery and equipment | 433,470 | 35,475 | - | 468,945 |
| Infrastructure | 3,282,154 | | | 3,282,154 |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized | 10,058,766 | 74,638 | | 10,133,404 |
| Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for: | | | | |
| Improvements other than buildings | 23,281 | 210 | - | 23,491 |
| Buildings | 2,486,041 | 150,673 | - | 2,636,714 |
| Machinery and equipment | 315,694 | 30,218 | - | 345,912 |
| Infrastructure | 1,869,853 | 50,855 | | 1,920,708 |
| Total accumulated depreciation/amortization | 4,694,869 | 231,956 | | 4,926,825 |
| Business-type capital assets, net | \$5,363,897 | \$(157,318) | \$ - | \$ 5,206,579 |

Depreciation/amortization expense of \$231,956 was charged to the Water Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

E. Short-term liabilities – bond anticipation notes

The Town uses bond anticipation notes ("BANs") during the construction period of various public projects prior to the issuance of the bonds at the completion of the project.

| Purpose | Date oflssue | Date of Maturity | Interest Rate | Balance July 1, 2021 | Additions | Deductions | Balance June 30, 2022 |
|---|--------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| William J. Johnston Middle School Project William J. Johnston | 10/15/2020 | 10/14/2021 | 1.00% | \$ 2,845,000 | \$ - | \$2,845,000 | \$ - |
| | 10/14/2021 | 10/13/2022 | 2.00% | | 2,845,000 | | 2,845,000 |
| Total | | | | \$ 2,845,000 | \$2,845,000 | \$2,845,000 | \$ 2,845,000 |

In October 2022, the Town issued \$2,845,000 of bond anticipation notes. These notes mature in October 2023 and have an interest rate of 3.50%.

In October 2023, the Town issued \$14,345,000 of bond anticipation notes. These notes mature in April 2024 and have an interest rate of 5.00%.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

F. Changes in long-term liabilities

Bonds, notes and leases are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Town.

1. Summary of changes

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year:

Governmental Activities:

| Description | Original Amount | Date of Issue | Date of Maturity | Interest Rate | Balance July 1, 2021 | Additions | Deductions | Balance June 30, 2022 | Current Portion | Long-Term Portion |
|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------|------------|--------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| | | | | | (as restated) | | | | | |
| Bonds: | | | | | | | | | | |
| School bonds: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Refunding bonds | \$ 8,339,800 | 02/23/12 | 06/15/25 | 2.00%-4.00% | \$ 2,450,000 | \$ - | \$ 800,000 | \$ 1,650,000 | \$ 560,000 | \$ 1,090,000 |
| School bonds | 12,000,000 | 10/03/18 | 10/15/45 | 3.00%-5.00% | 11,650,000 | - | 350,000 | 11,300,000 | 350,000 | 10,950,000 |
| School bonds | 7,040,000 | 10/08/19 | 10/15/45 | 2.50%-5.00% | 7,040,000 | | 345,000 | 6,695,000 | 280,000 | 6,415,000 |
| Total school bonds | 27,379,800 | | | | 21,140,000 | | 1,495,000 | 19,645,000 | 1,190,000 | 18,455,000 |
| Notes: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Equipment financing | notes (direct borrow | ings): | | | | | | | | |
| Energy project | 3,126,409 | 03/29/13 | 01/05/25 | 1.77% | 1,181,645 | - | 287,665 | 893,980 | 292,769 | 601,211 |
| Heavy rescue | 460,890 | 01/27/14 | 01/27/24 | 2.25% | 137,218 | - | 48,920 | 88,298 | 50,031 | 38,267 |
| Total notes | 3,587,299 | | | | 1,318,863 | | 336,585 | 982,278 | 342,800 | 639,478 |
| Total bonds/notes | \$ 30,967,099 | | | | 22,458,863 | - | 1,831,585 | 20,627,278 | 1,532,800 | 19,094,478 |
| Leases payable | | | | | 535,662 | | 94,389 | 441,273 | 97,606 | 343,667 |
| Total long-term debt | | | | | 22,994,525 | - | 1,925,974 | 21,068,551 | 1,630,406 | 19,438,145 |
| Premium | | | | | 1,086,442 | 47,398 | 137,180 | 996,660 | | 996,660 |
| Total long-term debt | and related liabilities | ; | | | 24,080,967 | 47,398 | 2,063,154 | 22,065,211 | 1,630,406 | 20,434,805 |

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

F. Changes in long-term liabilities (continued)

| Description | Original Amount | Date of Issue | Date of Maturity | Interest Rate | Jul | alance y 1, 2021 | Ad | ditions | De | ductions | Balance ne 30, 2022 | | Current Portion | Long-Term Portion |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|------------------|------------------|-------|---------------------|-------|---------|------|-----------|------------------------|------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | | | (as | restated) | | | | | | | | |
| Landfill post closure liability | | | | | \$ | 45,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 15,000 | \$ 30,000 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ 15,000 |
| Compensated absences | | | | | (| 3,832,807 | 1, | 951,074 | 2 | 2,121,376 | 3,662,505 | | 282,915 | 3,379,590 |
| Net pension liability | | | | | | 270,760 | 1, | 005,084 | | 252,543 | 1,023,301 | | - | 1,023,301 |
| OPEB liability | | | | | (| 9,020,608 | | 595,509 | | 1,409,644 | 5,206,473 | | - | 5,206,473 |
| Total long-term liabilities | | | | | \$ 37 | 7,250,142 | \$ 3, | 599,065 | \$ 8 | 3,861,717 | \$ 31,987,490 | \$ ^ | 1,928,321 | \$ 30,059,169 |

All long-term liabilities are generally liquidated by the general fund.

Business-Type Activities:

| Description | Original Amount | Date of Issue | Date of Maturity | Interest Rate | E Jul | Balance y 1, 2021 | Additions | I | Deductions | Balance e 30, 2022 | Current Portion | L | ong-Term Portion |
|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------|----------|----------------------|-----------|---|------------|-----------------------|--------------------|----|---------------------|
| Notes: Clean Water | \$ 2,496,990 | 07/31/09 | 07/31/28 | 2.12% | \$ | 997,505 | \$ - | 9 | 3 131,916 | \$ 865,589 | \$ 134,740 | \$ | 730,849 |

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Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

F. Changes in long-term liabilities (continued)

2. The following is a summary of principal and interest amounts of bond and note maturities:

| | Gov | vernmental Activitie | es | Business-Ty | pe Activities |
|------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| Year Ended June 30, | Bond Principal | Note Principal | Total Interest | Note Principal | Note Interest |
| 2023 | \$ 1,190,000 | \$ 342,800 | \$ 720,410 | \$ 134,740 | \$ 17,046 |
| 2024 | 1,180,000 | 336,229 | 670,260 | 137,624 | 14,162 |
| 2025 | 1,170,000 | 303,249 | 620,669 | 140,571 | 11,216 |
| 2026 | 780,000 | - | 567,619 | 143,580 | 8,206 |
| 2027 | 780,000 | - | 531,119 | 146,654 | 5,133 |
| 2028 | 780,000 | - | 497,119 | 149,793 | 1,993 |
| 2029 | 780,000 | - | 463,119 | 12,627 | 22 |
| 2030 | 780,000 | - | 431,619 | - | - |
| 2031 | 780,000 | - | 402,619 | - | - |
| 2032 | 780,000 | - | 373,306 | - | - |
| 2033 | 780,000 | - | 345,081 | - | - |
| 2034 | 780,000 | - | 317,944 | - | - |
| 2035 | 780,000 | - | 290,181 | - | - |
| 2036 | 780,000 | - | 262,106 | - | - |
| 2037 | 780,000 | - | 235,119 | - | - |
| 2038 | 780,000 | - | 209,219 | - | - |
| 2039 | 780,000 | - | 183,006 | - | - |
| 2040 | 780,000 | - | 156,481 | - | - |
| 2041 | 780,000 | - | 130,656 | - | - |
| 2042 | 725,000 | - | 106,500 | - | - |
| 2043 | 725,000 | - | 83,313 | - | - |
| 2044 | 725,000 | - | 59,953 | - | - |
| 2045 | 725,000 | - | 36,141 | - | - |
| 2046 | 725,000 | | 12,044 | | |
| Total | \$ 19,645,000 | \$ 982,278 | \$ 7,705,603 | \$ 865,589 | \$ 57,778 |

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

F. Changes in long-term liabilities (continued)

3. Assets pledged as collateral

The Town's outstanding equipment financing notes of \$982,278 are secured with collateral of the equipment purchased.

4. Statutory debt limitations

The Town's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as required by Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule:

| Category | Debit Limit | Net Indebtedness | Balance | | |
|--|---------------|------------------|----------------|--|--|
| | | | | | |
| General purpose | \$ 92,498,218 | \$ - | \$ 92,498,218 | | |
| Schools | 184,996,436 | 22,490,000 | 162,506,436 | | |
| Sewer | 154,163,696 | - | 154,163,696 | | |
| Urban renewal | 133,608,537 | - | 133,608,537 | | |
| Pension deficit | 123,330,957 | - | 123,330,957 | | |
| | | | | | |
| The total overall statutory debt limit for the | 7 times the | | | | |
| annual receipts for the prior year taxation | | | \$ 287,772,233 | | |

The indebtedness reflected above includes bonds outstanding in addition to the amount of bonds authorized and unissued against which bond anticipation notes are issued and outstanding.

5. Authorized/unissued bonds

The amount of authorized, unissued bonds, net of grants received, is as follows:

| General purpose | \$ 14,000,000 |
|-----------------|---------------|
| Schools | 5,719,547 |
| | |
| Total | \$ 19,719,547 |

6. Landfill post-closure care costs

State and Federal laws and regulations require that the Town perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for 30 years. Estimated total current costs of landfill post-closure care is \$30,000 which is based on the amount estimated to be paid for all equipment, facilities and services required to monitor and maintain the landfill. However, the actual cost of monitoring and other post-closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

F. Changes in long-term liabilities (continued)

7. Leases

Lease agreements are summarized as follows:

Governmental Activities:

| | | Lease | | | Balance |
|-------------------|------|---------|----------|------------|------------|
| | | Term | Interest | Original | June 30, |
| Description | Year | (years) | Rate* | Amount | 2022 |
| Old Bacon Academy | 2022 | 9 | 2.46% | \$ 267,829 | \$ 244,564 |
| Copiers | 2022 | 2-5 | 2.46% | 240,791 | 179,035 |
| Postage machines | 2022 | 2-4 | 2.46% | 27,042 | 17,674 |
| Total | | | | \$ 535,662 | \$ 441,273 |

^{*}All interest rates have been imputed based on the rate from recently issued debt as there were no interest rates specified in the lease agreement.

| Description | Terms |
|-------------------|---|
| Old Bacon Academy | The Town leases the first floor of the Old Bacon Academy building. The lease is in the last extension period and can only be terminated by the Town which the Town does not plan to do. |
| Copiers | The Town leases several copiers for the Town and Education offices. These leases are not renewable and the Town will not acquire the equipment at the end of the term. |
| Postage machines | The Town leases several postage machines for the Town and Education offices. These leases are not renewable and the Town will not acquire the equipment at the end of the term. |

The following is a summary of principal and interest payments to maturity:

Governmental Activities:

| Year Ending | | |
|----------------|------------|-----------|
| June 30 | Principal | Interest |
| 2023 | \$ 97,606 | \$ 10,855 |
| 2024 | 85,119 | 8,454 |
| 2025 | 76,445 | 6,360 |
| 2026 | 45,921 | 4,480 |
| 2027 | 31,258 | 3,350 |
| 2028 | 33,066 | 2,581 |
| 2029 | 34,949 | 1,768 |
| 2030 | 36,909_ | 908 |
| Totals | \$ 441,273 | \$ 38,756 |

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

G. Fund balances and restricted net position

Fund balances are composed of the following:

| | | Capital | Johnston | Other | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| Fund Balance | General | Reserve | Building | Governmental | |
| Component | Fund | Fund | Project Fund | Funds | Total |
| Restricted: | | | | | |
| Small cities program | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 69,533 | \$ 69,533 |
| Cemetery maintenance | - | - | - | 450 | 450 |
| General government programs | _ | _ | _ | 104,224 | 104,224 |
| Public safety programs | _ | _ | _ | 273,066 | 273,066 |
| Public works: | | | | 270,000 | 270,000 |
| Sewer facility operations * | - | _ | _ | 203,500 | 203,500 |
| Road infrastructure programs | _ | _ | _ | 1,239,924 | 1,239,924 |
| Other public works programs | _ | _ | _ | 13,375 | 13,375 |
| Community and human services | | | | -,- | -,- |
| programs | _ | _ | _ | 1,103,027 | 1,103,027 |
| Food service program* | _ | _ | _ | 182,102 | 182,102 |
| Education programs | _ | _ | _ | 87,959 | 87,959 |
| | | | | | |
| Total restricted | _ | _ | _ | 3,277,160 | 3,277,160 |
| | | | | | |
| Committed: | | | | | |
| Snow reserve program | 319,469 | - | - | - | 319,469 |
| Public safety programs | - | - | - | 138,293 | 138,293 |
| Animal control programs | 463 | - | - | - | 463 |
| Recreation programs | - | - | - | 336,684 | 336,684 |
| Education programs | - | - | _ | 537,360 | 537,360 |
| Capital projects | 124,402 | 3,174,499 | - | 1,674,929 | 4,973,830 |
| | | | | | |
| Total committed | 444,334 | 3,174,499 | | 2,687,266 | 6,306,099 |
| A | | | | | |
| Assigned: | F2 440 | | | | F2 440 |
| Public safety | 53,410 | - | - | - | 53,410 |
| Education | 1,546,342 | - | - | - | 1,546,342 |
| Debt service | - | - | - | 525,227 | 525,227 |
| Subsequent year's budget | 90,000 | | | | 90,000 |
| Tatal assistand | 4 000 750 | | | F0F 007 | 0.044.070 |
| Total assigned | 1,689,752 | | | 525,227 | 2,214,979 |
| Unaccianed | 7 060 639 | | (2 907 272) | (101 664) | 4 051 701 |
| <u>Unassigned</u> | 7,960,638 | | (3,807,273) | (101,664) | 4,051,701 |
| Total | \$10,094,724 | \$3,174,499 | \$(3,807,273) | \$6,387,989 | \$15,849,939 |
| Conoral Fund on a make and a | | | | | |
| General Fund encumbrances | Φ 50.440 | | | | |
| totaled: | \$ 53,410 | | | | |
| *The amount of net position restricte | ed by enabling le | egislation totaled | d: | | \$ 385,602 |
| | | | | | |

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

H. Deficit fund balances

The Town had deficit fund balances in the following funds:

| Fund | Deficit | Deficit will be eliminated by |
|--------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Johnston building project fund | \$(3,807,273) | Future intergovernmental revenues and transfers in |
| Miscellaneous grants fund | (101,664) | Future intergovernmental revenues and transfers in |

IV. Other information

A. Risk management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss including torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. Generally, the Town obtains commercial insurance for these risks, but has chosen to retain limited risks for employee medical claims. The Town contracts with outside organizations to pay claims and provide administrative services. Additionally, insurance coverage has been purchased to limit the Town's liability for worker's compensation and general liability claims. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has not been any significant reductions in insurance coverage from amounts held in prior years.

The Town utilizes a risk management fund (the Internal Service Fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss for medical claims. The fund records all claim expenditures and liabilities when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. All Town departments and agencies are charged premiums by the Internal Service Fund, which are included in department and agency expenditures, to cover the estimated cost of claims payment based on historical cost estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims. Maximum liability to the Town per covered participant is \$125,000 with an aggregate stop loss of 125.00% of expected claims paid. A third party administers the plan for which the Town pays an administrative fee. Claims liabilities include an estimate of claims incurred but not reported and are the Town's best estimate based on available information.

The Town records all claim expenditures and liabilities when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated in the government-wide statements. The claims liability reported is based upon accounting principles, which require that a liability for estimated claims incurred but not reported be accrued. The amount of claim accrual is based on the ultimate costs of settling the claim, which include past experience data, inflation and other future economic and social factors and incremental claim adjustment expenses, net of estimated subrogation recoveries. The claim accrual does not include other allocated or unallocated claims adjustment expenses.

| | Claims Payable July 1 | Current year Claims and Changes in Estimates | Claims Paid | Claims Payable June 30 |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| Medical insurance | | | | |
| 2020-2021 2021-2022 | \$517,642 521,145 | \$5,822,535 6,420,363 | \$5,819,032 6,363,018 | \$521,145 578,490 |

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

B. Commitments and litigation

Amounts received or receivable from Federal and State grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The Town is a defendant in various lawsuits and the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable. The resolution of these matters are not expected to have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Town.

V. Pensions and other post-employment benefit ("OPEB") plans

A. Town pension plans

1. Plan description

a. Plan administration

The Town is the administrator of a single-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered by the Town to provide benefits that covers the Police department employees of the Town, the Town of Colchester Police Department Retirement Plan ("plan"). The plan is considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial reports as a pension trust fund. The plan was established by Town Meeting. The plan does not issue a standalone report. Benefits and refunds of post-employment defined benefit plans are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. The Town's General Fund contributes an amount as recommended by their Actuary to fund the net pension obligations.

Benefits and contributions are established by the Town, via negotiated contracts, and may be amended only by the approval of the Board of Selectmen, and as agreed upon with the appropriate bargaining unit. The plan is closed to employees hired on or after January 1, 2012.

The general administration and management of the plan and the responsibility for carrying out the provisions of the plan shall be placed in the Colchester Retirement Board. This Board is appointed by the Board of Selectmen and consists of a representative of the Board of Selectmen, a representative of the Board of Finance, the Town Treasurer, and two electors of the Town. The Chief Financial Officer is a nonvoting ex officio member.

b. Plan membership

As of July 1, 2020, the membership in the plan is comprised of the following:

| Retirees and beneficiaries | |
|----------------------------|---|
| receiving benefits | 1 |
| Active members | 8 |
| Total | 9 |

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

A. Town pension plans (continued)

2. Benefit provisions

| Normal retirement | 20 years of service |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Benefit calculation | 2.50% of final average salary multiplied by years of service. Maximum benefit of 60% of final average salary |
| Final average compensation | Highest 3 years of base salary |
| Vesting - service | 10 years |
| Vesting - amount | 100% of accrued benefit |
| Pre-retirement death benefit amount | Lump sum equal to the participant's employee contributions |
| Post-retirement death benefit amount | 100%, 75% or 50% depending on the participant's annuity selection |
| Cost of living increases | 2.5% |

3. Contributions

Contribution requirements of the plan members and the Town are established, and may be amended, by the Board of Selectmen and collectively bargained contracts.

The Town is required to contribute amounts necessary to fund benefits. The Town's contributions to the plan are actuarially determined on an annual basis. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings.

| Employee contributions | 12.50% |
|--|----------|
| Town average contribution rate as a percentage | 25.07% |
| of pensionable wages was | 25.07 /0 |

4. Investments

a. Investment policy

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Retirement Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the Town's Retirement Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

A. Town pension plans (continued)

The following is the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and long-term expected rate of return for the plan:

| | | Long-Term Expected |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| | Target | Real Rate of |
| Asset Class | Allocation | Return |
| Cash Equities Fixed income | 4.00% 64.00% 32.00% | (0.25%) 5.50% 1.25% |
| Total | 100.00% | |
| Long-term inflation expectation | | 2.40% |
| Long-term expected nominal rate of return | | 6.31% |

b. Concentrations

There were no investments in any one organization that represented 5.00% or more of the pension plan's net position.

c. Rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized above.

d. Annual money-weighted rate of return

The annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was (13.04)%.

The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

A. Town pension plans (continued)

5. Net pension liability

The components of the net pension liability were as follows:

| Total pension liability | \$ 4,567,338 |
|--|--------------|
| Plan fiduciary net position | 3,544,037 |
| Net pension liability | \$ 1,023,301 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 77.60% |

6. Actuarial methods and significant assumptions

The net pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| Valuation date | July 1, 2020 |
|----------------------------|---|
| Actuarial cost method | Entry age norm |
| Asset valuation method | Fair value |
| Investment rate of return | 6.75% |
| Inflation | 2.40% |
| Salary increases | 2.40% plus Sei |
| Cost of living adjustments | 2.50% |
| Mortality rates | Pub-2010 Publ Mortality Tables 2020 |

| July 1, 2020 |
|--|
| Entry age normal |
| Fair value |
| 6.75% |
| 2.40% |
| 2.40% plus Service Merit Scale |
| 2.50% |
| Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Amount-Weighted Mortality Tables projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2020 |

7. Changes from prior year

a. Changes in assumptions

There were no changes in assumptions.

b. Changes in benefit terms

There were no changes in benefit terms.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

A. Town pension plans (continued)

8. Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's projected fiduciary net position will be sufficient to cover projected benefit payments and administrative expenses indefinitely. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was used to discount plan liabilities.

9. Changes in the net pension liability

The Town's net pension liability was measured at June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated as noted below. The changes in net pension liability were as follows:

| | Increase (Decrease) | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Valuation date: July 1, 2020 | Total Pension Liability (a) | Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) | Net Pension Liability (a) - (b) |
| Balance at July 1, 2021 | \$ 4,163,943 | \$ 3,893,183 | \$ 270,760 |
| Service cost Interest Contributions - employer Contributions - member Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administration | 197,026 291,390 - - - (85,021) | 172,150 80,393 (516,618) (85,021) (50) | 197,026 291,390 (172,150) (80,393) 516,618 |
| Net change | 403,395 | (349,146) | 752,541 |
| Balance at June 30, 2022 | \$ 4,567,338 | \$ 3,544,037 | \$ 1,023,301 |

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

A. Town pension plans (continued)

10. Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

| | Discount | 1% | Current | 1% |
|-------------------------------|----------|-------------|---------------|-----------|
| | Rate | Decrease | Discount Rate | Increase |
| | | | | |
| Net pension liability (asset) | 6.75% | \$1,849,740 | \$ 1,023,301 | \$365,502 |

11. Pension expense and deferred outflows and inflows of resources

The Town recognized pension expense of \$246,654 for the plan.

The Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| Police Plan | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources | Net |
|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|
| 1 Olice i laii | rtesources | resources | INCL |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ - | \$ 236,268 | \$ (236,268) |
| Changes in assumptions | 286,717 | 30,976 | 255,741 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | 400,749 | | 400,749 |
| Total | \$ 687,466 | \$ 267,244 | \$ 420,222 |

Actual investment earnings below (or above) projected earnings are amortized over 5 years. Changes of assumptions and experience losses (gains) are amortized over the average remaining service period of actives and inactive employees, which was 9.1 years.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

A. Town pension plans (continued)

The amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year Ending June 30, | |
|-------------------------|------------|
| 2023 | \$ 99,630 |
| 2024 | 89,235 |
| 2025 | 62,658 |
| 2026 | 159,578 |
| 2027 | 2,588 |
| Thereafter | 6,533 |
| Total | \$ 420,222 |

B. Defined contribution retirement savings plan and deferred compensation plan

Town employees are eligible to participate in a defined contribution plan administered by the Town. The benefits and contribution requirements are established by approval of the Board of Selectmen.

Defined contribution plan

All Town employees, other than police officers hired prior to January 1, 2012, who are regularly scheduled to work at least 35 hours per week, must participate in a Section 401(a) defined contribution plan. Employees who are regularly scheduled to work at least 30 hours per week are eligible to participate in the plan.

The contribution from both the Town and employees ranges from 6.00% to 8.00% of base pay for full-time employees and from 3.00% to 5.50% for part-time employees.

The Town contributions for each employee are vested 20.00% per year over five years. Voluntary contributions are allowed in combination with the Town's contribution up to the maximum amount allowed by IRS regulations.

Deferred compensation plan

All full-time and part-time Town employees have the option of contributing to the Town's Section 457 plan. The Town does not make matching contributions to the 457 plan.

Education employees participate in a Section 457 plan. This plan covers all regular full-time employees except teachers and administrators covered by the Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System. As defined by union contracts and non-union employee salary and benefit agreements, the Board of Education will make contributions ranging from 3.00% to 7.00% of base pay. The Education employees may also participate on a voluntary basis in a 403(b) plan. With the exception of the Superintendent of Schools and the members of the School Administrators union, the Board of Education does not make contributions to the employees' 403(b) plan.

During the year, the employer contributions for both plans were \$574,046 and employee contributions were \$878,606.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

C. Connecticut state teachers' retirement system

1. Plan description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS"), a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement Board ("TRB"). Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov/trb.

2. Benefit provisions

| Normal retirement | Age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut |
|----------------------|--|
| | |
| D 60 1 1 0 | 2.00% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service |
| Benefit calculation | (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the 3 years of |
| | highest salary) |
| | 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or |
| Early retirement | age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut |
| | service |
| | Benefit amounts are reduced by 6.00% per year for the first 5 years |
| Corby retirement | preceding normal retirement age and 4.00% per year for the next 5 years |
| Early retirement | preceding the normal retirement age. Effective July 1, 1999, the reduction |
| amount | for individuals with 30 or more years of service is 3.00% per year by which |
| | retirement precedes normal retirement date |
| | 2.00% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, |
| | but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of |
| Service connected | average annual salary. In addition, disability benefits under this plan |
| disability amount | (without regard to cost-of-living adjustments) plus any initial award of |
| uisability arriburit | , , , , , |
| | social security benefits and workers' compensation cannot exceed 75% of |
| | annual average salary |
| Non-service | |
| connected disability | Five years of credited service |
| service requirement | |
| Vesting - service | 10 years of service |
| Vesting - amount | 100% |
| Pre-retirement death | Lump-sum return of contributions with interest or surviving spouse benefit |
| benefit amount | depending on length of service |
| | |

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

C. Connecticut state teachers' retirement system (continued)

3. Contributions

State of Connecticut

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are amended and certified by the State Teachers' Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly. The contributions are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions and investment earnings, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employer (school districts)

School district employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

Employees

Each teacher is required to contribute 7.00% of their pensionable wages for the pension benefit.

4. Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

The Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amounts recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the collective net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

| Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ | | - |
|--|------|--------|------|
| State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town | (| 68,005 | ,099 |
| Total | \$ (| 68,005 | ,099 |
| During the year, the Town recognized pension expense and revenue for on-behalf amounts for contributions to the plan by the State: | \$ | 5,694 | ,337 |

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The Town has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

C. Connecticut state teachers' retirement system (continued)

5. Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| Investment rate of return | 6.90% | |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| Inflation | 2.50% | |
| Salary increases | 3.00-6.50%, including inflation | |
| Mortality rates | Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Table, projected generationally with MP-2019 | |

Future cost-of-living increases - For teachers who retired prior to September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made in accordance with increases in the Consumer Price Index, with a minimum of 3.00% and a maximum of 5.00% per annum. For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System before July 1, 2007, and retire on or after September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for social security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 6.00% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 8.50%, the maximum increase is 1.50%. For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System after July 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for social security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 5.00% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 11.50%, the maximum increase is 3.00%, and if the return on the assets in the previous year was less than 8.50%, the maximum increase is 1.00%.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2019.

Changes in assumptions and inputs

There were no changes in assumptions from the prior measurement date.

Long-term expected rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

C. Connecticut state teachers' retirement system (continued)

The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

| | Target | Long-Term Expected Real |
|---|--------------|----------------------------|
| Asset Class | _Allocation_ | Rate of Return |
| Domestic equity fund | 20.00% | 5.60% |
| Developed market international stock fund | 11.00% | 6.00% |
| Emerging market international stock fund | 9.00% | 7.90% |
| Core fixed income fund | 16.00% | 2.10% |
| Inflation linked bond fund | 5.00% | 1.10% |
| Emerging market debt fund | 5.00% | 2.70% |
| High yield bond fund | 6.00% | 4.00% |
| Real estate fund | 10.00% | 4.50% |
| Private equity | 10.00% | 7.30% |
| Alternative investments | 7.00% | 2.90% |
| Liquidity fund | 1.00% | 0.40% |
| Total | 100.00% | |

6. Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

7. Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$0 and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

8. Plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of Connecticut Annual Comprehensive Financial Report as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

D. Other post-employment benefit ("OPEB") plan

1. Plan description

a. Plan administration

The Town administers a single-employer, post-retirement healthcare plan for the Town and Board of Education Other Post-Employment Benefits ("OPEB"). The Town and the Board of Education plan provides medical, dental and life insurance benefits for eligible retirees and their spouses. The plan does not have assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement No. 75. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

b. Plan membership

As of July 1, 2021, the plan's membership consisted of:

| | <u> I own</u> |
|---|---------------|
| Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits | 15 |
| Active members | 519 |
| Total | 534 |

0%

2. Benefit provisions

The plan provides for medical, dental and life insurance benefits for all eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefits and contributions are established by contract and State Statutes and may be amended by union negotiations.

3. Contributions

Employees

| | 9.11 |
|---|--|
| Library, Town Hall retirees | Non-Medicare eligible employees hired prior to July 1, 2009 with 10 years of service - access to medical coverage for up to 5 years or upon retiree's eligibility for Medicare D coverage. Retiree pays 100% of the cost |
| Municipal, Town Administrators retirees | Non-Medicare eligible employees - access to medical coverage for up to 5 years or upon retiree's eligibility for Medicare D coverage. Retiree pays 100% of the cost |
| Noncertified education retirees | 20 years of service - access to medical plan. Retiree pays 100% of the cost |
| Teachers and administrators | Teachers who no longer work for the Board of Education are allowed by State Statute to participate in the Town's group medical insurance plan until they formally begin receiving benefits from the State Teachers' Retirement Plan. These retirees are required to contribute the cost of the insurance to the Town |
| Employer | Funding the plan on a pay as you go basis |

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

D. Other post-employment benefit ("OPEB") plan (continued)

4. Actuarial methods and significant assumptions:

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

| Valuation date | July 1, 2021 |
|---|---|
| Actuarial cost method | Entry age normal |
| Amortization method | Level percent |
| Discount rate | 3.54% |
| Salary increases | Graded based on service for teachers and administrators; 3.50% for all others |
| Healthcare cost trend rates: Inflation Initial medical trend rate Ultimate medical trend rate | 2.60% 5.30% 4.10% |
| | Teachers and Administrators: PubT-2010 Mortality Table with generational projection per MP-2021 ultimate scale |
| Mortality rates | Police and Fire: PubS-2010 Mortality Table with generational projection per MP-2021 ultimate scale |
| | All Others: PubG-2010 Mortality Table with generational projection per MP-2021 ultimate scale |

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Index as of the measurement date.

5. Changes from prior year

a. Changes in assumptions

The Town's plan had the following changes in assumptions:

| Town Plan | From | То |
|-------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Discount rate | 2.16% | 3.54% |
| | 6.40% - 4.10% | 5.30% - 4.10% |
| Medical trend rate | over 55 years | over 53 years |
| | RPH-2014 White | |
| Mortality rate - teachers and | Collar mortality | PubT-2010 |
| administrators | table | Mortality Table |

b. Changes in benefit terms

There were no changes in benefit terms.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

D. Other post-employment benefit ("OPEB") plan (continued)

6. Changes in the total OPEB liability

The Town's OPEB liability was measured at June 30, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation dated as noted below.

| Balance at July 1, 2021 | \$ 9,020,608 |
|---|--------------------------|
| Service cost | 393,699 201,810 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions | (3,299,826) (966,508) |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | (143,310) |
| Net change | (3,814,135) |
| Balance at June 30, 2022 | \$ 5,206,473 |

7. Sensitivity of the OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the OPEB liability, as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

| | Discount | t Current | | |
|----------------|----------|--------------|---------------|-------------|
| | Rate | 1% Decrease | Discount Rate | 1% Increase |
| | | | | |
| OPEB Liability | 3.54% | \$ 5,822,799 | \$ 5,206,473 | \$4,681,551 |

8. Sensitivity of the OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate

The following presents the OPEB liability, as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current trend rates:

| | Trend | | Current | |
|----------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| | Rate | 1% Decrease | Trend Rate | 1% Increase |
| | | | | |
| OPEB Liability | 5.30% - 4.10% | \$ 4,496,726 | \$ 5,206,473 | \$6,086,939 |

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

D. Other post-employment benefit ("OPEB") plan (continued)

9. OPEB expense and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB

For the fiscal year, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$363,430. The Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

| Description of Inflows | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources | Net |
|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 278,836 | \$ 2,906,990 | \$ (2,628,154) |
| Changes in assumptions | 721,319 | 910,570 | (189,251) |
| Total | \$ 1,000,155 | \$ 3,817,560 | \$ (2,817,405) |

Experience losses (gains) and changes in assumption are amortized over the average remaining service period of actives and inactives, which was 8.4 years.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Year Ended June 30, | |
|------------------------|----------------|
| 2023 | \$ (232,079) |
| 2024 | (232,079) |
| 2025 | (232,079) |
| 2026 | (394,314) |
| 2027 | (507,896) |
| Thereafter | (1,218,958) |
| Total | \$ (2,817,405) |

E. Connecticut state teachers' retirement board retiree health insurance plan

1. Plan description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools that are currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit through the Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System are eligible to participate in the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System Retiree Health Insurance Plan ("TRS-RHIP") - a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other post-employment benefit plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement Board ("TRB"). Chapter 167a Section 10-183t of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS-RHIP issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov/trb.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

E. Connecticut state teachers' retirement board retiree health insurance plan (continued)

2. Benefit provisions

The Plan provides for retiree health insurance benefits. Eligibility is as follows:

| Normal retirement | Age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut |
|--|---|
| Early retirement | 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service |
| Service connected disability service requirement | No service requirement |
| Non-service connected disability service requirement | Five years of credited service |
| Vesting - service | 10 years of service |

Retiree health care coverage

Any member that is currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit is eligible to participate in the Plan. There are two types of the health care benefits offered. Subsidized Local School District Coverage provides a subsidy paid to members still receiving coverage through their former employer and the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans provide coverage for those participating in Medicare, but not receiving Subsidized Local School District Coverage.

Any member that is not currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to continue health care coverage with their former employer. A subsidy of up to \$110 per month for a retired member plus an additional \$110 per month for a spouse enrolled in a local school district plan is provided to the school district to first offset the retiree's share of the cost of coverage, any remaining portion is used to offset the district's cost.

The subsidy amount is set by statute, and has not increased since July of 1996. A subsidy amount of \$220 per month may be paid for a retired member, spouse or the surviving spouse of a member who has attained the normal retirement age to participate in Medicare, is not eligible for Part A of Medicare without cost, and contributes at least \$220 per month towards coverage under a local school district plan.

Any member that is currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to either continue health care coverage with their former employer, if offered, or enroll in the plan sponsored by the System. If they elect to remain in the plan with their former employer, the same subsidies as above will be paid to offset the cost of coverage.

If a member participating in Medicare Parts A & B so elects, they may enroll in one of the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans. Active members, retirees, and the State pay equally toward the cost of the basic coverage (medical and prescription drug benefits).

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

E. Connecticut state teachers' retirement board retiree health insurance plan (continued)

Those participants electing vision, hearing, and/or dental are required by the System's funding policy to pay the full cost of coverage for these benefits, and no liability is assumed by the Plan for these benefits.

Survivor health care coverage

Survivors of former employees or retirees remain eligible to participate in the Plan and continue to be eligible to receive either the \$110 monthly subsidy or participate in the TRB-Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans, as long as they do not remarry.

3. Contributions

State of Connecticut

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z, contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are amended and certified by the State Teachers' Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly. The State contributions are not currently actuarially funded. The State pays for one third of plan costs through an annual appropriation in the General Fund.

Employer (school districts)

School district employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

Employees

Each member is required to contribute 1.25% of their annual pensionable wages.

4. OPEB liabilities, OPEB expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB

The Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amounts recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the collective net OPEB liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

| Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability | \$ - |
|---|-----------------|
| State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the | |
| Town | 7,409,031 |
| Total | \$ 7,409,031 |
| During the year, the Town recognized OPEB expense and revenue for on- | |
| behalf amounts for contributions to the plan by the State: | \$ 133,999 |

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The Town has no proportionate share of the net OPEB liability.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

E. Connecticut state teachers' retirement board retiree health insurance plan (continued)

5. Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| Investment rate of return | 3.00% |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| Discount rate | 2.17% |
| Inflation | 2.50% |
| Health care cost trend rate (Medicare) | 5.125% decreas |
| Salary increases | 3.00-6.50%, incl |
| Mortality rates | Mortality rates we generationally wi |
| Year fund net position will be | |
| depleted | 2023 |

| 3.00% |
|--|
| 2.17% |
| 2.50% |
| 5.125% decreasing to 4.50% by 2023 |
| 3.00-6.50%, including inflation |
| Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Table, projected |
| generationally with MP-2019 |
| |
| 2023 |

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2019.

Changes in assumptions and inputs

• The discount rate was decreased from 2.21% to 2.17% to reflect the change in the Municipal Bond Index rate.

Long-term expected rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

All the plan assets are assumed to be invested in cash equivalents due to the need for liquidity. The expected rate of return is 2.00%. Since there have not been any changes to the asset allocation and the recent economic downturn is expected to be temporary, the funding rate of 3.00% continues to be used for the long-term investment rate of return as of June 30, 2021.

6. Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.17%. The Municipal Bond Index Rate of 2.16% was used in the determination in the discount rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that annual State contributions will equal the most recent 5-year average of state contributions.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

E. Connecticut state teachers' retirement board retiree health insurance plan (continued)

7. Sensitivity of the OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is \$0 and, therefore, the change in the discount rate and the healthcare cost trend rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

8. Plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the Connecticut State Teachers' OPEB Plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of Connecticut Annual Comprehensive Financial Report as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021.

VI. Prior period adjustments

As a result of the implementation of GASB No. 87, a right-to-use leased assets and lease liability were recorded. There was no impact on beginning net position or fund balance. The amounts recorded are as follows:

| | _ | vernmental Activities |
|--|----|--------------------------|
| Capital assets: Intangible right-to-use leased assets | \$ | 535,662 |
| Long-term liabilities: Lease liability | | (535,662) |

Required Supplementary Information

| Туре | Description |
|--|---|
| Budgeton | Schedule of Revenues, Other Financing Sources, Expenditures and Other Financing Uses - Budget and Actual - General Fund |
| Budgetary | Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Budgets and Budgetary Accounting |
| | |
| Pension Plans Police State Teachers' Retirement System | Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios and Schedule of Investment Returns |
| | Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability |
| | Schedule of Contributions |
| | Notes to Required Supplementary Information |
| | |
| Other Post-Employment Benefits Plans Town State Teacher's Retirement Board Retiree | Schedule of Changes in OPEB Liability and Related Ratios |
| Health Insurance Plan | Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability |
| | Schedule of Contributions |
| | Notes to Required Supplementary Information |

Required Supplementary Information

General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | Original Budget | Additional Appropriations and Transfers | Final Budget | Actual | Variance With Final Budget |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| Property taxes: Current taxes Arrears taxes Interest and liens Telecommunications tax | \$ 41,751,042 400,000 275,000 28,000 | \$ - - - - | \$ 41,751,042 400,000 275,000 28,000 | \$ 41,859,722 311,903 277,061 24,399 | \$ 108,680 (88,097) 2,061 (3,601) |
| Total property taxes | 42,454,042 | | 42,454,042 | 42,473,085 | 19,043 |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | | |
| Education grants: Special education Education cost sharing | 450,000 12,040,218 | - | 450,000 12,040,218 | 323,458 11,974,619 | (126,542) (65,599) |
| Total education grants | 12,490,218 | | 12,490,218 | 12,298,077 | (192,141) |
| State of Connecticut: Municipal stabilization grant Payment in lieu of taxes Disability exemption Additional veteran exemption Local capital improvement program Mashantucket Pequot/Mohegan grant Distribution to towns | 134,167 127,245 1,855 5,679 115,954 23,167 5,000 | - - - - - | 134,167 127,245 1,855 5,679 115,954 23,167 5,000 | 134,167 127,245 1,511 5,789 115,651 23,167 5,570 | - (344) 110 (303) - 570 |
| Youth services grant Emergency management CARES Act DOL unemployment | 17,500 - 15,000 | - - | 17,500 - 15,000 | 17,918 7,486 10,583 | 418 7,486 (4,417) |
| Total State of Connecticut | 445,567 | <u> </u> | 445,567 | 449,087 | 3,520 |
| Total intergovernmental | 12,935,785 | | 12,935,785 | 12,747,164 | (188,621) |
| Charges for services: Ambulance Recreation Licenses, permits and fees: | 500,000 12,000 | - - | 500,000 12,000 | 652,960 3,975 | 152,960 (8,025) |
| Fire marshal inspection fees Sports licenses Transfer station fees Conservation commission fees Road inspection fees Building code fees Conveyance tax Zoning and planning fees Zoning appeal fees Copier fees | 100 160 138,000 5,500 4,800 300,000 240,000 13,000 700 14,550 | - - - - - - - | 100 160 138,000 5,500 4,800 300,000 240,000 13,000 700 14,550 | 230 229 165,694 3,667 51,284 461,364 291,706 11,009 | 130 69 27,694 (1,833) 46,484 161,364 51,706 (1,991) (700) 5,512 |
| Town clerk fees Vendor permits Pistol permits | 128,000 1,200 8,000 | - - - | 128,000 1,200 8,000 | 142,252 800 7,000 | 14,252 (400) (1,000) (Continued) |

See Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

Town of Colchester, Connecticut Required Supplementary Information

General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | Original Budget | Additional Appropriations and Transfers | Final Budget | Actual | Variance With Final Budget |
|---|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Charges for services: (continued) Library fines and fees Dial-a-ride Recording fees Tuition | \$ 4,500 2,500 1,800 333,060 | \$ - - - - | \$ 4,500 2,500 1,800 333,060 | \$ 2,782 1,815 2,299 502,582 | \$ (1,718) (685) 499 169,522 |
| Total charges for services | 1,707,870 | | 1,707,870 | 2,321,710 | 613,840 |
| Income from investments | 34,920 | | 34,920 | 59,591 | 24,671 |
| Other: State fund for building inspection Insurance proceeds Elderly housing Miscellaneous | 900 - 15,000 2,500 | - - - - | 900 - 15,000 2,500 | 1,271 9,467 14,841 4,858 | 371 9,467 (159) 2,358 |
| Total other | 18,400 | | 18,400 | 30,437 | 12,037 |
| Total revenues | 57,151,017 | | 57,151,017 | 57,631,987 | 480,970 |
| Other financing sources: Cancellation of encumbrances Appropriation of fund balance | 381,000 | - 174,217 | - 555,217 | 33,944 | 33,944 (555,217) |
| Total other financing sources | 381,000 | 174,217 | 555,217 | 33,944 | (521,273) |
| Total revenues and other financing sources | \$ 57,532,017 | \$ 174,217 | \$ 57,706,234 | \$ 57,665,931 | \$ (40,303) |

(Concluded)

Required Supplementary Information

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | Original Budget | Additional Appropriations and Transfers | Final Budget | Actual | Variance With Final Budget |
|---|--------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| General government: Boards and commissions | \$ 26,076 | \$ (2,756) | \$ 23,320 | \$ 23,317 | \$ 3 |
| Contingency First selectman | 63,766 240,358 | (63,766) 23,536 | - 263,894 | - 263,889 | - 5 |
| Human resources | 198,640 | (140,470) | 58,170 | 58,168 | 2 |
| Finance | 309,008 | 22,617 | 331,625 | 331,619 | 6 |
| Tax collector | 177,616 | (2,003) | 175,613 | 175,609 | 4 |
| Assessor | 303,731 | (238) | 303,493 | 303,488 | 5 |
| Planning and code administration | 489,042 | (2,736) | 486,306 | 484,238 | 2,068 |
| Town clerk Elections | 167,752 81,582 | 5,711 | 173,463 80,635 | 173,478 80,631 | (15) 4 |
| Insurances | 1,863,938 | (947) (18,252) | 1,845,686 | 1,845,685 | 1 |
| Probate | 5,342 | (10,202) | 5,342 | 5,342 | - ' |
| Information technology | 106,500 | (11,852) | 94,648 | 94,647 | 1 |
| Total general government | 4,033,351 | (191,156) | 3,842,195 | 3,840,111 | 2,084 |
| Public safety: | | | | | |
| Police | 1,730,541 | 74,402 | 1,804,943 | 1,804,935 | 8 |
| Fire | 1,451,776 | 98,531 | 1,550,307 | 1,550,292 | 15 |
| Emergency management | 18,733 | (624) | 18,109 | 18,102 | 7 |
| Total public safety | 3,201,050 | 172,309 | 3,373,359 | 3,373,329 | 30_ |
| Public works: | | | | | |
| Public works administration | 191,676 | (10,409) | 181,267 | 181,263 | 4 |
| Highway | 1,557,179 | 163,585 | 1,720,764 | 1,720,757 | 7 |
| Fleet maintenance | 406,754 | 7,010 | 413,764 | 413,751 | 13 |
| Grounds maintenance | 527,111 | 12,261 | 539,372 | 539,366 | 6 |
| Snow removal Transfer station | 556,565 320,914 | (18,361) 247 | 538,204 321,161 | 538,202 321,154 | 2 7 |
| Facilities | 134,188 | 9,582 | 143,770 | 143,765 | 5 |
| Engineering | 120,134 | 1,445 | 121,579 | 121,577 | 2 |
| Total public works | 3,814,521 | 165,360 | 3,979,881 | 3,979,835 | 46 |
| Community and human services: | | | | | |
| Cragin memorial library | 630,500 | (3,730) | 626,770 | 626,756 | 14 |
| Parks and recreation | 137,299 | 6,546 | 143,845 | 143,840 | 5 |
| Senior services | 301,453 | (6,433) | 295,020 | 295,013 | 7 |
| Youth and social services | 397,181 25,000 | 12,960 | 410,141 25,000 | 410,132 | 9 |
| Community agencies Health services | 206,624 | <u> </u> | 206,624 | 25,000 206,624 | |
| Total community and human services | 1,698,057 | 9,343 | 1,707,400 | 1,707,365 | 35 |
| Education | 41,827,055 | | 41,827,055 | 41,407,831 | 419,224 |
| Debt service | 2,075,164 | | 2,075,164 | 2,075,164 | |
| Total expenditures | 56,649,198 | 155,856 | 56,805,054 | 56,383,635 | 421,419 |
| Other financing uses: | | | | | |
| Transfers out | 882,819 | 18,361 | 901,180 | 901,180 | <u> </u> |
| Total expenditures and other financing uses | \$ 57,532,017 | \$ 174,217 | \$ 57,706,234 | \$ 57,284,815 | \$ 421,419 |
| | | | | | |

See Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Town adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data included in the general fund financial statements. The operating budget, which is prepared by function and department, includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

This budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (modified accrual basis) with the following exceptions:

- 1. Encumbrances are recognized as valid and proper charges against budget appropriations in the year in which the order is issued and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reflected in the required supplementary information general fund budget and actual as expenditures in the current year but are reported as assigned fund balance on a GAAP basis.
- 2. The Town budgets for the excess cost grant net with education expenditures.
- 3. Certain transfers out are budgeted as expenditures.
- 4. Certain funds that are required to be reported as part of the general fund under the requirement of GASB No. 54.
- 5. The Town does not budget for as revenue or expenditures payments made for the State Teachers' pension and OPEB by the State of Connecticut on the Town's behalf.

| Reconciliation to Exhibit D | Revenues | Expenditures |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Budgetary Basis - RSI-1 | \$ 57,631,987 | \$ 56,383,635 |
| Prior year encumbrances liquidated in the current year | - | 360,293 |
| Current year encumbrances charged to budgetary expenditures | - | (53,410) |
| Excess cost grant | 346,448 | 346,448 |
| Transfers out budgeted as expenditures | - | (272,336) |
| Other funds (Schedule 2) | 5,547 | 51,819 |
| State Teachers' pension on behalf amount | 5,694,337 | 5,694,337 |
| State Teachers' OPEB on behalf amount | 133,999 | 133,999 |
| GAAP Basis - Exhibit D | \$ 63,812,318 | \$ 62,644,785 |
| | | |

(Continued)

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.

Town department heads, except for education, submit expenditure requests to the First Selectman. The First Selectman after review of these initial estimates, compiles the revised estimates and submits them to the Board of Finance. The Education Department submits its requests directly to the Board of Finance.

At least two public hearings are held on the budget before the annual budget meeting. At the annual budget meeting, the Town voters in attendance may reduce, but not increase, the Board of Selectmen budget and/or the Board of Education budget. The annual budget meeting is automatically continued to the annual budget referendum. The budget becomes effective when approved at the annual budget referendum.

The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the department level.

Supplemental budget appropriations must be approved by the Board of Finance and, if in excess of 2.00% of the budget to which the supplemental appropriation is being made, recommended to the Town Meeting for approval. Supplemental budget appropriations equal to or in excess of 3.00% require a special budget referendum.

The Board of Finance is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments as recommended by the Board of Selectmen.

The Board of Education is authorized under state law to make any transfers required within their budget at their discretion. Any additional appropriations must have Board of Education and Board of Finance approval and, if over 2.00% of the annual budget, Town Meeting approval. Supplemental budget appropriations equal to or in excess of 3.00% require a special budget referendum.

There were additional appropriations of \$174,217 from fund balance.

(Concluded)

Required Supplementary Information

Police Retirement Plan Last Nine Years (1)

| | | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|---|--|---|---|---|---|---------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|--|---|
| | | Schedule of | Changes in Net | Pension Liabilit | y and Related F | Ratios_ | | | | |
| | Total pension liability: Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | \$ 197,026 291,390 - - (85,021) | \$ 201,664 265,228 (163,479) 287,497 (37,957) | \$ 192,980 237,240 - (37,031) | \$ 196,330 217,753 (62,034) (48,676) | \$ 187,875 190,663 - - | \$ 183,453 177,808 (128,587) 115,896 | \$ 175,553 152,603 - - | \$ 167,993 130,517 - (23,169) | \$ 178,216 106,587 234,034 (356,174) |
| | Net change in total pension liability | 403,395 | 552,953 | 393,189 | 303,373 | 378,538 | 348,570 | 328,156 | 275,341 | 162,663 |
| | Total pension liability - July 1 | 4,163,943 | 3,610,990 | 3,217,801 | 2,914,428 | 2,535,890 | 2,187,320 | 1,859,164 | 1,583,823 | 1,421,160 |
| | Total pension liability - June 30 (a) | \$ 4,567,338 | \$ 4,163,943 | \$ 3,610,990 | \$ 3,217,801 | \$ 2,914,428 | \$ 2,535,890 | \$ 2,187,320 | \$ 1,859,164 | \$ 1,583,823 |
| | Plan fiduciary net position: Contributions - employer Contributions - member Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administration | \$ 172,150 80,393 (516,618) (85,021) (50) | \$ 150,866 87,811 700,730 (37,957) (150) | \$ 145,500 82,692 65,083 (37,031) (200) | \$ 148,899 90,458 122,568 - | \$ 142,578 88,107 113,723 | \$ 121,754 85,202 167,058 | \$ 105,755 82,346 (5,796) | \$ 100,616 81,805 26,378 (23,169) | \$ 105,624 86,864 149,423 |
| 2 | Net change in plan fiduciary net position | (349,146) | 901,300 | 256,044 | 361,925 | 344,408 | 374,014 | 182,305 | 185,630 | 341,911 |
| | Plan fiduciary net position - July 1 | 3,893,183 | 2,991,883 | 2,735,839 | 2,373,914 | 2,029,506 | 1,655,492 | 1,473,187 | 1,287,557 | 945,646 |
| | Plan fiduciary net position - June 30 (b) | \$ 3,544,037 | \$ 3,893,183 | \$ 2,991,883 | \$ 2,735,839 | \$ 2,373,914 | \$ 2,029,506 | \$ 1,655,492 | \$ 1,473,187 | \$ 1,287,557 |
| | Net pension liability - June 30 (a)-(b) | \$ 1,023,301 | \$ 270,760 | \$ 619,107 | \$ 481,962 | \$ 540,514 | \$ 506,384 | \$ 531,828 | \$ 385,977 | \$ 296,266 |
| | Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 77.60% | 93.50% | 82.85% | 85.02% | 81.45% | 80.03% | 75.69% | 79.24% | 81.29% |
| | Covered payroll | \$ 686,638 | \$ 663,974 | \$ 732,871 | \$ 705,453 | \$ 693,575 | \$ 665,300 | \$ 743,711 | \$ 694,695 | \$ 662,403 |
| | Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll | 149.03% | 40.78% | 84.48% | 68.32% | 77.93% | 76.11% | 71.51% | 55.56% | 44.73% |
| | | | Schedule of | Investment Ret | <u>urns</u> | | | | | |
| | Annual money weighted rate of return, net of investment expense | (13.04)% | 22.74% | 2.31% | 4.94% | 5.33% | 9.56% | (0.37%) | 1.93% | 14.47% |

⁽¹⁾ These schedules are intended to present information for 10 years. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

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Required Supplementary Information

Police Retirement Plan Schedule of Contributions Last Ten Years

| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Actuarially determined contributions | \$ 172,885 | \$ 150,425 | \$ 147,856 | \$ 149,560 | \$ 145,300 | \$ 123,370 | \$ 119,514 | \$ 106,914 | \$ 101,215 | \$ 82,202 |
| Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution | 172,150 | 150,866 | 145,500 | 148,899 | 142,578 | 121,754 | 105,755 | 100,616 | 105,624 | 88,321 |
| Contribution excess (deficiency) | \$ (735) | \$ 441 | \$ (2,356) | \$ (661) | \$ (2,722) | \$ (1,616) | \$ (13,759) | \$ (6,298) | \$ 4,409 | \$ 6,119 |
| Covered payroll | \$ 686,638 | \$ 663,974 | \$ 732,871 | \$ 705,453 | \$ 693,575 | \$ 665,300 | \$ 743,711 | \$ 694,695 | \$ 662,403 | \$ 633,878 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | 25.07% | 22.72% | 19.85% | 21.11% | 20.56% | 18.30% | 14.22% | 14.48% | 15.95% | 13.93% |

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Police Retirement Plan Schedule of Contributions Last Ten Years

| | | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|-----------------------|
| | Changes of benefit terms | None | None | None | None | None | None | None | None | None | None |
| | The actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of | July 1, 2020 | July 1, 2018 | July 1, 2018 | July 1, 2016 | July 1, 2016 | July 1, 2014 | July 1, 2014 | July 1, 2012 | July 1, 2012 | July 1, 2011 |
| | Actuarial methods and assumptions | s used to determin | e contribution rat | es: | | | | | | | |
| | Actuarial cost method | Entry age normal | Entry age normal | Entry age normal | Entry age normal | Entry age normal | Entry age normal | Entry age normal | Projected unit credit | Projected unit credit | Projected unit credit |
| | Amortization method | Level dollar | Level dollar | Level dollar | Level dollar | Level dollar | Level dollar | Level dollar | Level dollar | Level dollar | Level dollar |
| χ | Asset valuation method | Fair value | Fair value | Fair value | Fair value | Fair value | Fair value | Fair value | Fair value | Fair value | Fair value |
| | Inflation rate | 2.40% | 2.60% | 2.60% | 2.75% | 2.75% | 3.00% | 3.00% | 3.00% | 3.00% | N/A |
| | Salary increases | 2.40% plus Service Merit Scale | 2.50% plus Service Merit Scale | 2.50% plus Service Merit Scale | 2.75% plus Service Merit Scale | 2.75% plus Service Merit Scale | 5.00% (3.50% cost-of living, 1.50% steps) | 5.00% (3.50% cost-of living, 1.50% steps) | 5.00% (3.50% cost-of living, 1.50% steps) | 5.00% (3.50% cost-of living, 1.50% steps) | 4.50% |
| | Post-retirement cost of living adjustments | 2.50% | 2.50% | 2.50% | 2.50% | 2.50% | 2.50% | 2.50% | 2.50% | 2.50% | 2.50% |
| | Investment rate of return (net) | 6.75% | 7.00% | 7.00% | 7.00% | 7.00% | 7.50% | 7.50% | 7.50% | 7.50% | 7.50% |
| | Mortality rate | Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Amount- Weighted Mortality Tables (Public Safety), projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2020 | RP-2014 Mortality Adjusted to 2006 Blue Collar Mortality projected to valuation date with Scale MP- 2018 | RP-2014 Mortality Adjusted to 2006 Blue Collar Mortality projected to valuation date with Scale MP- 2018 | RP-2014 Mortality Adjusted to 2006 Blue Collar Mortality projected to valuation date with Scale MP- 2016 | RP-2014 Mortality Adjusted to 2006 Blue Collar Mortality projected to valuation date with Scale MP- 2016 | RP-2000 Mortality Table projected to the valuation date with Scale AA | valuation | projected to the valuation | valuation | N/A |

Required Supplementary Information

Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System Last Eight Years (3)

| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | | | |
|---|---------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Town's proportion of the collective net pension liability 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Town's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | | | |
| State of Connecticut's proportionate share of the collective pension liability associated with the Town | 68,005,099 | 85,864,105 | 77,141,798 | 59,480,808 | 63,053,688 | 66,522,123 | 53,087,310 | 49,068,579 | | | |
| Total | \$ 68,005,099 | \$ 85,864,105 | \$ 77,141,798 | \$ 59,480,808 | \$ 63,053,688 | \$ 66,522,123 | \$ 53,087,310 | \$ 49,068,579 | | | |
| Town's covered payroll | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) | | | |
| Town's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the collective total pension liability | 60.77% | 49.24% | 52.00% | 57.69% | 55.93% | 52.26% | 59.50% | 61.56% | | | |
|) 3 | | Schedule of Co | ontributions | | | | | | | | |
| Contractually required contribution (1) | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | | | |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | | | |
| Town's covered payroll | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) | | | |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | | | |

- (1) Local employers are not required to contribute to the plan.
- (2) Not applicable since 0% proportional share of the collective net pension liability.
- (3) These schedules are intended to present information for 10 years. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System Schedule of Contributions Last Eight Years (1)

| | | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | | |
|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|--|--|
| | Changes of benefit terms | None | None | None | Beginning January 1, 2018, member contributions increased from 6.00% to 7.00% of salary | None | None | None | None | | |
| | The actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of | June 30, 2020 | June 30, 2018 | June 30, 2018 | June 30, 2016 | June 30, 2016 | June 30, 2014 | June 30, 2014 | June 30, 2012 | | |
| | Actuarial methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates: | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Actuarial cost method | Entry age | Entry age | Entry age | Entry age | Entry age | Entry age | Entry age | Entry age | | |
| | Amortization method | Level percent of salary, closed, grading to a level dollar | Level percent of salary, closed, grading to a level dollar | Level percent of salary, closed, grading to a level dollar | Level percent of salary, closed | Level percent of salary, closed | Level percent of salary, closed | Level percent of salary, closed | Level percent of salary, closed | | |
| 22 | Remaining amortization period | 27.8 years | 30 years | 30 years | 20.4 years | 20.4 years | 21.4 years | 21.4 years | 22.4 years | | |
| | Asset valuation method | 4 year smoothing | 4 year smoothing | 4 year smoothing | 4 year smoothing | 4 year smoothing | 4 year smoothing | 4 year smoothing | 4 year smoothing | | |
| | Inflation rate | 2.50% | 2.50% | 2.50% | 2.75% | 2.75% | 3.00% | 3.00% | 3.00% | | |
| | Salary increases | 3.00%-6.50%, average, including inflation | 3.25%-6.50%, average, including inflation | 3.25%-6.50%, average, including inflation | 3.25%-6.50%, average, including inflation | 3.25%-6.50%, average, including inflation | 3.75%-7.00%, average, including inflation | 3.75%-7.00%, average, including inflation | 3.75%-7.00%, average, including inflation | | |
| | Cost-of-living adjustments | 1.75%-3.00% based on retirement date | 1.75%-3.00% based on retirement date | 1.75%-3.00% based on retirement date | 1.75%-3.00% based on retirement date | 1.75%-3.00% based on retirement date | 2.00%-3.00% based on retirement date | 2.00%-3.00% based on retirement date | 2.00%-3.00% based on retirement date | | |
| | Investment rate of return (net) | 6.90% | 6.90% | 6.90% | 8.00% | 8.00% | 8.50% | 8.50% | 8.50% | | |
| | Mortality rate | PubT-2010 Table projected generationally with MP- 2019 | RP-2014 White Collar table projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale | RP-2014 White Collar table projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale | RP-2014 White Collar table projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale | RP-2014 White Collar table projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale | RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected 19 years using scale AA | RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected 19 years using scale AA | RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected 19 years using scale AA | | |

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is intended to present information for 10 years. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

Required Supplementary Information

Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan Schedule of Changes in OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Five Years (1)

| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| OPEB liability: | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ 393,699 | \$ 397,018 | \$ 298,808 | \$ 266,608 | \$ 284,046 |
| Interest | 201,810 | 197,669 | 244,424 | 248,540 | 225,136 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | (3,299,826) | - | 524,866 | - | - |
| Changes in assumptions | (966,508) | 47,230 | 1,087,333 | 244,148 | (146,062) |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member | | | | | |
| contributions | (143,310) | (335,336) | (250,148) | (210,314) | (214,186) |
| | | | | | |
| Net change in OPEB liability | (3,814,135) | 306,581 | 1,905,283 | 548,982 | 148,934 |
| | | | | | |
| OPEB liability - July 1 | 9,020,608 | 8,714,027 | 6,808,744 | 6,259,762 | 6,110,828 |
| | | | | | |
| OPEB liability - June 30 * | \$ 5,206,473 | \$ 9,020,608 | \$ 8,714,027 | \$ 6,808,744 | \$ 6,259,762 |
| | | | | | |
| Covered employee payroll | \$33,268,653 | \$29,339,464 | \$ 29,339,464 | \$ 21,277,152 | \$ 21,277,152 |
| ODED listility and a second and | 45.050/ | 00.750/ | 00.700/ | 20.000/ | 00.400/ |
| OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll | 15.65% | 30.75% | 29.70% | 32.00% | 29.42% |

⁽¹⁾ These schedules are intended to present information for 10 years.

Additional years will be presented as the information becomes available.

^{*} There are no assets that are being accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB No. 75 to pay benefits.

Required Supplementary Information

Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Board Retiree Health Insurance Plan Last Five Years (3)

| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|------------------|----------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Schedule of Proportionate Sh | are of the Colle | ctive Net OPEB | <u>Liability</u> | | |
| Town's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| Town's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| State of Connecticut's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the Town | 7,409,031 | 12,806,634 | 12,030,700 | 11,890,600 | 16,229,300 |
| Total | \$ 7,409,031 | \$ 12,806,634 | \$ 12,030,700 | \$ 11,890,600 | \$ 16,229,300 |
| Town's covered payroll | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) |
| Town's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the collective total OPEB liability | 6.11% | 2.50% | 2.08% | 1.49% | 1.79% |
| Schedul | e of Contributio | <u>ns</u> | | | |
| Contractually required contribution (1) | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | | | | | |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Town's covered payroll | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |

- (1) Local employers are not required to contribute to the plan.
- (2) Not applicable since 0% proportional share of the collective net OPEB liability.
- (3) These schedules are intended to present information for 10 years. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

See Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Board Retiree Health Insurance Plan Schedule of Contributions Last Five Years (1)

| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| Changes of benefit terms | None | None | None | None | None |
| The actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of | June 30, 2020 | June 30, 2020 | June 30, 2018 | June 30, 2018 | June 30, 2016 |
| Actuarial methods and assumptions used to determ | ine contribution rates: | | | | |
| Actuarial cost method | Entry age | Entry age | Entry age | Entry age | Entry age |
| Amortization method | Level percentage, open | Level percentage, closed | Level percentage, open | Level percentage, open | Level percentage, open |
| Amortization period | 30 years | 30 years | 30 years | 30 years | 30 years |
| Asset valuation method | Fair value | Fair value | Fair value | Fair value | Fair value |
| Inflation rate | 2.50% | 2.50% | 2.75% | 2.75% | 2.75% |
| Healthcare inflation rate | Initial 5.125% decreasing to 4.50% (ultimate) by 2023 | Initial 5.125% decreasing to 4.50% (ultimate) by 2023 | Initial 5.95% decreasing to 4.75% (ultimate) by 2025 | Initial 5.95% decreasing to 4.75% (ultimate) by 2025 | Initial 7.25% decreasing to 5.00% (ultimate) by 2022 |
| Salary increases | 3.00% to 6.50%, including inflation | 3.00% to 6.50%, including inflation | 3.25% to 6.50%, including inflation | 3.25% to 6.50%, including inflation | 3.25% to 6.50%, including inflation |
| Investment rate of return (net) | 3.00% | 3.00% | 3.00% | 3.00% | 4.25% |
| Mortality rate | PubT-2010 Table projected generationally with MP-2019 | PubT-2010 Table projected generationally with MP-2019 | | | RP-2014 White Collar table projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale |

⁽¹⁾ These schedules are intended to present information for 10 years. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

Supplemental Schedules

General Fund

The general fund is the principal fund of the Town and is used to account for all activities of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund accounts for the normal recurring activities of the Town (i.e., general government, public safety, public works, community and human services, education, etc.). These activities are funded principally by property taxes, user fees and grants from other governmental units.

For reporting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the general fund includes certain funds that are required to be reported as part of the general fund under the requirements of GASB No. 54.

| Fund | Function |
|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Snow Reserve Fund | Snow removal |
| Animal Control Fund | Animal control programs |

General Fund Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

| | General Fund | Snow Reserve Fund | Animal Control Fund | Total |
|---|--|--------------------------|--|--|
| <u>Assets</u> | | | | |
| Cash Restricted cash Investments Receivables (net): | \$ 2,173,320 75,923 8,114,647 | \$ 319,469 - - | \$ 7,635 - - | \$ 2,500,424 75,923 8,114,647 |
| Property taxes Intergovernmental Accounts Due from other funds Other | 1,045,589 117,086 140,181 1,592,184 51,049 | - - - - | - - 398 - | 1,045,589 117,086 140,579 1,592,184 51,049 |
| Total assets | \$ 13,309,979 | \$ 319,469 | \$ 8,033 | \$ 13,637,481 |
| <u>Liabilities</u> | | | | |
| Accounts payable Accrued payroll Unearned revenue Performance bonds Other Total liabilities | \$ 1,484,590 776,191 1,220 75,923 149,467 | \$ - - - - - | \$ 7,570 - - - - - 7,570 | \$ 1,492,160 776,191 1,220 75,923 149,467 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue: Advance property tax collections Property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources | 2,207 1,045,589 1,047,796 | - - - | - - - | 2,207 1,045,589 1,047,796 |
| Fund Balances | | | | |
| Committed Assigned Unassigned | 124,402 1,689,752 7,960,638 | 319,469 - - | 463 - | 444,334 1,689,752 7,960,638 |
| Total fund balances | 9,774,792 | 319,469 | 463 | 10,094,724 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances | \$ 13,309,979 | \$ 319,469 | \$ 8,033 | \$ 13,637,481 |

General Fund Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | General Fund | Snow Reserve Fund | Animal Control Fund | Eliminations | Total |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| Revenues: | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 42,473,085 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 42,473,085 |
| Intergovernmental | 18,921,948 | - | · <u>-</u> | - | 18,921,948 |
| Charges for services | 2,321,710 | - | 5,547 | - | 2,327,257 |
| Income from investments | 59,591 | - | - | - | 59,591 |
| Other | 30,437 | | | | 30,437 |
| Total revenues | 63,806,771 | | 5,547 | | 63,812,318 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | |
| General government | 3,845,716 | - | - | - | 3,845,716 |
| Public safety | 3,324,904 | - | 51,819 | - | 3,376,723 |
| Public works | 3,979,835 | - | - | - | 3,979,835 |
| Community and human services | 1,685,388 | - | - | - | 1,685,388 |
| Education | 47,681,959 | - | - | - | 47,681,959 |
| Debt service | 2,075,164 | | | | 2,075,164 |
| Total expenditures | 62,592,966 | | 51,819 | | 62,644,785 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over | | | | | |
| expenditures | 1,213,805 | | (46,272) | | 1,167,533 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | |
| Transfers in | - | 18,361 | 47,259 | (65,620) | - |
| Transfers out | (1,173,516) | | | 65,620 | (1,107,896) |
| Net other financing sources (uses) | (1,173,516) | 18,361 | 47,259 | | (1,107,896) |
| Net change in fund balances | 40,289 | 18,361 | 987 | - | 59,637 |
| Fund balances - July 1, 2021 | 9,734,503 | 301,108 | (524) | | 10,035,087 |
| Fund balances - June 30, 2022 | \$ 9,774,792 | \$ 319,469 | \$ 463 | \$ - | \$ 10,094,724 |

General Fund Report of Tax Collector For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | | | Lawful Co | orrections | | | | Collections | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Grand List Year | Uncollected Taxes July 1, 2021 | Current Year Levy | Additions | Deductions | Transfers to Suspense | Adjusted Amount Collectible | Net Taxes Collected | Interest, Liens and Other Fees | Total | Uncollected Taxes June 30, 2022 |
| 2005 | \$ 10,227 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 10,227 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| 2006 | 32,589 | - | 2 | - | - | 32,591 | 2,541 | 4,214 | 6,755 | 30,050 |
| 2007 | 29,835 | - | 12 | - | - | 29,847 | 2,726 | 5,958 | 8,684 | 27,121 |
| 2008 | 36,162 | - | 253 | - | - | 36,415 | 1,855 | 3,437 | 5,292 | 34,560 |
| 2009 | 24,001 | - | - | - | 85 | 23,916 | 1,625 | 3,415 | 5,040 | 22,291 |
| 2010 | 21,383 | - | - | - | - | 21,383 | 1,361 | 2,161 | 3,522 | 20,022 |
| 2011 | 26,339 | - | 36 | - | - | 26,375 | 1,322 | 2,038 | 3,360 | 25,053 |
| 2012 | 30,128 | - | - | 775 | - | 29,353 | 2,858 | 2,411 | 5,269 | 26,495 |
| 2013 | 31,274 | - | 2 | 804 | - | 30,472 | 4,365 | 5,501 | 9,866 | 26,107 |
| 2014 | 37,128 | - | 379 | 1,472 | 671 | 35,364 | 4,153 | 4,383 | 8,536 | 31,211 |
| 2015 | 41,661 | - | 2 | 301 | 936 | 40,426 | 911 | 856 | 1,767 | 39,515 |
| 2016 | 47,605 | - | 162 | 301 | 289 | 47,177 | 4,814 | 2,459 | 7,273 | 42,363 |
| 2017 | 104,862 | - | 22,893 | 161 | 160 | 127,434 | 45,784 | 10,719 | 56,503 | 81,650 |
| 2018 | 206,755 | - | 60 | 1,519 | 163 | 205,133 | 93,377 | 31,870 | 125,247 | 111,756 |
| 2019 | 496,964 | | 16,844 | 15,095 | 286 | 498,427 | 301,207 | 66,857 | 368,064 | 197,220 |
| Subtotal | 1,176,913 | - | 40,645 | 30,655 | 2,590 | 1,184,313 | 468,899 | 146,279 | 615,178 | 715,414 |
| 2020 | | 42,392,718 | 83,587 | 216,529 | 7,150 | 42,252,626 | 41,801,291 | 123,121 | 41,924,412 | 451,335 |
| Total | \$ 1,176,913 | \$ 42,392,718 | \$ 124,232 | \$ 247,184 | \$ 9,740 | \$ 43,436,939 | \$ 42,270,190 | \$ 269,400 | \$ 42,539,590 | \$ 1,166,749 |
| | | | | | | | | Tax interest an | d liens receivable | 743,319 |
| | | | | | | | | Allowance for | doubtful accounts | (864,479) |
| | | | | | | | | Net taxes receivab | ole - General Fund | \$ 1,045,589 |

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Other Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for particular purposes.

| Fund | Funding Source | Function |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Town Aid Road Fund | Grants | Road improvements |
| Small Cities Grants Fund | Fees and grants | Housing rehabilitation |
| Sewer Operating Fund | Fees | Sewer operations |
| Recreation Activities Fund | Fees and contributions | Recreation programs |
| Miscellaneous Grants Fund | Grants and contributions | Various specified purposes |
| Special Gifts Fund | Fees and contributions | Various specified purposes |
| Police Special Duty Fund | Fees | Public safety programs |
| School Cafeteria Fund | Fees and grants | School lunch and breakfast program |
| Educational Grants Fund | Grants, fees and contributions | Education programs |
| Out of District Tuition Fund | Fees | Education programs |
| Pay to Play Fund | Fees | Athletic programs |
| Bacon Academy Summer School Fund | Fees | Summer school operations |
| School Activity Fund | Fees | Student activity funds and school scholarships |

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for acquisition and construction of major capital assets other than those financed by proprietary and trust funds.

| Fund | Funding Source | Function |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| 2009 Bond Referendum Fund | Bonds | Various capital projects |
| Capital Projects Fund | Grants, fees and transfers in | Various capital projects |
| Sewer Capital Fund | Fees | Sewer capital projects |
| Energy Project Fund | Fees and equipment financing notes | Energy project |
| Use of Schools Fund | Fees and contributions | Custodial, facility improvements, equipment and other rental related costs |
| Education Capital Reserve Fund | Transfers in | Education maintenance and capital projects |

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund is used to account for and report resources for the payment of future debt service payments.

Permanent Fund

The permanent fund is used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for cemetery maintenance.

Other Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

Special Revenue Funds

| | | | ૅ | peciai Revenue r | unus | | |
|--|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Accedo | Town Aid Road Fund | Small Cities Grants Fund | Sewer Operating Fund | Recreation Activities Fund | Miscellaneous Grants Fund | Special Gifts Fund | Police Special Duty Fund |
| <u>Assets</u> | | | | | | | |
| Cash | \$ 1,239,924 | \$ 10,723 | \$ 282,628 | \$ 353,506 | \$ - | \$ 1,505,924 | \$ 10,463 |
| Receivables: | | | | | 404 550 | | |
| Intergovernmental Assessments and use charges | - | - | - 313,736 | - | 461,552 | - | - |
| Loan | - | - 58,810 | 313,730 | - | - | - | _ |
| Accounts | - - | - | - - | - | - - | 1,879 | 162,618 |
| Other | | | | | <u> </u> | | |
| Total assets | \$ 1,239,924 | \$ 69,533 | \$ 596,364 | \$ 353,506 | \$ 461,552 | \$ 1,507,803 | \$ 173,081 |
| <u>Liabilities</u> | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 89,299 | \$ 2,549 | \$ 24,508 | \$ 14,111 | \$ - |
| Accrued payroll | - | - | 3,837 | 14,273 | 6,432 | - | 34,788 |
| Due to other funds | - | - | - | - | 134,599 | - | - |
| Unearned revenue | - | - | - | - | 397,677 | - | - |
| Other | | | 8,749 | | | | |
| Total liabilities | | | 101,885 | 16,822 | 563,216 | 14,111 | 34,788 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue: | | | | | | | |
| Assessments and use charges | | | 290,979 | | | | |
| Fund Balances | | | | | | | |
| Restricted | 1,239,924 | 69,533 | 203,500 | - | - | 1,493,692 | - |
| Committed | - | - | - | 336,684 | - | - | 138,293 |
| Assigned | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Unassigned | | | | | (101,664) | | |
| Total fund balances | 1,239,924 | 69,533 | 203,500 | 336,684 | (101,664) | 1,493,692 | 138,293 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances | \$ 1,239,924 | \$ 69,533 | \$ 596,364 | \$ 353,506 | \$ 461,552 | \$ 1,507,803 | \$ 173,081 |

(Continued)

Capital

Other Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

| | | | | | - , | | | Projects |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| | | | Spo | ecial Revenue F | unds Bacon | | | Funds 2009 |
| | School Cafeteria Fund | Educational Grants Fund | Out of District Tuition Fund | Pay to Play Fund | Academy Summer School Fund | School Activity Fund | Total Special Revenue Funds | Bond Referendum Fund |
| Assets Cash | \$463,627 | \$ 60,893 | \$ 42,035 | \$ 19,280 | \$ 9,797 | \$ 485,110 | \$ 4,483,910 | \$ 56,057 |
| Receivables: Intergovernmental Assessments and use charges Loan Accounts Other | 248,362 - - - 10,056 | 230,622 - - 34,048 - | - - - - | - - - - | - - - - | - - - 917 - | 940,536 313,736 58,810 199,462 10,056 | - - - - |
| Total assets | \$722,045 | \$ 325,563 | \$ 42,035 | \$ 19,280 | \$ 9,797 | \$ 486,027 | \$ 6,006,510 | \$ 56,057 |
| Liabilities | Ψ: ==,σ:σ | Ψ 020,000 | <u> </u> | Ψ . σ,=σσ | Ψ 3,1 3. | ψ .00,02. | Ψ 0,000,0.0 | Ψ 00,00: |
| Accounts payable Accrued payroll Due to other funds Unearned revenue Other | \$ 10,302 15,254 495,312 19,075 | \$ 204,639 22,337 - 10,628 | \$ - - - - - | \$ 19,280 - - - - - | \$ - - - - - | \$ 395 104 - - - | \$ 365,083 97,025 629,911 427,380 8,749 | \$ - - - - - |
| Total liabilities | 539,943 | 237,604 | <u> </u> | 19,280 | <u> </u> | 499 | 1,528,148 | <u> </u> |
| <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Unavailable revenue: Assessments and use charges | | | | | | | 290,979 | |
| Fund Balances | | | | | | | | |
| Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned | 182,102 - - - - | 87,959 - - - | 42,035 - - | - - - - | 9,797 - - | - 485,528 - - | 3,276,710 1,012,337 - (101,664) | 56,057 - - |
| Total fund balances | 182,102 | 87,959 | 42,035 | - | 9,797 | 485,528 | 4,187,383 | 56,057 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances | \$722,045 | \$ 325,563 | \$ 42,035 | \$ 19,280 | \$ 9,797 | \$ 486,027 | \$ 6,006,510 | \$ 56,057 (Continued) |

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Other Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

| | | | Capital Proje | ects Funds | | | | Permanen Fund | t |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|---|
| Acceta | Capital Projects Fund | Sewer Capital Fund | Energy Project Fund | Use of Schools Fund | Education Capital Reserve Fund | Total Capital Projects Funds | Debt Service Fund | Cemetery Fund | Total Other Governmental Funds |
| <u>Assets</u> Cash | \$ 1,038,571 | \$ 416,051 | \$ 95,608 | \$ 28,699 | \$314,509 | \$1,949,495 | \$ 525,227 | \$ 450 | \$ 6,959,082 |
| Receivables: Intergovernmental Assessments and use charges Loan Accounts Other | - - - 7,553 | - - - - | - - - - | - - - 304 | - - - - | - - - 7,857 | - - - - | - - - - | 940,536 313,736 58,810 207,319 10,056 |
| Total assets | \$ 1,046,124 | \$ 416,051 | \$ 95,608 | \$ 29,003 | \$314,509 | \$1,957,352 | \$ 525,227 | \$ 450 | \$ 8,489,539 |
| Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll Due to other funds Unearned revenue Other | \$ 125,954 - - 62,229 - | \$ 5,508 - - - - - | \$ - - - - - | \$ - 253 - - - | \$ 88,479 - - - - | \$ 219,941 253 - 62,229 | \$ - - - - - | \$ - - - - | \$ 585,024 97,278 629,911 489,609 8,749 |
| Total liabilities | 188,183 | 5,508 | | 253 | 88,479 | 282,423 | | | 1,810,571 |
| <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Unavailable revenue: Assessments and use charges <u>Fund Balances</u> | | | | | | | | <u>-</u> | 290,979 |
| Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned | 857,941 - - | - 410,543 - | 95,608 - - | - 28,750 - - | 226,030 - - | 1,674,929 - - | - - 525,227 | 450 - - - | 3,277,160 2,687,266 525,227 (101,664) |
| Total fund balances | 857,941 | 410,543 | 95,608 | 28,750 | 226,030 | 1,674,929 | 525,227 | 450 | 6,387,989 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances | \$ 1,046,124 | \$ 416,051 | \$ 95,608 | \$ 29,003 | \$314,509 | \$1,957,352 | \$ 525,227 | \$ 450 | \$ 8,489,539 |

(Concluded)

Other Governmental Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Special Revenue Funds

| | | | | | | | opedial revenue r unue | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|----|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|------|---|-------|--|--|
| | | Town Aid Road Fund | | | Small Cities Grants Fund | Sewer Operating Fund | | Recreation Activities Fund | | Miscellaneous Grants Fund | | | Special Gifts Fund | | Police Special Duty Fund | |
| | Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Income from investments Contributions Other | \$ | 387,637 - - - - | \$ | - - - - 851 | \$ 1,314, | - 757 141 - | | - 03,006 - 1,669 - | \$ | 393,488 - - 1,322 - | \$ | 11,941 30,837 - 986,815 | \$ 2 | - 11,912 - - - | |
| | Total revenues | | 387,637 | | 851 | 1,314, | 898 | 19 | 4,675 | | 394,810 | 1 | ,029,593 | 2′ | 11,912 | |
| 8 | Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Public works Community and human services Education Debt service Capital outlay | | - - - - - - 249,812 | | - - - - - - | | - - - 809 | | - - - 11,345 - - - | | 19,950 7,459 15,934 233,386 - - - 157,528 | | 10,670 2,480 - 163,154 - - | | - 71,970 - - - - - 12,075 | |
| | Total expenditures | | 249,812 | | | 1,389 | 106 | 12 | 1,345 | | 434,257 | | 176,304 | 18 | 34,045 | |
| | Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | | 137,825 | | 851 | (74, | 208) | 7 | 3,330 | | (39,447) | | 853,289 | | 27,867 | |
| | Other financing sources (uses): Premium Transfers in Transfers out | | - - - | | - - - | | - - - | | - - - | | - - - | | - - - | | - - - | |
| | Net other financing sources (uses) | | - | | - | - | | | | | _ | | | | | |
| | Net change in fund balances | | 137,825 | | 851 | (74, | 208) | 7 | 3,330 | | (39,447) | | 853,289 | 2 | 27,867 | |
| | Fund balances - July 1, 2021 | | 1,102,099 | | 68,682 | 277, | 708 | 26 | 3,354 | | (62,217) | | 640,403 | 1′ | 10,426 | |
| | Fund balances - June 30, 2022 | \$ | 1,239,924 | \$ | 69,533 | \$ 203, | 500 | \$ 33 | 6,684 | \$ | (101,664) | \$ 1 | ,493,692 | \$ 13 | 38,293 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

(Continued)

Capital

Town of Colchester, Connecticut

Other Governmental Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | | | Spec | ial Revenue Fu | | | | Projects Funds |
|---|---|--|---|--|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| | School Cafeteria Fund | Educational Grants Fund | Out of District Tuition Fund | Pay to Play Fund | Bacon Academy Summer School Fund | School Activity Fund | Total Special Revenue Funds | 2009 Bond Referendum Fund |
| Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Income from investments Contributions Other | \$ 1,377,988 53,023 - - - | \$ 2,519,168 103,965 - 33,090 | \$ - 106,954 - - - | \$ - 85,248 - - - | \$ - - - - - | \$ - 392,907 - - - | \$ 4,690,222 2,492,609 141 1,022,896 851 | \$ - - - - |
| Total revenues | 1,431,011 | 2,656,223 | 106,954 | 85,248 | | 392,907 | 8,206,719 | |
| Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Public works Community and human services Education Debt service Capital outlay Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | 921,375 - 921,375 - 921,375 | 2,314,234 - 2,313,739 2,727,973 (71,750) | - - - 106,954 - - 106,954 | - - - 85,248 - - - 85,248 | - - - - - - - | - - - 319,302 - - 319,302 | 30,620 181,909 1,366,231 517,885 3,747,113 - 871,963 6,715,721 | - - - - - - - - |
| Other financing sources (uses): Premium Transfers in Transfers out | - - (302,565) | 60,000 | - - - | - - - | - - - | - - - | 60,000 (302,565) | - - - |
| Net other financing sources (uses) | (302,565) | 60,000 | | | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | (242,565) | |
| Net change in fund balances | 207,071 | (11,750) | - | - | - | 73,605 | 1,248,433 | - |
| Fund balances - July 1, 2021 | (24,969) | 99,709 | 42,035 | - | 9,797 | 411,923 | 2,938,950 | 56,057 |
| Fund balances - June 30, 2022 | \$ 182,102 | \$ 87,959 | \$ 42,035 | \$ - | \$ 9,797 | \$ 485,528 | \$ 4,187,383 | \$ 56,057 |
| | | | | | | | | |

(Continued)

Other Governmental Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | | | | Capital Pro | ojects Funds | | | | Permanent Fund | |
|----|--|---|--|---------------------------------|--|---|--|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| | | Capital Projects Fund | Sewer Capital Fund | Energy Project Fund | Use of Schools Fund | Education Capital Reserve Fund | Total Capital Projects Funds | Debt Service Fund | Cemetary Fund | Total Other Governmental Funds |
| | Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Income from investments Contributions Other | \$ 2,742 26,066 - - - | \$ - 508,734 366 - - | \$ - - - - - | \$ - 22,405 - - - | \$ - - - - - | \$ 2,742 557,205 366 - - | \$ - - - - - | \$ - - - - - | \$ 4,692,964 3,049,814 507 1,022,896 851 |
| | Total revenues | 28,808 | 509,100 | | 22,405 | | 560,313 | | | 8,767,032 |
| 95 | Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Public works Community and human services Education Debt service Capital outlay Total expenditures | 132,338 - - - - - - 558,298 690,636 | 21,181 - - - - 587,247 608,428 | - - - - - - - | - - - - 25,812 - 5,183 30,995 | - - - - - 370,555 | 132,338 - 21,181 - 25,812 - 1,521,283 1,700,614 | - - - - - 568,541 | - - - - - - - | 162,958 181,909 1,387,412 517,885 3,772,925 568,541 2,393,246 8,984,876 |
| | Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | (661,828) | (99,328) | | (8,590) | (370,555) | (1,140,301) | (568,541) | | (217,844) |
| | Other financing sources (uses): Premium Transfers in Transfers out | - 139,725 - | | - - - | - - - | 302,565 | - 442,290 - | 47,398 360,226 | - - | 47,398 862,516 (302,565) |
| | Net other financing sources (uses) | 139,725 | | | | 302,565 | 442,290 | 407,624 | | 607,349 |
| | Net change in fund balances | (522,103) | (99,328) | - | (8,590) | (67,990) | (698,011) | (160,917) | - | 389,505 |
| | Fund balances - July 1, 2021 | 1,380,044 | 509,871 | 95,608 | 37,340 | 294,020 | 2,372,940 | 686,144 | 450 | 5,998,484 |
| | Fund balances - June 30, 2022 | \$ 857,941 | \$ 410,543 | \$ 95,608 | \$ 28,750 | \$ 226,030 | \$ 1,674,929 | \$ 525,227 | \$ 450 | \$ 6,387,989 |

(Concluded)

Trend Information

This part of the Town's annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Town's overall financial health.

| Table | Description | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Financial Trends (Tables 1-2) | These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and well-being have changed over time | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue Capacity (Table 3) | This schedule contains information to help the reader assess the Town's most significant local revenue source, the property tax | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Debt Capacity (Table 4) | This schedule presents information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current levels of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future | | | | | | | |

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual financial reports for the fiscal year.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (Modified Accrual Basis Accounting) (Unaudited)

June 30

| | - | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
| | General fund: | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Nonspendable | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 6,578 | \$ 25,687 | \$ 27,610 | \$ 37,820 | \$ 30,655 | \$ 19,510 | \$ 28,351 |
| | Committed | 444,334 | 301,108 | 360,060 | 477,401 | 273,318 | 110,303 | 418,455 | 67,500 | 120,829 | 44,936 |
| | Assigned | 1,689,752 | 1,902,354 | 1,268,155 | 585,619 | 1,238,154 | 612,254 | 502,848 | 370,685 | 250,730 | 698,770 |
| | Unassigned | 7,960,638 | 7,831,625 | 7,834,677 | 7,815,186 | 6,869,784 | 6,422,633 | 5,711,933 | 5,255,366 | 4,888,372 | 4,758,733 |
| | Total general fund | 10,094,724 | 10,035,087 | 9,462,892 | 8,884,784 | 8,406,943 | 7,172,800 | 6,671,056 | 5,724,206 | 5,279,441 | 5,530,790 |
| | All other governmental funds: | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Restricted | 3,277,160 | 2,189,051 | 2,026,529 | 1,707,827 | 1,757,015 | 1,604,738 | 1,538,464 | 1,344,735 | 1,291,700 | 988,019 |
| | Committed | 5,861,765 | 6,265,719 | 6,195,594 | 6,065,724 | 5,814,987 | 5,215,554 | 4,644,724 | 4,203,246 | 4,477,042 | 4,139,501 |
| 5 | Assigned | 525,227 | 686,144 | 1,003,744 | 463,150 | 540,307 | 243,239 | 162,415 | 91,014 | 91,013 | 52,314 |
| 0 | Unassigned | (3,908,937) | (3,878,034) | (3,732,760) | (2,931,730) | (3,049,757) | (4,219,300) | (560,823) | (81,082) | (33,654) | (3,810) |
| | Total all other governmental funds | 5,755,215 | 5,262,880 | 5,493,107 | 5,304,971 | 5,062,552 | 2,844,231 | 5,784,780 | 5,557,913 | 5,826,101 | 5,176,024 |
| | Grand total | \$ 15,849,939 | \$ 15,297,967 | \$14,955,999 | \$14,189,755 | \$13,469,495 | \$10,017,031 | \$12,455,836 | \$11,282,119 | \$11,105,542 | \$10,706,814 |

Source: Current and prior year financial statements

Notes:

General fund:

Assigned Decreased due to a decrease in fund balance assigned to balance next year's budget.

All other governmental funds:

Restricted Increase due to an increase in the Special Gifts Fund fund balance due to donations received during the year.

Committed Decreased due to expenditures in the Capital Project Funds from funds received in a prior year.

Assigned Decreased due to current year activity.

General Fund Changes in Fund Balances Last Ten Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

For the Year Ended June 30

| | | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
|----|---|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Revenues: | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Property taxes | \$ 42,473,085 | \$ 41,194,550 | \$ 40,786,499 | \$ 40,055,967 | \$ 39,568,433 | \$ 38,538,798 | \$ 37,750,547 | \$ 37,265,322 | \$ 36,288,384 | \$ 34,405,139 |
| | Intergovernmental | 18,921,948 | 19,045,300 | 19,391,531 | 19,768,265 | 21,032,544 | 21,992,787 | 19,575,213 | 19,483,781 | 19,727,811 | 19,347,462 |
| | Charges for services | 2,327,257 | 1,982,222 | 1,974,317 | 1,892,999 | 1,690,066 | 1,418,201 | 1,444,931 | 1,229,322 | 1,245,432 | 1,199,359 |
| | Income from investments | 59,591 | 31,381 | 269,519 | 348,258 | 272,088 | 88,500 | 61,139 | 48,566 | 51,533 | 47,491 |
| | Other | 30,437 | 28,340 | 78,460 | 76,368 | 73,655 | 78,683 | 48,193 | 26,280 | 129,638 | 54,981 |
| | Total revenues | 63,812,318 | 62,281,793 | 62,500,326 | 62,141,857 | 62,636,786 | 62,116,969 | 58,880,023 | 58,053,271 | 57,442,798 | 55,054,432 |
| | Expenditures: | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Current: | 0.045.740 | 0.005.004 | 0.507.000 | 0.540.400 | 0.440.000 | 0.504.000 | 0.454.074 | 0.040.407 | 0.007.050 | 0.400.000 |
| | General government | 3,845,716 | 3,685,824 | 3,567,600 | 3,516,196 | 3,413,682 | 3,534,368 | 3,151,674 | 3,310,137 | 3,387,956 | 3,196,386 |
| | Public safety | 3,376,723 | 3,067,974 | 2,928,968 | 2,872,691 | 2,761,914 | 2,699,729 | 2,676,389 | 2,438,800 | 2,403,418 | 2,204,883 |
| 'n | Public works | 3,979,835 | 3,457,413 | 3,325,588 | 3,447,196 | 3,153,130 | 3,312,050 | 3,133,633 | 3,489,369 | 3,695,205 | 2,849,686 |
| 97 | Community and human services | 1,685,388 | 1,549,759 46,211,815 | 1,569,794 46,584,807 | 1,534,894 46,431,630 | 1,491,049 47,020,602 | 1,534,864 46,630,541 | 1,480,902 44,296,560 | 1,434,099 43,909,369 | 1,404,709 43,879,506 | 1,286,636 41,828,767 |
| | Education Debt service - principal | 47,681,959 1,495,000 | 1,550,000 | 1,490,000 | 1,495,000 | 1,525,000 | 1,515,000 | 1,530,000 | 1,550,000 | 43,679,506 1,585,307 | 1,575,000 |
| | Debt service - principal Debt service - interest | 580,164 | 525,164 | 585,164 | 215,415 | 266,665 | 327,265 | 371,465 | 422,865 | 469,607 | 520,890 |
| | Debt service - interest | 300,104 | 323,104 | 303,104 | 210,410 | 200,003 | 321,203 | 37 1,403 | 422,003 | 409,007 | 320,090 |
| | Total expenditures | 62,644,785 | 60,047,949 | 60,051,921 | 59,513,022 | 59,632,042 | 59,553,817 | 56,640,623 | 56,554,639 | 56,825,708 | 53,462,248 |
| | Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| | over expenditures | 1,167,533 | 2,233,844 | 2,448,405 | 2,628,835 | 3,004,744 | 2,563,152 | 2,239,400 | 1,498,632 | 617,090 | 1,592,184 |
| | over experiences | 1,107,000 | 2,200,044 | 2,440,400 | 2,020,000 | 0,004,144 | 2,000,102 | 2,200,400 | 1,400,002 | 017,000 | 1,002,104 |
| | Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Transfers in | - | 7,974 | - | - | - | 8,240 | - | - | - | - |
| | Transfers out | (1,107,896) | (1,669,623) | (1,869,317) | (2,150,994) | (1,770,601) | (2,069,648) | (1,292,550) | (1,053,867) | (868,439) | (625,363) |
| | | (, ,====== | (, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | // aaa a.=\ | (- () | // \ | (() | (, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | (, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | (222 422) | (00=000) |
| | Net other financing sources (uses) | (1,107,896) | (1,661,649) | (1,869,317) | (2,150,994) | (1,770,601) | (2,061,408) | (1,292,550) | (1,053,867) | (868,439) | (625,363) |
| | Net change in fund balances | \$ 59,637 | \$ 572,195 | \$ 579,088 | \$ 477,841 | \$ 1,234,143 | \$ 501,744 | \$ 946,850 | \$ 444,765 | \$ (251,349) | \$ 966,821 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | · |
| | Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures (1) | 3.31% | 3.46% | 3.46% | 2.87% | 3.00% | 3.09% | 3.36% | 3.49% | 3.62% | 3.92% |
| | noncapital expenditules (1) | J.J 170 | 3.4070 | 3.4070 | 2.0170 | 5.00% | 5.09% | 5.50% | 3.4970 | 3.0270 | J.5Z70 |

Source: Current and prior year financial statements

Notes:

(1) Excludes amount paid from Debt Service Fund

Property Tax Rates, Levies and Collections Last Ten Years (Unaudited)

| Year Ended June 30 | (1) Mill Rate | Total Adjusted Tax Levy | Net Current Levy Tax Collections | Percentage of Current Taxes Collected | Current Delinquent Balance |
|--------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|----------------------------------|
| 2013 | 28.80 | \$ 34,157,365 | \$ 33,608,023 | 98.39% | \$ 25,053 |
| 2014 | 30.28 | 36,156,049 | 35,565,318 | 98.37% | 26,495 |
| 2015 | 30.57 | 36,891,618 | 36,333,194 | 98.49% | 26,107 |
| 2016 | 30.76 | 37,393,155 | 36,947,219 | 98.81% | 31,211 |
| 2017 | 30.91 | 38,112,513 | 37,743,244 | 99.03% | 39,515 |
| 2018 | 32.37 | 39,244,661 | 38,812,483 | 98.90% | 42,363 |
| 2019 | 32.28 | 39,552,832 | 39,110,538 | 98.88% | 81,650 |
| 2020 | 32.84 | 40,643,426 | 40,182,493 | 98.87% | 111,756 |
| 2021 | 32.84 | 41,016,034 | 40,519,070 | 98.79% | 197,220 |
| 2022 | 33.05 | 42,252,626 | 41,801,291 | 98.93% | 451,335 |

Source: Current and prior year financial statements

Note:

(1) This represents the Town's mill rate per \$1,000 of taxable property. There are no overlapping tax rates.

Schedule of Debt Limitation Connecticut Statutes, Section 7-374(b) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

Tax base:

| Total tax collections (including interest and lien fees) for prior year | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | General Purpose | Schools | Sewers | Urban Renewal | Pension Deficit | | | |
| Debt limitation: | | | | | | | | |
| 2 1/4 times base 4 1/2 times base 3 3/4 times base 3 1/4 times base 3 times base | \$ 92,498,218 - - - - | \$ - 184,996,436 - - - | \$ - 154,163,696 - - | \$ - - 133,608,537 | \$ - - - - 123,330,957 | | | |
| Total limitations | 92,498,218 | 184,996,436 | 154,163,696 | 133,608,537 | 123,330,957 | | | |
| Indebtedness: Bonds Bond anticipation notes | | 19,645,000 2,845,000 | | | | | | |
| Total indebtedness | | 22,490,000 | | | | | | |
| Debt limitation in excess of outstanding debt The total net indebtedness above amounts. | \$ 92,498,218 | \$ 162,506,436 | \$ 154,163,696 | \$ 133,608,537 | \$ 123,330,957 \$ 22,490,000 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| In no event shall total indebtedness exceed seven time the base for debt limitation computation: \$ 28 | | | | | | | | |

There is no overlapping debt for the Town

Source: Current and prior year financial statements

Federal Single Audit and State Single Audit

of the

Town of Colchester, Connecticut

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Finance Town of Colchester, Connecticut

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Colchester, Connecticut ("Town") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Town's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-001 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Board of Finance Town of Colchester, Connecticut

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Town of Colchester, Connecticut's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Town's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Town's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wethersfield, Connecticut

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

December 19, 2023

Federal Single Audit



Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Finance Town of Colchester, Connecticut

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Town of Colchester, Connecticut's ("Town") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Town's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Town complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Town's federal programs.

Board of Finance Town of Colchester, Connecticut

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Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Town's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error; as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Town's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Town's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Town's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order
 to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal
 control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over compliance.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Board of Finance Town of Colchester, Connecticut

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Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon, dated December 19, 2023, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Wethersfield, Connecticut December 19, 2023

PKF O'Connor Davies LLP

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Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

| Federal Awarding Agency/Program or Cluster Title | Federal AL Number | Name of Funder Pass Through Entity | Identifying Number Assigned by Funder Pass Through Entity | Provided to Subrecipients | | otal nditures |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|---|------------------------------|---|------------------|
| U.S. Department of Agriculture: | Number | 1 d35 Hirodgii Eliitty | r d35 mrough Entity | Oubreoipients | | natares |
| Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program - Cash National School Lunch Program - Commodities National School Lunch Program Emergency Operating - Cost Reimbursement | 10.553 10.555 10.555 10.555 | State Department of Education State Department of Education State Department of Education State Department of Education | 12060-SDE64370-20508 12060-SDE64370-20560 N/A 12060-SDE64370-23085 | \$ - - - - | \$ 293,355 925,235 60,041 20,807 | |
| Total Child Nutrition Cluster | | | | | | \$ 1,299,438 |
| COVID-19 State Administrative Expense for Child Nutrition - Supply Chain Assistance Grants COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs | 10.560 10.649 | State Department of Education State Department of Education | 12060-SDE64370-23126 12060-SDE64370-29802 | : | | 43,990 2,456 |
| Total U.S. Department of Agriculture | | | | | | 1,345,884 |
| U.S. Department of Justice: Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention | 16.540 | Connecticut Youth Services Association | N/A | - | | 7,500 |
| <u>U.S. Department of Labor:</u> COVID-19 Unemployment Insurance | 17.225 | State Department of Labor | N/A | - | | 10,583 |
| U.S. Department of Transportation: Transit Services Programs Cluster: Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities | 20.513 | State Department of Transportation | 12062-DOT57931-21361 | - | | 59,530 |
| Alcohol Open Container Requirements | 20.607 | State Department of Transportation | 12062-DOT57513-22091 | - | | 7,459 |
| Total U.S. Department of Transportation | | | | | | 66,989 |
| U.S. Department of the Treasury: Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds - Summer College Corps | 24.027 | Direct Fairfield University | N/A N/A | Ē | 346,344 9,000 | 255.044 |
| Total U.S. Department of the Treasury | 21.027 | | | | | 355,344 |
| National Endowment for the Arts: COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Grants to States | 45.310 | Connecticut State Library | 12060-CSL66011-29642 | - | | 18,067 |
| U.S. Department of Education: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies | | State Department of Education State Department of Education | 12060-SDE64370-20679-2021 12060-SDE64370-20679-2022 | - | 235,760 176,333 | |
| Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies | 84.010 | | | | | 412,093 |
| Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) | | State Department of Education State Department of Education | 12060-SDE64370-20977-2021 12060-SDE64370-20977-2022 | - - | 70,435 452,836 | |
| Total Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) | 84.027 | | | | 523,271 | |
| Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA) Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA) | | State Department of Education State Department of Education | 12060-SDE64370-20983-2021 12060-SDE64370-20983-2022 | - | 21,787 3,000 | |
| Total Special Education - Preschool grant (IDEA) | 84.173 | | | | 24,787 | |
| Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA) | | | | | | 548,058 |

(Continued)

See Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

N/A - Not available or applicable.

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Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | Federal Awarding Agency/Program or Cluster Title | Federal AL Number | Name of Funder Pass Through Entity | Identifying Number Assigned by Funder Pass Through Entity | Provided to Subrecipients | | otal nditures |
|---|---|---|---|---|------------------------------|---|------------------|
| | Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - Supplemental Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States | | State Department of Education State Department of Education | 12060-SDE64370-20742-170003-2020 12060-SDE64370-20742-170002-2022 | \$ - - | \$ 2,962 26,448 | |
| | Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States | 84.048 | | | | | \$ 29,410 |
| | English Language Acquisition State Grants (Title III, Part A) English Language Acquisition State Grants (Title III, Part A) | | Eastconn Eastconn | 12060-SDE64370-20868-2020 12060-SDE64370-20868-2023 | - | 661 1,087 | |
| | Total English Language Acquisition State Grants (Title III, Part A) | 84.365 | | | | | 1,748 |
| | Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants | | State Department of Education State Department of Education State Department of Education | 12060-SDE64370-20858-2019 12060-SDE64370-20858-2021 12060-SDE64370-20858-2022 | - - - | 2,126 52,757 7,407 | |
| | Total Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants | 84.367 | | | | | 62,290 |
| | Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program (Title IV) Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program (Title IV) | | State Department of Education State Department of Education | 12060-SDE64370-22854-2021 12060-SDE64370-22854-2022 | - | 10,197 10,344 | |
| | Total Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program (Title IV) | 84.424 | | | | | 20,541 |
| 7 | Education Stabilization Fund COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund - Special Education Recovery Activities Grant COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund COVID-19 American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) - Summer Enrichment COVID-19 American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) COVID-19 American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) - Homeless Children and Youth Program | 84.425D 84.425D 84.425U 84.425U 84.425W | State Department of Education State Department of Education State Department of Education State Department of Education State Department of Education | 12060-SDE64370-29571-82032-2021 12060-SDE64370-29571-82079-2021 12060-SDE64370-29636-82065-2021 12060-SDE64370-29636-82079-2021 12060-SDE64370-29650-82079-2021 | - - - | 59 266,362 23,006 821,373 8,649 | |
| | Total Education Stabilization Fund | 84.425 | | | | | 1,119,449 |
| | Total U.S. Department of Education | | | | | | 2,193,589 |
| | U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Aging Cluster: Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers | 93.044 | Eastern Connecticut Area Agency on Aging | N/A | _ | | 12,132 |
| | Drug-Free Communities Support Program Grants | 93.276 | Direct Program | N/A | - | | 115,530 |
| | Every Student Succeeds Act/Preschool Development Grants | 93.434 | CT Council for Philanthropy | N/A | - | | 29,697 |
| | Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services | | ,, | | | | 157,359 |
| | N/A - Not available or applicable. | | | | | | (Continued) |

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

| Federal Awarding Agency/Program or Cluster Title | Federal AL Number | Name of Funder Pass Through Entity | Identifying Number Assigned by Funder Pass Through Entity | Provided to Subrecipients | Total Expenditures |
|--|-------------------------|--|---|------------------------------|-----------------------|
| U.S. Department of Homeland Security COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Emergency Food and Shelter National Board Program | 97.024 | United Way | N/A | \$ - | \$ 1,800 |
| Emergency Management Performance Grant | 97.042 | State Department of Emergency Services and Homeland Security | 12060-DPS32160-21881 | - | 7,486 |
| Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security | | | | | 9,286 |
| Total Expenditures of Federal Awards | | | | \$ <u>-</u> | \$ 4,164,601 |
| | | | | | (Concluded) |

N/A - Not available or applicable.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. Basis of presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards ("Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Town of Colchester, Connecticut ("Town") under programs of the federal government. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance").

Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Town, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, changes in fund balance, or cash flows of the Town.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

- A. Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- B. The Town has elected not to use the 10% *de minimis* indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

3. Noncash federal awards at fair value

The Town received and expended \$60,041 of USDA donated commodities under the National School Lunch Program.

4. Prior year findings and questioned costs

There were no prior year audit findings or questioned costs.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Summary of Auditors' Results **Financial Statements** Type of auditors' report issued: **Unmodified opinion** Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? no Χ yes none Significant deficiency(ies) identified? reported yes Χ Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? yes Χ no Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? yes no Χ none Significant deficiency(ies) identified? reported yes Χ Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified opinion Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)? yes no Identification of major programs: Name of Federal Program or Cluster AL Number(s) Child Nutrition Cluster 10.553, 10.555 **Education Stabilization Fund** 84.425 Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$ 750,000

yes

no

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

II. Findings – Financial Statement Audit

Finding 2022-001 (Material Weakness)

Criteria

The Town should have internal controls and related policies and procedures in place to ensure timely and accurate financial reporting. Monthly and year end closing procedures should be documented, communicated and monitored by the Finance Department.

Condition

The Town was unable to close their financial reporting system within a reasonable time frame. Additionally, the June 30, 2022 bank reconciliation was completed significantly after year end.

Context

Not applicable.

Effect

The effect is that the June 30, 2022 month end and subsequent monthly financial reporting may not be accurate as errors may not be detected and corrected on a timely basis. Therefore, the Board of Finance and Board of Selectmen are relying on reports to manage current operations that are neither timely nor accurate. Additionally, the lack of timeliness of closing at year end has caused delays in audit issuance.

<u>Cause</u>

The cause is lack of staffing and resources due to staff turnover.

Recommendation

The Town should develop, document, communicate and monitor a financial closing process in order to facilitate an effective monthly close as well as a year end close. The process should include the required procedures and analysis to be performed and the timeline in which they must be performed and completed. Bank reconciliations should be performed timely on a monthly basis.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions

Staffing and turnover in the Finance Department has made it difficult to perform routine reconciliations on a monthly basis. However, the auditors' recommendation is appropriate and the Town will develop a closing and bank reconciliation process to be followed on a monthly basis to eliminate this comment in future audits.

III. Findings – Major Federal Award Programs Audit

None.

State Single Audit



Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance Required by the State Single Audit Act

Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Finance Town of Colchester, Connecticut

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

Opinion on Each Major State Program

We have audited the Town of Colchester, Connecticut's ("Town") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the Office of Policy and Management's *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Town's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Town complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the State Single Audit Act (C.G.S. Sections 4-230 to 4-236). Our responsibilities under those standards and the State Single Audit Act are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Town's state programs.

Board of Finance Town of Colchester, Connecticut

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Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Town's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the State Single Audit Act will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error; as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Town's compliance with the requirements of each major state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the State Single Audit Act, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Town's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Town's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order
 to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal
 control over compliance in accordance with the State Single Audit Act, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over compliance.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Board of Finance Town of Colchester, Connecticut

Page 3

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the State Single Audit Act. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance Required by the State Single Audit Act

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon, dated December 19, 2023, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State Single Audit Act and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Wethersfield, Connecticut December 19, 2023

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

| State Grantor/Pass through Grantor/Program Title | State Grant Program Core-CT Number | d through recipients | Exp | Total penditures |
|---|--|-------------------------|-----|---------------------|
| Department of Social Services: | | | | |
| Medicaid | 11000-DSS60000-16020 | \$ - | \$ | 50,080 |
| Department of Education: | | | | |
| Talent Development | 11000-SDE64370-12552 | _ | | 4,461 |
| Child Nutrition State Matching Grant | 11000-SDE64370-16211 | _ | | 8,483 |
| Healthy Foods Initiative | 11000-SDE64370-16212 | _ | | 13,025 |
| Adult Education | 11000-SDE64370-17030 | _ | | 21,789 |
| School Breakfast Program | 11000-SDE64370-17046 | - | | 10,596 |
| Department of Children and Families: | | | | |
| Youth Services Bureau | 11000-DCF91141-17052 | _ | | 17,918 |
| Youth Services Bureau Enhancement | 11000-DCF91141-17107 | - | | 8,693 |
| Danamant of Hausiner | | | | |
| Department of Housing: Bond Fund | 12039-DOH46920-40233 | | | 14,450 |
| Bond Fund | 12039-DOI 140920-40233 | - | | 14,430 |
| Department of Transportation: | | | | |
| Transit District Grants and Loans Transportation Fund - | | | | |
| Bus Operations | 12001-DOT57931-12175 | - | | 33,320 |
| Town Aid Road Grants Transportation Fund | 12052-DOT57131-43455 | - | | 124,906 |
| Town Aid Road Grants Transportation Fund - STO | 13033-DOT57131-43459 | - | | 124,906 |
| Local Transportation Capital Improvement Program | 13033-DOT57197-43584 | - | | 2,742 |
| Community Connectivity Grant Program | 13033-DOT57551-43667 | - | | 7,306 |
| Department of Energy and Environmental Protection: | | | | |
| Open Space and Watershed Land Acquisition Grant Program | 12052-DEP43153-43506 | - | | 63,000 |
| Office of Early Childhood: | | | | |
| School Readiness Quality Enhancement | 11000-OEC64845-16158 | - | | 3,881 |
| School Readiness in Competitive Grant Municipalities | 11000-OEC64845-16274 | - | | 159,795 |
| School Readiness in Competitive Grant Municipalities - COLA | 11000-OEC64845-16274 | - | | 1,986 |
| Office of Policy and Management: | | | | |
| Property Tax Relief on Property of Totally Disabled Persons | 11000-OPM20600-17011 | | | 1 511 |
| Property Tax Relief on Property of Totally Disabled Persons Property Tax Relief for Veterans | 11000-OPM20600-17011 11000-OPM20600-17024 | - | | 1,511 5,789 |
| Tiered Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) | 11000-OPM20600-17024 11000-OPM20600-17111 | - | | 93,883 |
| | 12060-OPM20600-35691 | - | | |
| Tiered Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) - MRSA | | - | | 33,362 |
| Local Capital Improvement Program | 12050-OPM20600-40254 | - | | 115,651 |
| Connecticut State Library: | | | | |
| Connecticard Payments | 11000-CSL66051-17010 | - | | 11,941 |
| Historic Documents Preservation Grants | 12060-CSL66094-35150 | - | | 5,500 |
| Total State Financial Assistance before Exempt Programs | | | | 938,974 |
| | | | (| Continued) |

See Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance.

Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

| State Grantor/Pass through Grantor/Program Title | State Grant Program Core-CT Number | Passed thro | 0 |
|---|--|-------------|------------------------------|
| Exempt Programs: | | | |
| Department of Education: Education Cost Sharing Special Education - Excess Cost - Student Based | 11000-SDE64370-17041 11000-SDE64370-17047 | \$ | - \$ 11,974,619 - 669,906 |
| Office of Policy and Management: Municipal Stabilization Grant Mashantucket Pequot and Mohegan Fund Grant | 11000-OPM20600-17104 12009-OPM20600-17005 | | - 134,167 - 23,167 |
| Total Exempt Programs | | | 12,801,859 |
| Total State Financial Assistance | | \$ | - \$ 13,740,833 |

(Concluded)

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. Basis of presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance ("Schedule") includes state grant activity of the Town of Colchester, Connecticut ("Town"), under programs of the State of Connecticut. Various departments and agencies of the State of Connecticut have provided financial assistance through grants and other authorizations in accordance with the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut. These financial assistance programs fund several programs including general government, public safety, public works, community and human services and education.

Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Town, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in fund balance, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Town.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

The accounting policies of the Town conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

The information in the Schedule is presented based upon regulations established by the State of Connecticut, Office of Policy and Management.

Basis of Accounting

The expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. In accordance with Section 4-236-22 of the Regulations to the State Single Audit Act, certain grants are not dependent on expenditure activity and, accordingly, are considered to be expended in the fiscal year of receipt. These grant program receipts are reflected in the expenditures column of the schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance.

3. Loan program

In accordance with Section 4-236-23(a)(4)(F) of the Regulations to the State Single Audit Act, the notes to the schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance shall include loans and loan activities. The following is a summary of the various loan program activity:

Department of Energy and Environmental Protection:

Clean Water Funds: (21015-DEP43000-42318)

| Grant | lssue | Interest | Original | Balance | Reductions | Balance | |
|-------|----------|----------|--------------|--------------|------------|---------------|--|
| ID | Date | Rate | Amount | July 1, 2021 | | June 30, 2022 | |
| CWF | 07/31/09 | 2.12% | \$ 2,496,990 | \$ 997,505 | \$ 131,916 | \$ 865,589 | |

4. Prior year findings and questioned costs

There were no prior year audit findings or questioned costs.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

. Summary of Auditors' Results

| <u>Financial Statements</u> | | |
|---|--|-----------------------|
| Type of auditors' report issued: | Unmodified opinion | |
| Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? | x yes | no |
| Significant deficiency(ies) identified? | yes | none x reported |
| Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? | yes | xno |
| State Financial Assistance | | |
| Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? | yes | xno none |
| Significant deficiency(ies) identified? | yes | x reported |
| Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: | Unmodified opinion | |
| Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 4-236-24 of the Regulations to the State Single Audit Act? | yes | <u> </u> |
| The following schedule reflects the major programs inclu | ded in the audit: | |
| State Grantor and Program | State Core-CT Number | Expenditures |
| Department of Transportation: Town Aid Road Grants Transportation Fund Town Aid Road Grants Transportation Fund - STO | 12052-DOT57131-43455 13033-DOT57131-43459 | \$ 124,906 124,906 |
| Office of Early Childhood: School Readiness in Competitive Grant Municipalities School Readiness in Competitive Grant Municipalities - COLA | 11000-OEC64845-16274 11000-OEC64845-16274 | 159,795 1,986 |
| Office of Policy and Management: Tiered Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) Tiered Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) - MRSA | 11000-OPM20600-17111 12060-OPM20600-35691 | 93,883 33,362 |
| Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: | <u>\$ 100,000</u> | |

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

II. Financial Statement Findings

Finding 2022-001 (Material Weakness)

Criteria

The Town should have internal controls and related policies and procedures in place to ensure timely and accurate financial reporting. Monthly and year end closing procedures should be documented, communicated and monitored by the Finance Department.

Condition

The Town was unable to close their financial reporting system within a reasonable time frame. Additionally, the June 30, 2022 bank reconciliation was completed significantly after year end.

Context

Not applicable.

Effect

The effect is that the June 30, 2022 month end and subsequent monthly financial reporting may not be accurate as errors may not be detected and corrected on a timely basis. Therefore, the Board of Finance and Board of Selectmen are relying on reports to manage current operations that are neither timely nor accurate. Additionally, the lack of timeliness of closing at year end has caused delays in audit issuance.

<u>Cause</u>

The cause is lack of staffing and resources due to staff turnover.

Recommendation

The Town should develop, document, communicate and monitor a financial closing process in order to facilitate an effective monthly close as well as a year end close. The process should include the required procedures and analysis to be performed and the timeline in which they must be performed and completed. Bank reconciliations should be performed timely on a monthly basis.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions

Staffing and turnover in the Finance Department has made it difficult to perform routine reconciliations on a monthly basis. However, the auditors' recommendation is appropriate and the Town will develop a closing and bank reconciliation process to be followed on a monthly basis to eliminate this comment in future audits.

| III. State Financial Assistance Findings and Questioned | Ш. | State Final | ncial Assista | ince Findinas | s and 0 | Juestioned | Costs |
|---|----|-------------|---------------|---------------|---------|------------|-------|
|---|----|-------------|---------------|---------------|---------|------------|-------|

None.