Annual Financial Report of the

Town of Colchester, Connecticut

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Table	of	Contents	
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	Introductory Section	<u>Page</u>
	Principal Officials	1
	Organizational Chart	2
	Financial Section	_
	Independent Auditors' Report	3-5
	·	
<u>Exhibits</u>	Management's Discussion and Analysis <u>Basic Financial Statements</u>	6-15
	Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Α	Statement of Net Position	16-17
В	Statement of Activities	18
	Fund Financial Statements	
С	Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds and Reconciliation of Fund Balance to Net Position of Governmental Activities	19-20
D	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	21
E	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities	22-23
F	Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	24
G	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds	25
Н	Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	26
1	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	27
J	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	28
K	Notes to Financial Statements	29-69

Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	<u>Table of Contents</u>	D
<u>RSI</u>	Required Supplementary Information	<u>Page</u>
<u>1101</u>	Negalied Supplementary Information	
	General Fund	
1A	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual	70-72
1B	Notes to Required Supplementary Information	73-74
	Police Retirement Plan	
2A	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios and Schedule of Investment Returns	75
2B	Schedule of Contributions	76
2C	Notes to Required Supplementary Information	77
	Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System	
3A	Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions	78
3B	Notes to Required Supplementary Information	79
	Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plan	
4	Schedule of Changes in OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	80
	Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Board Retiree Health Insurance Plan	
5A	Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of Contributions	81
5B	Notes to Required Supplementary Information	82

Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

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ıa	ω	OI.	UUI	itorito

<u>Schedules</u>	Supplemental Schedules	<u>Page</u>
	General Fund	
1	Combining Balance Sheet	83
2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	84
3	Report of Tax Collector	85
	Other Governmental Funds	
4	Combining Balance Sheet	86-88
5	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	89-91
	Fiduciary Funds	
6	Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Fund	92
<u>Tables</u>	Trend Information	
1	Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	93
2	Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund	94
3	Property Tax Rates, Levies and Collections	95
4	Schedule of Debt Limitation	96

Introductory Section

Principal Officials June 30, 2020

First Selectman

Mary Bylone

Board of Selectmen

Rosemary Coyle, Vice Chair Denise Mizla, Selectman Taras Rudko, Selectman Denise Turner, Selectman

Board of Finance

Rob Tarlov, Chair Bernard Dennler III, Vice Chair Michael Hayes Andreas Bisbikos Andrea Migliaccio Mike Egan

Chief Financial Officer

N. Maggie Cosgrove

Administration

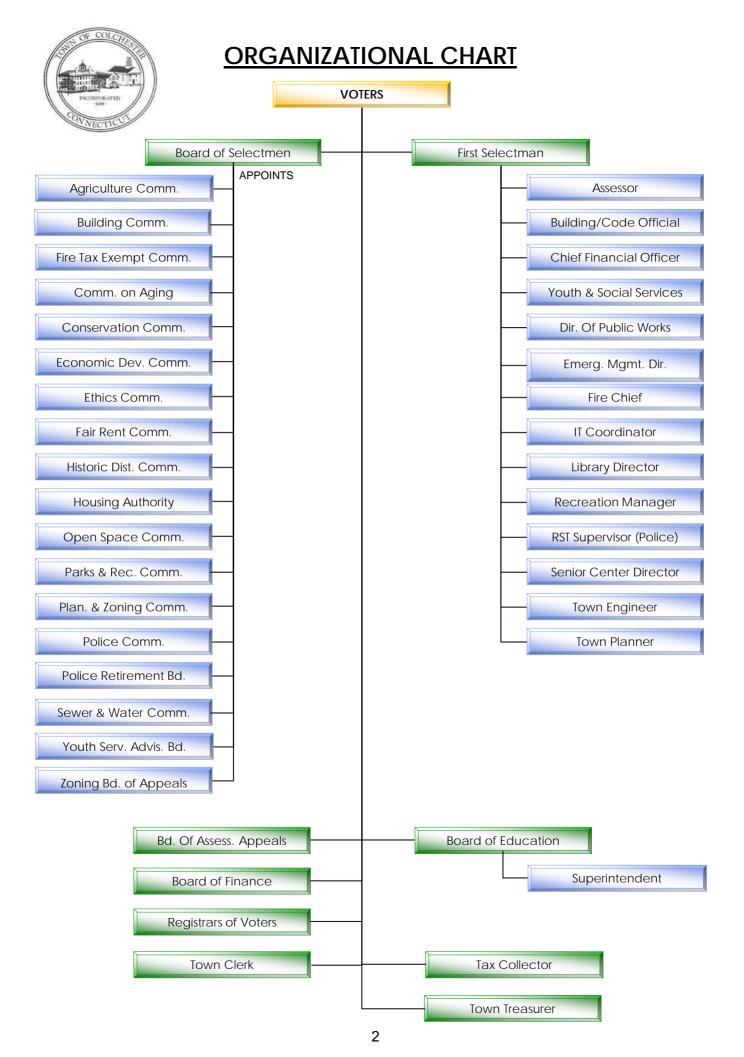
Gayle Furman, Town Clerk
Jennifer Pulse, Town Treasurer
Michele Wyatt, Tax Collector
Shannon Ramsby, Director of Human Resources

Board of Education

Mary Tomasi, Chair Christopher McGlynn, Vice Chair Amy Domeika Mitchell L. Koziol Jessica Morozowich Sue Hickey Joanne Rose

Administration

Jeffrey E. Burt, Superintendent N. Maggie Cosgrove, Chief Financial Officer Shannon Ramsby, Director of Human Resources



Financial Section



Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Finance Town of Colchester, Connecticut

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Colchester, Connecticut ("Town"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Board of Finance Town of Colchester, Connecticut

Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information, and the pension and other post-employment benefit schedules as listed in the table of contents, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The introductory section, supplemental schedules and trend information section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Board of Finance Town of Colchester, Connecticut

Page 3

The introductory and trend information sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 17, 2021, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wethersfield, Connecticut February 17, 2021

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

OF COLCETTS OF COLCETTS INCOSPORATED BEGIN

Town of Colchester, Connecticut

127 Norwich Avenue, Colchester, Connecticut 06415

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

As management of the Town of Colchester, Connecticut ("Town"), we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements immediately following this section.

Financial highlights

• On a government-wide basis, the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town exceed its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Change in net postion	\$ (287,830)	\$ 63,551	\$ (224,279)
Total net postion	80,752,071	5,321,000	86,073,071
Unrestricted net postion	7,099,201	1,381,602	8,480,803

• The Town's total net position decreased by \$224,279. The decrease is due to the following:

,	positive operations of the general fund of	\$	579,088
,	positive operations of the capital reserve fund of		389,926
)	positive operations of the other governmental funds of		430,171
)	positive operations of the water fund of		63,551
)	positive operations of the internal service fund of		648,589
	The positive operations were offset by:		
)	negative operations of the capital projects fund of		(269,504)
,	negative operations of the Johnston building project fund of		(833,666)
	Conversion to accrual basis on Exhibit E:		
,	capital outlay net of depreciation expense of	(1,398,237)
,	➤ net principal debt activity of		805,849
,	change in compensated absences of		(354,592)
,	change in OPEB liability of	(1,905,283)
,	change in pension and OPEB deferred outflows/inflows of resources of		1.427.160

- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$14,515,552, an increase of \$325,797 in comparison with the prior year. The majority of the increase is due to the positive operations of the general fund and capital reserve fund of \$579,088 and \$389,926 respectively, offset by deficit operations of the Johnston building project fund of \$833,666.
- At year end, the unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$7,834,677 or 14.02% of total general fund budgetary basis expenditures and transfers out.
- Net capital assets decreased in the current year by \$1,432,437 due to depreciation expense exceeding capital additions.
- The Town's long-term debt decreased by \$1,940,943 due to scheduled principal payments.

Overview of the basic financial statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Colchester's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Town's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between these accounts reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses reported in this statement are for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation and sick leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety, public works, community and human services, and education. The business-type activities of the Town account for the Water operations.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Town's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

For governmental funds, information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general, educational grants, capital reserve, capital projects, and Johnston building project funds which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these other governmental funds is provided on Schedules 5 and 6 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The Town uses two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses an enterprise fund to report the activities of the Water fund. The internal service fund is an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Town's various functions.

The Town uses the internal service fund to account for its employees and retirees' self-insured medical benefits. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water fund. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits F, G, and H.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Town. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required supplementary information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information as follows:

- A budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.
- Schedules to demonstrate the Town's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits.
- Schedules to demonstrate the Town's progress in funding its obligation to provide other postemployment benefits.

Other information. Other required schedules and the combining statements and supplemental schedules referred to earlier in connection with other governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information section.

Government-wide financial analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a Town's financial position. In the case of the Town, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$86,073,071 at the close of the fiscal year.

The largest portion of the Town's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Town's net position (2.35%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position totals \$8,480,803.

The analysis below focuses on the net position and changes in net position. Unrestricted net position decreased by \$1,102,886 from the prior year.

Summary Statement of Net Position June 30

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Tot	als
-	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Current and other assets Capital assets (net)	\$ 24,521,691 99,912,913	\$ 23,392,723 101,311,327	\$ 1,465,410 5,066,054	\$ 1,537,233 5,100,077	\$ 25,987,101 104,978,967	\$ 24,929,956 106,411,404
Total assets	124,434,604	124,704,050	6,531,464	6,637,310	130,966,068	131,341,360
Deferred outflows of resources	1,839,063	486,470			1,839,063	486,470
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities	36,479,012 8,709,529	37,163,402 6,578,343	997,505 212,959	1,253,101 126,760	37,476,517 8,922,488	38,416,503 6,705,103
Total liabilities	45,188,541	43,741,745	1,210,464	1,379,861	46,399,005	45,121,606
Deferred inflows of resources	333,055	408,874			333,055	408,874
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	71,626,791 2,026,079	71,273,605 1,701,819	3,939,398	3,738,237	75,566,189 2,026,079	75,011,842 1,701,819
Unrestricted	7,099,201	8,064,477	1,381,602	1,519,212	8,480,803	9,583,689
Total net position	\$ 80,752,071	\$ 81,039,901	\$ 5,321,000	\$ 5,257,449	\$ 86,073,071	\$ 86,297,350

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a Town's financial position. The Town's net position decreased \$224,279 as detailed below.

The reader should remember that the basis of accounting used in the government-wide statement of activities excludes capital expenditures while its revenues include general taxes whose primary purpose is for the construction of those very assets or their related debt service.

Statement of Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Totals		
_	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 4,349,229	\$ 3,937,351	\$ 1,097,778	\$ 1,048,872	\$ 5,447,007	\$ 4,986,223	
Operating grants and contributions	20,898,651	21,287,032	-	-	20,898,651	21,287,032	
Capital grants and contributions	698,140	5,692,159	-	-	698,140	5,692,159	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	40,914,790	39,884,946	-	-	40,914,790	39,884,946	
Grants and contributions not							
restricted to specific programs	283,687	246,475	-	-	283,687	246,475	
Income from investments	284,859	367,717	11,767	14,965	296,626	382,682	
Gain on sale of assets	38,680	-	-	-	38,680	-	
Other		107,016				107,016	
Total revenues	67,468,036	71,522,696	1,109,545	1,063,837	68,577,581	72,586,533	
Expenses:							
General government	3,733,189	3,652,112	-	-	3,733,189	3,652,112	
Public safety	3,879,685	3,387,101	-	-	3,879,685	3,387,101	
Public works	5,086,478	5,075,575	-	-	5,086,478	5,075,575	
Community and human services	2,291,884	2,403,361	-	-	2,291,884	2,403,361	
Education	51,872,879	55,855,194	-	-	51,872,879	55,855,194	
Interest	905,331	870,100	-	-	905,331	870,100	
Water			1,032,414	975,628	1,032,414	975,628	
Total expenses	67,769,446	71,243,443	1,032,414	975,628	68,801,860	72,219,071	
Change in net position before transfers	(301,410)	279,253	77,131	88,209	(224,279)	367,462	
Transfers	13,580	13,580	(13,580)	(13,580)			
Change in net position	(287,830)	292,833	63,551	74,629	(224,279)	367,462	
Net position - July 1	81,039,901	80,747,068	5,257,449	5,182,820	86,297,350	85,929,888	
Net position - June 30	\$ 80,752,071	\$ 81,039,901	\$ 5,321,000	\$ 5,257,449	\$ 86,073,071	\$ 86,297,350	

The key elements of the decrease are as follows:

Governmental activities - revenues

- Charges for services increased by \$411,878 primarily due to an increase in sewer fees of \$195,954 and
 police special duty fees of \$338,380. These increased due to increased sewer rates and usage and more
 projects requiring police services.
- Operating grants and contributions decreased by \$388,381 primarily due to a decrease in the special education excess cost grant of \$116,442 and education cost sharing grant of \$360,497.
- Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$4,994,019 primarily due to a decrease in school construction progress payments grant of \$5,031,238 related to the Johnson building project.

Governmental activities - expenses

- Public safety expenses increased by \$492,584 primarily due to increases in police special duty expenses
 of \$315,249, due to more projects requiring police services.
- Education expenses decreased by \$3,982,315 primarily due to prior year non capitalized activity related to the Johnson building project.

Business-type activities - revenues

• Charges for services increased \$48,906 over the prior year due to an increase in fees and rates.

Business-type activities - expenses

Water expenses increased \$56,786 substantially due to increased repairs and maintenance costs.

Financial analysis of the Town's funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Town's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$14,515,552, an increase of \$325,797 in comparison with the prior year.

The components of fund balance were as follows:

Restricted	\$ 2,026,079	
Committed	6,115,657	
Assigned	2,271,899	
Unassigned	4,101,917	
Total	\$ 14,515,552	

General Fund. The general fund is the operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, of the total fund balance of the general fund, \$7,834,677 was unassigned. During the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the Town's general fund increased by \$579,088. The increase was substantially attributable to the expenditure budget which was underspent by \$959,360. This was partially offset by revenues under budget by \$231,861. A more detailed discussion is included under budgetary highlights.

Educational Grants Fund. The educational grants fund accounts for and reports financial resources to be used for the grants associated with education. At the end of the current fiscal year, restricted fund balance of the fund was \$124,191. This was the result of positive operations of \$29,782 due to transfers in from general fund of \$137,226 and intergovernmental revenues in the amount of \$1,314,063.

Capital Reserve Fund. The capital reserve fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition of vehicles and equipment which are financed by General Fund appropriations and equipment financing notes issuances. At the end of the current fiscal year, committed fund balance of the fund was \$2,497,730. This was the result of positive operations of \$389,926 due to transfers in from general fund of \$471,700 and sale of capital assets in the amounts of \$38,857.

Capital Projects Fund. The capital projects fund accounts for financial resources to be used for major construction or acquisition of capital facilities. At the end of the current fiscal year, committed fund balance of the fund was \$1,482,963. This was the result of expenditures in excess of revenues and other financing sources of \$269,504.

Johnston Building Project Fund. The Johnston building project fund accounts for and reports financial resources to be used for the William J. Johnston construction and renovation project. At the end of the current fiscal year, deficit fund balance of the fund increased from \$2,827,199 in the prior year to \$3,660,865. This was the result of expenditures in excess of revenues of \$833,666. The deficit will be eliminated when remaining grant revenues are received once the project is audited by the State.

Proprietary funds

The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The Town has one enterprise fund: water fund which accounts for the operations of the water department.

Water Fund. There was an increase in net position of \$63,551 in the water fund due to an increase in charges for services of \$48,906 due to an increase in fees and rates, offset by an increase in operating costs of \$59,436. Unrestricted net position of the water fund was \$1,381,602 at year end.

Internal Service Funds. The internal service funds are used to account for medical self-insurance claims. The internal service fund had an increase to its net position of \$648,589. This is primarily due to increased operating revenues of \$592,668 and lower than expected claims due to COVID-19. It is expected that the decrease in claims will be partially eliminated in the next fiscal year. The internal service funds had an unrestricted net position of \$2,490,706 at year end.

General fund budgetary highlights

Significant budget transfers made during the year include:

- There were additional appropriations of fund balance totaling \$414,089 for education (technology purchases and security improvements) and the Senior Center building project design fees.
- Transfers out to other funds was increased by \$200,618. \$153,627 was transferred from public works snow removal to the snow reserve fund and \$46,991 from other departments to capital projects for the Senior Center project.
- Education was increased by \$367,098 from additional appropriations to transfers out for Education capital reserve and education grants funds for security improvements and technology purchases.

Significant departments that were underspent during the year were as follows:

- Public works was underspent by \$250,843 due to decreases in highway, transfer station and grounds maintenance costs due to vacant positions and cancellation of waste collection events due to the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Education was underspent by \$341,724 due to schools being closed from the COVID-19 pandemic. The
 Town's practice has been to assign the unexpended balance for future appropriation to Education related
 capital and nonrecurring expenditures.

Capital assets and debt administration

Capital assets

The Town's investment in capital assets amounts to \$104,978,967 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets is as follows:

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Totals			
	2020		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019
Land	\$ 3,626,879	\$	3,626,879	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,626,879	\$	3,626,879
Construction in progress Improvements other than	500,718		9,564,107		-		-		500,718		9,564,107
buildiings	450,644		501,487		2,520		2,730		453,164		504,217
Buildings	80,197,301		72,563,507		3,463,907		3,502,658		83,661,208		76,066,165
Machinery and equipment	5,509,304		5,524,481		135,838		150,635		5,645,142		5,675,116
Infrastructure	9,628,067		9,530,866		1,463,789		1,444,054		11,091,856		10,974,920
Total	\$ 99,912,913	\$	101,311,327	\$	5,066,054	\$	5,100,077	\$	104,978,967	\$	106,411,404

The capital assets (net of depreciation) decreased in the current year by \$1,432,437. The decrease is due to depreciation expense exceeding capital additions. In the current year, the Town had capital asset additions totaling \$12,620,890.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

Governmental activities:

Construction in progress additions of:	Construction	in	progress	additions	of:
--	--------------	----	----------	-----------	-----

Construction in progress additions of: > Sewer - pipeline replacement project	\$	432,379
	Ψ	402,019
Building additions from construction in progress:		
William J. Johnston middle school project		8,546,315
William J. Johnston middle school project - pupil services		977,537
Machinery and equipment :		
Fuel management system		54,000
Fuel tank - public works garage		206,750
Dump plow truck		154,467
2020 Ford F150 police responder		55,819
Self contained breathing apparatus		216,800
Water heater - education		57,975
Infrastructure additions of:		
Various roads		608,492
Business-type activities:		
Infrastructure additions of:		
Water tank system improvement	\$	70,913
Buildings additions of:		
Redevelopment of wellhouse #3A		64,721

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note III D.

Long-term debt

At the end of the fiscal year, the Town had total long-term debt outstanding of \$25,466,005. All debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the Town.

Long-Term Debt June 30

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Totals		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
General obligation bonds Equipment financing notes Clean water note	\$ 22,690,000 1,649,349 -	\$ 24,180,000 1,973,847 	\$ - - 1,126,656	\$ - - 1,253,101	\$ 22,690,000 1,649,349 1,126,656	\$ 24,180,000 1,973,847 1,253,101	
Total	\$ 24,339,349	\$ 26,153,847	\$ 1,126,656	\$ 1,253,101	\$ 25,466,005	\$ 27,406,948	

During the current fiscal year, the Town's total debt decreased by \$1,940,943 due to scheduled principal payments.

The Town maintains a "AA+" credit rating from Standard and Poor's Investor Service.

State Statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 7 times total prior year tax collections including interest and lien fees. The current debt limitation for the Town is \$278,573,057, which is significantly in excess of the Town's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in Note III G.

Economic factors and next year's budgets and rates

- As of June 2020, the unemployment rate for the Town was at 7.7%, which is lower than the State average unemployment rate of 10.1% and a national unemployment rate of 11.1%.
- Connecticut's economic and business growth remains flat. This lack of growth will have a negative impact on the amount of revenue the State receives from taxes. This will affect the amount of intergovernmental revenues the Town will receive in fiscal year 2021 and thereafter.
- The potential impact of the pandemic on the local economy, businesses and Town revenues is being closely monitored. The July 2020 collections were in line with the prior year. There is minimal impact as prior year tax collections in 2020 were in line with budgeted amounts. The State of Connecticut through the Governor's executive order, required local governments to offer taxpayers/rate payers one or both of the following programs: interest rate reduction program and/or the payment deferral program through October 1, 2020. The Town implemented the payment deferral and interest rate reduction programs. For the collection period ended July 31, 2020, current year collections were in line with the prior year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed in writing to the Chief Financial Officer, Town of Colchester, 127 Norwich Avenue, Suite 203, Colchester, CT 06415.

Basic Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
<u>Assets</u>			
Current assets:			
Cash	\$ 12,385,328	\$ 976,193	\$ 13,361,521
Investments	9,432,402	-	9,432,402
Receivables (net):	FC4 704		504 704
Property taxes Intergovernmental	564,794 691,134	-	564,794
Assessments and use charges	290,192	409,703	691,134 699,895
Loan	7,000	-	7,000
Other	505,617	-	505,617
Other	48,399	79,514	127,913
Total current assets	23,924,866	1,465,410	25,390,276
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted assets:			
Temporarily restricted:			
Cash	118,075		118,075
Receivables (net):			
Property taxes ´	417,090	-	417,090
Loan	61,660		61,660
Total receivables (net)	478,750		478,750
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):			
Land	3,626,879	-	3,626,879
Construction in progress	500,718	-	500,718
Improvements other than building	450,644	2,520	453,164
Buildings	80,197,301	3,463,907	83,661,208
Machinery and equipment	5,509,304	135,838	5,645,142
Infrastructure	9,628,067	1,463,789_	11,091,856
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	99,912,913	5,066,054	104,978,967
Total noncurrent assets	100,509,738	5,066,054	105,575,792
Total assets	124,434,604	6,531,464	130,966,068
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred charge on refunding	74,451	-	74,451
Pension related	225,277	-	225,277
OPEB related	1,539,335	<u> </u>	1,539,335
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,839,063		1,839,063
			(Continued)

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Retainage payable Accrued payroll Unearned revenue Accrued interest payable Bond anticipation notes Bonds and notes payable and related liabilities Landfill postclosure liability Compensated absences Claims payable	\$ 1,363,898 98,326 472,826 933,563 210,819 2,845,000 1,880,486 15,000 371,969 517,642	\$ 64,292 2,391 17,125 - - - 129,151 - -	\$ 1,428,190 100,717 489,951 933,563 210,819 2,845,000 2,009,637 15,000 371,969 517,642
Total current liabilities	8,709,529	212,959	8,922,488
Noncurrent liabilities: Performance bonds Bonds and notes payable and related liabilities Landfill postclosure liability Compensated absences Net pension liability OPEB liability	118,075 23,635,087 45,000 3,347,716 619,107 8,714,027	- 997,505 - - - - -	118,075 24,632,592 45,000 3,347,716 619,107 8,714,027
Total noncurrent liabilities	36,479,012	997,505	37,476,517
Total liabilities	45,188,541	1,210,464	46,399,005
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Advance property tax collections Pension related OPEB related	59,552 179,605 93,898	- - -	59,552 179,605 93,898
Total deferred inflows of resources	333,055		333,055
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	71,626,791	3,939,398	75,566,189
General government Public works Community and human services Education Unrestricted	68,682 1,300,924 506,418 150,055 7,099,201	- - - - 1,381,602	68,682 1,300,924 506,418 150,055 8,480,803
Total net position	\$ 80,752,071	\$5,321,000	\$86,073,071
			(Concluded)

Net Revenues (Expenses) and

Town of Colchester, Connecticut

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Change in Net Position **Program Revenues** Operating Capital Grants and Grants and Governmental Charges for Business-type Functions/Programs Expenses Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Total Governmental activities: \$ General government \$ 3,733,189 966,312 \$ 13,158 \$ (2,753,719) \$ \$ (2,753,719) Public safety 3,879,685 952,386 112,292 (2,815,007)(2,815,007)1.276.287 18.326 Public works 5,086,478 567,131 (3,224,734)(3,224,734)Community and human services 2,291,884 191,734 271.633 (1,828,517)(1,828,517)Education 51,872,879 962,510 20,483,242 131,009 (30,296,118)(30,296,118)Interest 905,331 (905, 331)(905, 331)67.769.446 4.349.229 20.898.651 698.140 (41,823,426)Total governmental activities (41,823,426)Business-type activities: 65,364 Water 1,032,414 1,097,778 65,364 Total \$ 68,801,860 \$ 5,447,007 \$ 20,898,651 \$ 698,140 (41,823,426)65,364 (41,758,062)General revenues: 40,914,790 40.914.790 Property taxes Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs 283,687 283,687 Income from investments 284,859 11,767 296,626 Gain on sale of assets 38,680 38,680 Total general revenues 41,522,016 11,767 41,533,783 Transfers in (out) 13,580 (13,580)63,551 Change in net position (287,830)(224,279)Net position - July 1, 2019 81,039,901 5,257,449 86,297,350 Net position - June 30, 2020 \$ 80,752,071 \$ 5,321,000 \$ 86,073,071

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

8

19

Town of Colchester, Connecticut

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	General Fund	Educational Grants Fund	Capital Reserve Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Johnston Building Project Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<u>Assets</u>							
Cash	\$ 376,594	\$ 77,327	\$ 1,769,765	\$ 2,335,588	\$ -	\$ 4,828,245	\$ 9,387,519
Restricted cash	118,075	-	-	-	-	-	118,075
Investments	8,704,437	-	727,965	-	-	-	9,432,402
Receivables (net):							221 221
Property taxes	981,884	-	-	-	-	-	981,884
Intergovernmental	151,622	182,760	-	-	-	356,752	691,134 290,192
Assessments and use charges Loan	-	-	-	-	-	290,192 68,660	290, 192 68,660
Other	298,056	9,502	-	-	-	187,520	495,078
Due from other funds	907,806	9,502	-	-	-	107,320	907,806
Other	32,027	_	-	_	_	16,372	48,399
Total assets	\$ 11,570,501	\$ 269,589	\$ 2,497,730	\$ 2,335,588	\$ -	\$ 5,747,741	\$ 22,421,149
<u>Liabilities</u>				 			, , , , _
Accounts payable	\$ 658,828	\$ 25,722	\$ -	\$ 34,855	\$ 227,416	\$ 417,077	\$ 1,363,898
Retainage payable	Ψ 030,020	Ψ 25,722	Ψ -	Ψ 34,033	98,326	Ψ 417,077	98,326
Accrued payroll	390,059	3,883	-	-	-	78,884	472,826
Due to other funds	-	· -	-	-	490,123	417,683	907,806
Unearned revenue	-	115,793	-	817,770	-	-	933,563
Bond anticipation notes	-	-	-	-	2,845,000	-	2,845,000
Performance bonds	118,075						118,075
Total liabilities	1,166,962	145,398		852,625	3,660,865	913,644	6,739,494
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenue:							
Advance property tax collections	59,552	-	-	-	-	-	59,552
Property taxes	881,095	-	-	-	-	-	881,095
Assessments and use charges						225,456	225,456
Total deferred inflows of resources	940,647					225,456	1,166,103
Fund Balances							
Restricted	-	124,191	-	-	-	1,901,888	2,026,079
Committed	360,060	-	2,497,730	1,482,963	-	1,774,904	6,115,657
Assigned	1,268,155	-	-	-	-	1,003,744	2,271,899
Unassigned	7,834,677				(3,660,865)	(71,895)	4,101,917
Total fund balances	9,462,892	124,191	2,497,730	1,482,963	(3,660,865)	4,608,641	14,515,552
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 11,570,501	\$ 269,589	\$ 2,497,730	\$ 2,335,588	\$ -	\$ 5,747,741	\$ 22,421,149
. 235 di 555 di la lana balanoso	Ψ 11,010,001	Ψ 200,000	Ψ 2,π01,100	Ψ 2,000,000	Ψ -	Ψ Ο,ΓΤΓ,ΓΤΓ	
							(Continued)

(179,605)

\$ 80,752,071

(Concluded)

(93,898)

Town of Colchester, Connecticut

Reconciliation of Fund Balance to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit A) are different from the governmental fund balance sheet due to:

Total fund balance (Exhibit C, Page 1)	\$ 14,515,552
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Beginning capital assets Capital assets additions (net of construction in progress) Depreciation expense Disposal of capital assets	101,311,327 2,911,945 (4,310,182) (177)
Other long-term assets and deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds:	
Property taxes - accrual basis change Sewer assessments and use charges - accrual basis change Deferred charge on refunding Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB	881,095 225,456 74,451 225,277 1,539,335
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of medical insurance premiums to individual departments:	
The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position	2,490,706
Some liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Bonds and notes payable Premium Landfill postclosure liability Compensated absences Net pension liability OPEB liability Accrued interest payable	(24,339,349) (1,176,224) (60,000) (3,719,685) (619,107) (8,714,027) (210,819)

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Deferred inflows related to pensions

Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit A)

Deferred inflows related to OPEB

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Town of Colchester, Connecticut

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General Fund	Educational Grants Fund	Capital Reserve Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Johnston Building Project Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$ 40,759,158	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,759,158
Intergovernmental	19,391,531	1,314,063	-	16,230	-	944,887	21,666,711
Charges for services	1,486,816	123,380	5,265	25,447	-	2,154,058	3,794,966
Income from investments	269,519	-	-	-	-	15,340	284,859
Contributions	-	38,122	-	-	-	175,645	213,767
Other	593,302						593,302
Total revenues	62,500,326	1,475,565	5,265	41,677		3,289,930	67,312,763
Expenditures: Current:							
General government	3,567,600	-	-	9,625	-	6,219	3,583,444
Public safety	2,928,968	-	-	-	-	540,025	3,468,993
Public works	3,325,588	-	-	99	-	1,182,961	4,508,648
Community and human services	1,569,794	-	-	-	-	448,933	2,018,727
Education	46,584,807	1,583,009	-	-	-	730,434	48,898,250
Debt service	2,075,164	-	-	-	-	791,057	2,866,221
Capital outlay			125,896	730,229	833,666	976,754	2,666,545
Total expenditures	60,051,921	1,583,009	125,896	739,953	833,666	4,676,383	68,010,828
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures	2,448,405	(107,444)	(120,631)	(698,276)	(833,666)	(1,386,453)	(698,065)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Sale of capital assets	-	-	38,857	-	-	-	38,857
Premium	-	-	-	-	-	971,425	971,425
Transfers in	-	137,226	471,700	428,772	-	903,230	1,940,928
Transfers out	(1,869,317)					(58,031)	(1,927,348)
Net other financing sources (uses)	(1,869,317)	137,226	510,557	428,772		1,816,624	1,023,862
Net change in fund balances	579,088	29,782	389,926	(269,504)	(833,666)	430,171	325,797
Fund balances - July 1, 2019	8,883,804	94,409	2,107,804	1,752,467	(2,827,199)	4,178,470	14,189,755
Fund Balances - June 30, 2020	\$ 9,462,892	\$ 124,191	\$ 2,497,730	\$ 1,482,963	\$ (3,660,865)	\$ 4,608,641	\$ 14,515,552

805,849

(Continued)

Town of Colchester, Connecticut

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit B) are due to:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit B) are due to:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit D)	\$ 325,797
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as expense.	
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	2,911,945 (4,310,182)
Total	(1,398,237)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins and donations) is to increase net position. In the statement of activities, only the <i>loss</i> on the sale of capital assets is reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the capital assets sold:	
Loss on disposal of assets	(177)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds and revenues recognized in the fund financial statements are not recognized in the statement of activities:	
Change in property tax receivable - accrual basis change Change in sewer assessment receivable - accrual basis change Change in loan receivable - accrual basis change	155,632 13,006 (52,045)
Total	116,593
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, notes) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:	
Debt issued or incurred: Premium Principal repayments: General obligation bonds	(971,425) 1,490,000
Notes payable	324,498
Deferred charge on refunding	(37,224)

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Total

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:

Amortization of premium	\$	73,957
Change in:		
Landfill postclosure liability		15,000
Compensated absences	((354,592)
Net pension liability	((137,145)
OPEB liability	(1,	,905,283)
Accrued interest payable		94,659
Amortization of deferred outflows related to pension		62,077
Amortization of deferred inflows related to pension		19,955
Amortization of deferred outflows related to OPEB	1,	,327,740
Amortization of deferred inflows related to OPEB		17,388
Total	((786,244)
The net revenue (expense) of the activities of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities		648,589
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit B)	\$ ((287,830)
	(Co	oncluded)

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2020

<u>Assets</u>	Business-type Activities Enterprise Fund Water Fund	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund Medical Self- Insurance Fund
Current assets: Cash Receivables: Usage Accounts	\$ 976,193 409,703 79,514	\$ 2,997,809 10,539
Total current assets	1,465,410	3,008,348
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets (net): Improvements other than buildings Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	2,520 3,463,907 135,838 1,463,789	- - - -
Total capital assets (net)	5,066,054	
Total assets	6,531,464	3,008,348
Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable Retainage payable Accrued payroll Claims payable Notes payable	64,292 2,391 17,125 - 129,151	- - - 517,642
Total current liabilities	212,959	517,642
Noncurrent liabilities: Notes payable	997,505	
Total liabilities	1,210,464	517,642
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	3,939,398 1,381,602	2,490,706
Total net position	\$ 5,321,000	\$ 2,490,706

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Business-type	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
	Enterprise Fund	Internal Service Fund
	Enterprise Fund	Medical Self-
	Water Fund	Insurance Fund
Operating revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 1,097,778	\$ 8,122,241
Operating expenses:		
Personnel services	449,570	-
Repairs and maintenance	136,123	-
Contracted services	55,993	-
Materials and supplies	28,030	-
Utilities	101,847	-
Insurance	16,394	-
Claims incurred	-	5,885,857
Administration HSA contributions	-	1,123,327
Depreciation and amortization	- 219,115	468,400
Depreciation and amortization	219,113	
Total operating expenses	1,007,072	7,477,584
Operating income (loss)	90,706	644,657
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Income from investments	11,767	3,932
Interest expense	(25,342)	
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(13,575)	3,932
Income (loss) before transfers	77,131	648,589
Transfers out	(13,580)	
Change in net position	63,551	648,589
Total net position - July 1, 2019	5,257,449	1,842,117
Total net position - June 30, 2020	\$ 5,321,000	\$ 2,490,706

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Fund	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund Medical Self-
	Water Fund	Insurance Fund
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities: Cash received for charges for services Cash paid for benefits and claims Cash paid for administration Cash paid for HSA contributions Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees Cash paid for repairs and maintenance and utilities	\$ 1,059,744 - - - (157,063) (445,929) (237,970)	\$ 8,115,128 (5,849,215) (1,123,327) (468,900) - -
Net cash from (used in) operating activities	218,782	673,686
Cash flows from (used in) noncapital financing activities: Transfer to other funds	(13,580)	<u> </u>
Cash flows from (used in) capital and related financing activities: Purchase of capital assets Principal payments on debt Interest payments	(185,092) (126,445) (25,342)	- - -
Net cash from (used in) capital and related financing activities	(336,879)	
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities: Income from investments	11,767	3,932
Increase (decrease) in cash	(119,910)	677,618
Cash - July 1, 2019	1,096,103	2,320,191
Cash - June 30, 2020	\$ 976,193	\$ 2,997,809
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash from (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$ 90,706	\$ 644,657
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash from (used in) operating activities: Depreciation and amortization (Increase) decrease in:	219,115	-
Receivables Other assets Increase (decrease) in:	(38,034) (10,053)	(7,113) -
Accounts payable Retainage payable Accrued payroll Claims payable	(48,984) 2,391 3,641	- (500) 36,642
Net cash from (used in) operating activities	\$ 218,782	\$ 673,686

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2020

	Pension Trust Fund	Private Purpose Trust Fund	Agency Fund
<u>Assets</u>			
Cash	\$ -	\$ 450	\$ 438,143
Investments: Mutual funds: Money market Equity Fixed income	33,657 2,121,506 830,446	- - -	- - -
Total investments	2,985,609		
Accounts receivable Prepaids	3,086 3,188	<u>-</u>	1,854
Total other assets	6,274		1,854
Total assets	2,991,883	450	439,997
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Payable to student organizations			439,997
Net Position			
Restricted for: Pensions Individuals	2,991,883 	- 450_	<u>-</u>
Total net position	\$ 2,991,883	\$ 450	\$ -

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Pension Trust Fund	Private Purpose <u>Trust Fund</u>
Additions: Contributions:		
Employer	\$ 145,500	\$ -
Plan members	82,692_	
Total contributions	228,192_	
Investment income (loss):		
Interest and dividends	65,083	
Total additions	293,275	
Deductions:		
Benefits Administration	37,031 200	-
Total deductions	37,231	
Change in net position	256,044	-
Net position - July 1, 2019	2,735,839	450
Net position - June 30, 2020	\$2,991,883	\$ 450

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

History and organization

The Town of Colchester, Connecticut ("Town") operates under the Selectmen - Town Meeting form of government established by a charter. The Town offers a full range of services authorized by the Connecticut General Statutes, including public safety, public works, community and human services, and education, to its residents.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity include (1) the primary government; (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Town does not report any component units.

I. Summary of significant accounting policies

A. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. *Governmental activities* are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

B. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Agency funds do not have a measurement focus but are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

B. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation (continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers tax revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. In addition, the Town considers reimbursement grants to be available if they are collected within one year of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, pension and OPEB benefits, certain other employee benefits, and certain other long-term liabilities, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Property taxes, expenditure reimbursement type grants, certain intergovernmental revenues, charges for services, transfers and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund	The Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
Educational Grants Fund	Accounts for and reports financial resources to be used for the grants associated with education. This fund is reported as a major fund for public

interest purposes.

Accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition of vehicles and equipment which are financed by General Fund appropriations and

issuance of equipment financing notes.

Accounts for financial resources to be used for major construction or acquisition of capital facilities.

Accounts for and reports financial resources to be used for the William J. Johnston construction and renovation project.

The Town reports the following major proprietary fund:

Water Fund	Accounts for the operating activity of the water operations. The major source
	of revenues for this fund is charges for services.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

	Associate for and report resociated averaged that are restricted
Special Revenue Funds	Accounts for and report the proceeds of specific revenue resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt.

Accounts for and report resources and expenditures that are restricted, committed or assigned for the acquisition and construction of capital facilities, including those that are financed through special assessments.

Capital Reserve Fund

Capital Projects Fund

Johnston Building Project Fund

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

B. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation (continued)

Debt Service Fund	Accounts for and report resources and expenditures that are assigned for the repayment of debt.
Internal Service Fund	Accounts for risk financing activities for medical insurance benefits.
Pension Trust Fund	Accounts for the activities of the Town of Colchester Police Retirement Plar which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.
Private-Purpose Trust Fund	Accounts for the receipt of private donations to be used for cemetery maintenance.
Agency Funds	Accounts for monies held on behalf of student groups.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions are charges between certain Town functions because elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and of the Town's internal service fund are charges to customers for sales and services, and premiums for medical and dental insurance.

For purposes of measuring the net pension and OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position of the Town's pension and OPEB plan, the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS"), and the Connecticut State Retiree Health Insurance Plan ("RHIP") have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Town's pension and OPEB plan, TRS, and RHIP. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms.

C. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and equity

1. Cash and investments

a. Cash

The Town considers cash as cash on hand and demand deposits.

For cash flow purposes the Town considers cash equivalents money market accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

C. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and equity (continued)

b. Investments

In general, State of Connecticut Statutes allow the Town to invest in obligations of the United States of America or United States government sponsored corporations, in shares or other interests in any custodial arrangement, pool or no-load, open-end management type investment company or investment trust (as defined), in obligations of any State or political subdivision rated within the top two rating categories of any nationally recognized rating service, or in obligations of the State of Connecticut or political subdivision rated within the top three rating categories of any nationally recognized rating service. For the capital reserve fund, not more than 31% can be invested in equity securities. Investment income is recorded in the fund in which it was earned.

State Treasurers Investment Fund is an investment pool managed by the State of Connecticut Office of the State Treasurer. Investments must be made in instruments authorized by Connecticut General Statutes 3-27c - 3-27e. Investment guidelines are adopted by the State Treasurer. The fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

c. Method used to value investments

Investments for the Town are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

Fair value of investments

The Town measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

Level 1	Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets
Level 2	Quoted prices for identical investments in markets that are not active
Level 3	Unobservable inputs

d. Risk policies

Interest rate risk	value caused by changing interest rates. The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.
Credit risk	Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its specific obligation even without the entity's complete failure. The Town has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices due to credit risk other than State Statutes governing investments in obligations of any State or political subdivision or in obligations of the State of Connecticut or political subdivision.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the government will incur losses in fair

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

C. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and equity (continued)

Concentration of credit risk

Custodial credit risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk attributed to the magnitude of an entity's investments in a single issuer. The Town follows the limitations specified in the Connecticut General Statutes. Generally, the Town's deposits cannot be 75% or more of the total capital in any one depository.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town's policy follows the State of Connecticut requirements that each depository maintain segregated collateral in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the bank's risk based capital ratio.

2. Receivables and payables

a. Interfunds

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

b. Property taxes and other receivables

In the fund financial and government-wide financial statements, all trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Allowance percentages range from 33% to 59% of outstanding receivable balances and are calculated based upon prior collections.

In the fund financial statements, all property taxes receivable, which have not been collected within 60 days as of June 30, have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources, since they are not considered to be available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal year. Taxes collected during the 60-day period have been recorded as revenue.

Property taxes are assessed on property as of October 1. Taxes are billed in the following July and are due in two installments, July 1 and January 1. Personal property and motor vehicle taxes are billed in July and are due in one installment, on July 1, and supplemental motor vehicle taxes are due in full January 1. Liens are effective on the assessment date and are continued by filing before the end of the year following the due date.

3. Restricted assets

The restricted assets for the Town are restricted for performance bonds. Performance bonds are restricted until the monies are returned to the vendor after satisfactory completion of the contract or the Town calls the bond for nonperformance. The agreement restricts the expenditure of the investment income only for the designated purpose.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

C. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and equity (continued)

4. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Property, plant and equipment of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

		•	talization
Assets	<u>Years</u>	Years Thresho	
Improvements other than buildings	20	\$	5,000
Buildings	40-50		5,000
Machinery and equipment	5-20		5,000
Infrastructure:			
Distribution and collection system	50-100		5,000
Public domain infrastructure	50		5,000
System infrastructure	30		5,000

5. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The Town reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB in the government-wide statements for differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions and net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments. The deferred outflow or inflow related to differences between expected and actual experience and changes in assumptions, will be amortized over the average remaining service life of all plan members. The deferred outflow or inflow related to the net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments will be amortized over a five-year period.

Deferred outflows of resources also include deferred outflows relating to advance refunding of debt. These amounts are deferred and are amortized over the life of the debt.

Advance tax collections represent taxes associated with a future period. This amount is recognized during the period in which the revenue is associated.

Town of Colchester, Connecticut

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

C. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and equity (continued)

For governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds' balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes (including advance collections, if any) and sewer assessments. These amounts are recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

6. Compensated absences

Town and Education employees accumulate vacation and sick leave hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination or retirement. Sick leave and vacation leave expenditures are recognized in the governmental funds in the current year to the extent they are paid during the year or the vested amount is expected to be paid with available resources. A liability for these amounts has been recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

7. Long-term liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities' statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as project expenses.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as project expenditures.

8. Net position and fund balances

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified into the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets	This category presents the net position that reflects capital assets net of only the debt applicable to the acquisition or construction of these assets. Debt issued for non-capital purposes and unspent bond proceeds are excluded.	
Restricted net	This category presents the net position restricted by external parties	
position	(creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations).	
Unrestricted net position	This category presents the net position of the Town which is not restricted.	

Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

C. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and equity (continued)

In the fund financial statements, fund balances are classified into the following categories:

Nonspendable	This category presents amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.					
Restricted	This category presents amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or the laws or regulations of other governments.					
Committed	This category presents amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action at the highest level of decision-making authority for the Town. Commitments may be established, modified or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the Board of Selectman and the Board of Finance.					
Assigned	This category presents amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the Town's fund balance policy, the Board of Finance has authorized the Chief Financial Officer to assign fund balance. Intent is also expressed by a properly approved purchase order (encumbrance).					
Unassigned	This category presents amounts that do not meet the criteria above and are available for any purpose. This category is only reported in the general fund for positive amounts and in any other fund that has a fund balance deficit.					

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Town considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless, the Board of Selectman and Board of Finance has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Minimum fund balance policy

The Board of Selectman and Board of Finance have adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund. The policy establishes the intent to maintain a level of unassigned fund balance 12 to 15% of annual budgeted expenditures, with a minimum of 10% of annual budgeted expenditures.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

C. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and equity (continued)

9. Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and deferred outflows and inflows of resources including disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities and reported revenues, expenses and expenditures during the fiscal year. Actual results could differ from those estimates, particularly given the significant social and economic disruptions and uncertainties associated with the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic and the mitigation responses. Any such differences are not expected to be material for the year ended June 30, 2020.

10. Reclassifications

Certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

II. Stewardship, compliance and accountability

A. Basis of budgeting

Only the General Fund has a legally adopted annual budget.

The Town uses the budgetary basis of accounting under which purchase orders for contracts or other commitments are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order, contract or other commitment is issued and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported in the budgetary statements included as required supplementary information.

B. Capital projects authorizations

The following is a summary of certain capital projects:

Project	Project ct Authorization		Balance
Local capital improvement	\$ 124,012	\$ 58,086	\$ 65,926
Equipment	1,499,354	1,303,581	195,773
Vehicles	2,906,626	1,015,101	1,891,525
Facilities and grounds maintenance	519,674	333,243	186,431
Johnston building project	48,890,000	44,011,605	4,878,395
Totals	\$ 53,939,666	\$ 46,721,616	\$ 7,218,050

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

III. Detailed notes

A. Cash and investments

1. Deposits – custodial credit risk

At year end, the Town's bank balance was \$15,620,779 and was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 10,736,739
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's	
trust department, not in the Town's name	3,884,040
Total amount subject to custodial credit risk	\$ 14,620,779

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Town to significant concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash. From time to time, the Town's cash account balances exceeded the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation limit. The Town reduces its credit risk by maintaining its cash deposits with major financial institutions and monitoring their credit ratings.

2. Investments

a. The Town's investments consisted of the following types and maturities. Specific identification was used to determine maturities:

		Investm	nent Maturities (In Y	'ears)
	Fair		Less	1-5
Type of Investment	Value	N/A	Than 1	Years
Private mutual funds				
Money market	\$ 33,657	\$ -	\$ 33,657	\$ -
Common stock	2,121,506	2,121,506	-	-
Fixed income funds	830,446	-	-	830,446
Certificates of deposit	727,965	-	727,965	-
Pooled fixed income	8,704,437		8,704,437	
Total	\$ 12,418,011	\$ 2,121,506	\$ 9,466,059	\$ 830,446

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

A. Cash and investments (continued)

b. The Town had the following recurring fair value measurements:

Investments measured at net asset value (NAV) Private mutual funds	
Money market	\$ 33,657
Common stock	2,121,506
Fixed income funds	830,446
Total investments measured at net asset value (NAV)	2,985,609
Other investments	
Certificates of deposit	727,965
Pooled fixed income	8,704,437
Total other investments	9,432,402
Total investments	\$12,418,011

c. Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV):

Investments valued using the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) are considered "alternative investments" and, unlike more traditional investments, generally do not have readily obtainable market values and take the form of limited partnerships. The Town values these investments based on the partnerships' audited financial statements. If June 30 statements are available, those values are used preferentially.

However, some partnerships have fiscal years ending at other than June 30. If June 30 valuations are not available, the value is estimated from the most recently available valuation taking into account subsequent calls and distributions. The following table represents the unfunded commitments, redemption frequency (if currently eligible), and the redemption notice period for the Town's alternative investments measured at the NAV:

Investment Description	Fair Value	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency (If Currently Eligible)	Redemption Notice Period
Private mutual funds Money market Common stock Fixed income funds	\$ 33,657 2,121,506 830,446	\$ - - -	Daily Daily Daily	Daily Daily Daily
Total investments measured at the NAV	\$ 2,985,609	\$ -		

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

A. Cash and investments (continued)

- 1. <u>Common stock</u> This type includes investments in 2 target date fund of funds and 1 balanced fund. One target date fund invests in approximately 51% equity securities and 49% debt instruments. The other target date fund invests in approximately 72% equity securities and 28% debt instruments. The balanced fund invests in approximately 50-75% equities with the remaining balance invested in fixed income, generally investment-grade bonds. The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using the NAV per share of the investment.
- 2. <u>Fixed income funds</u> This type includes investments in 1 target date fund of funds and 1 money market fund. The target date fund invests in approximately 65% debt instruments and 35% equity securities. The money market fund invests at least 99.5% in government securities, cash and repurchase agreements collateralized fully by government securities or cash. The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using the NAV per share of the investment.
- **d.** The Town's investments are not subject to credit risk.
- **e.** The Town's investments are not subject to custodial credit risk.

B. Receivables

Receivable balances have been disaggregated by type and presented separately in the financial statements. Only receivables with allowances for uncollectible accounts, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are presented below.

		Property Taxes							
	Taxes	Interest and Lien Fees	Total						
Current portion	\$ 431,757	\$ 133,037	\$ 564,794						
Long-term portion Less allowance for uncollectibles	\$ 632,995 (356,330)	\$ 534,148 (393,723)	\$ 1,167,143 (750,053)						
Net long-term portion	\$ 276,665	\$ 140,425	\$ 417,090						

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

C. Interfund accounts

1. Interfund payables and receivables

A summary of interfund balances is as follows:

	Corresponding		
	Fund	Due From	Due To
General fund			
Johnston building project fund	N/A	\$ 490,123	\$ -
Miscellaneous grants fund	N/A	369,736	-
Police special duty fund	N/A	47,947	
Total general fund		907,806	
Johnston building project fund	General fund	<u> </u>	490,123
Other governmental funds			
Miscellaneous grants fund	General fund	-	369,736
Police special duty fund	General fund		47,947
Total other governmental funds			417,683
Total		\$ 907,806	\$ 907,806

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

2. Interfund transfers

A summary of interfund transfers for the fiscal year is as follows:

	Corresponding Fund	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General fund:			
Educational grants fund	N/A	\$ -	\$ 137,226
Capital reserve fund	N/A	· -	471,700
School cafeteria fund	N/A	-	139,260
Capital projects fund	N/A	-	370,741
Education capital reserve fund	N/A	-	403,744
Debt service fund	N/A		346,646
Total general fund			1,869,317
Educational grants fund	General fund	137,226	
Capital reserve fund	General fund	471,700	
Capital projects fund:			
General fund	N/A	370,741	-
Town aid road fund	N/A	58,031	
Total capital projects fund		428,772	
Other governmental funds:			
Special revenue funds			
Town aid road fund	Capital projects fund	-	58,031
School cafeteria fund Capital projects funds	General fund	139,260	-
Education capital reserve fund	General fund	403,744	_
Debt service fund	General fund	346,646	_
Debt service fund	Water fund	13,580	-
Total other governmental funds		903,230	58,031
Enterprise funds:			
Water fund	Debt service		13,580
Total		\$1,940,928	\$1,940,928

Transfers are used to move budgeted appropriations from the general fund for funding of capital projects and various programs and activities in other funds.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

D. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year was as follows:

Governmental Activities:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2019	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2020
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,626,879	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,626,879
Construction in progress	9,564,107	460,464	9,523,853	500,718
. •				
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	13,190,986	460,464	9,523,853	4,127,597
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Improvements other than buildings	2,171,269	-	-	2,171,269
Buildings	112,147,023	10,238,385	-	122,385,408
Machinery and equipment	18,428,961	1,128,457	256,434	19,300,984
Infrastructure	40,664,520	608,492		41,273,012
Total capital assets, being depreciated	173,411,773	11,975,334	256,434	185,130,673
Total capital assets	186,602,759	186,602,759 12,435,798		189,258,270
Long angumulated depreciation for:				
Less accumulated depreciation for: Improvements other than buildings	1,669,782	50,843	_	1,720,625
Buildings	39,583,516	2,604,591	_	42,188,107
Machinery and equipment	12,904,480	1,143,457	256,257	13,791,680
Infrastructure	31,133,654	511,291	-	31,644,945
Total accumulated depreciation	85,291,432	4,310,182	256,257	89,345,357
rotal accumulated depreciation	05,291,452	4,310,102	230,237	09,343,337
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	88,120,341	7,665,152	177	95,785,316
Capital assets, net	\$ 101,311,327	\$ 8,125,616	\$9,524,030	\$ 99,912,913

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Town as follows:

General government	\$ 83,159
Public safety	269,663
Public works	1,086,822
Community and human services	240,200
Education	2,630,338
Total depreciation expense	\$ 4,310,182

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

D. Capital assets (continued)

Business-Type Activities:

	Balance July 1, 2019	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2020
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Improvements other than buildings	\$ 25,591	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,591
Buildings	5,752,680	98,879	-	5,851,559
Machinery and equipment	419,286	15,300	-	434,586
Infrastructure	3,232,929	70,913	-	3,303,842
Total capital assets, being depreciated	9,430,486	185,092		9,615,578
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Improvements other than buildings	22,861	210	-	23,071
Buildings	2,250,022	137,630	-	2,387,652
Machinery and equipment	268,651	30,097	-	298,748
Infrastructure	1,788,875	51,178	-	1,840,053
				
Total accumulated depreciation	4,330,409	219,115		4,549,524
Business-type capital assets, net	\$5,100,077	\$ (34,023)	\$ -	\$ 5,066,054

Depreciation expense of \$219,115 was charged to the Water Fund.

E. Construction commitments

The Town had the following construction commitments:

Johnston Building Project

\$ 748,544

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

F. Short-term obligations – Bond anticipation notes

The Town uses bond anticipation notes ("BANs") during the construction period of various public projects prior to the issuance of the bonds at the completion of the project.

Description	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Interest Rate	Balance July 1, 2019	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2020
William J. Johnston Middle School Project William J. Johnston	10/17/2018	10/16/2019	3.00%	\$ 1,810,000	\$ -	\$1,810,000	\$ -
Middle School Project	10/16/2019	10/15/2020	2.00%		2,845,000		2,845,000
Total				\$ 1,810,000	\$2,845,000	\$1,810,000	\$ 2,845,000

In October 2020, the Town issued \$2,845,000 of general obligation bond anticipation notes. These notes mature in October 2021 and have an interest rate of 1.00%.

G. Changes in long-term liabilities

1. Summary of changes

Governmental Activities:

	Original	Date of	Date of	Interest	Interest Balance			Balance	Current	Long-Term
Description	Amount	Issue	Maturity	Rate	July 1, 2019	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2020	Portion	Portion
Bonds:										
General Purpose:										
Bonds	\$ 1,460,000	05/20/10	06/01/21	2.25%-5.00%	\$ 160,000	\$ -	\$ 160,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Refunding bonds	2,075,900	05/20/10	06/01/21	2.25%-5.00%	350,000		175,000	175,000	175,000	
Total general										
purpose bonds	3,535,900				510,000		335,000	175,000	175,000	
School bonds:										
Bonds	1,065,000	05/20/10	06/01/21	2.25%-5.00%	120,000	-	120,000	-	-	-
Bonds	1,994,100	05/20/10	06/01/21	2.25%-5.00%	430,000	-	215,000	215,000	215,000	-
Refunding bonds	8,339,800	02/23/12	06/15/25	2.00%-4.00%	4,080,000	-	820,000	3,260,000	810,000	2,450,000
School bonds	12,000,000	10/03/18	10/15/45	3.00%-5.00%	12,000,000	-	-	12,000,000	350,000	11,650,000
School bonds	7,040,000	10/08/19	10/15/45	2.50%-5.00%	7,040,000			7,040,000		7,040,000
Total school bonds	30,438,900				23,670,000		1,155,000	22,515,000	1,375,000	21,140,000
Total bonds	33,974,800				24,180,000		1,490,000	22,690,000	1,550,000	21,140,000

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

G. Changes in long-term obligations (continued)

	Original	Date of	Date of	Interest	Balance			Balance	Current	Long-Term
Description	Amount	Issue	Maturity	Rate	July 1, 2019	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2020	Portion	Portion
Notes:										
Equipment financing	g notes:									
Energy project	\$ 3,126,409	03/29/13	01/05/25	1.77%	\$ 1,742,020	\$ -	\$ 277,724	\$ 1,464,296	\$ 282,651	\$ 1,181,645
Heavy rescue	460,890	01/27/14	01/27/24	2.25%	231,827		46,774	185,053	47,835	137,218
Total notes	3,587,299	_			1,973,847		324,498	1,649,349	330,486	1,318,863
Total bonds/notes	37,562,099	-			26,153,847	-	1,814,498	24,339,349	1,880,486	22,458,863
Premium				,	278,756	971,425	73,957	1,176,224		1,176,224
Total bonds/notes ar	nd related liabili	ties			26,432,603	971,425	1,888,455	25,515,573	1,880,486	23,635,087
Landfill liability					75,000	-	15,000	60,000	15,000	45,000
Compensated abser	nces				3,365,093	701,991	347,399	3,719,685	371,969	3,347,716
Net pension liability					481,962	430,420	293,275	619,107	-	619,107
OPEB liability					6,808,744	2,155,431	250,148	8,714,027		8,714,027
Total long-term oblig	ations			,	\$ 37,163,402	\$ 4,259,267	\$ 2,794,277	\$ 38,628,392	\$ 2,267,455	\$ 36,360,937

All long-term liabilities are generally liquidated by the general fund.

Business-Type Activities:

Description	Original Amount	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Interest Rate	Balance July 1, 2019	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2020	Current Portion	Long-Term Portion
Notes: Clean Water	\$ 2,496,990	07/31/09	07/31/28	2.12%	\$ 1,253,101	\$ -	\$ 126,445	\$ 1,126,656	\$ 129,151	\$ 997,505

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

G. Changes in long-term obligations (continued)

2. The following is a summary of principal and interest amounts of bond and note maturities:

	Gov	Governmental Activities			oe Activities
Year Ended June 30,	Bond Principal	Note Principal	Total Interest	Note Principal	Note Interest
2021	\$ 1,550,000	\$ 330,486	\$ 853,923	\$ 129,151	\$ 22,635
2022	1,495,000	336,585	783,748	131,916	19,870
2023	1,190,000	342,800	720,410	134,740	17,046
2024	1,180,000	336,229	670,260	137,624	14,162
2025	1,170,000	303,249	620,669	140,571	11,216
2026	780,000	-	567,619	143,580	8,206
2027	780,000	-	531,119	146,654	5,133
2028	780,000	-	497,119	149,793	1,993
2029	780,000	-	463,119	12,627	22
2030	780,000	-	431,619	-	-
2031	780,000	-	402,619	-	-
2032	780,000	-	373,306	-	-
2033	780,000	-	345,081	-	-
2034	780,000	-	317,944	-	-
2035	780,000	-	290,181	-	-
2036	780,000	-	262,106	-	-
2037	780,000	-	235,119	-	-
2038	780,000	-	209,219	-	-
2039	780,000	-	183,006	-	-
2040	780,000	-	156,481	-	-
2041	780,000	-	130,656	-	-
2042	725,000	-	106,500	-	-
2043	725,000	-	83,313	-	-
2044	725,000	-	59,953	-	-
2045	725,000	-	36,141	-	-
2046	725,000		12,044		
Total	\$22,690,000	\$1,649,349	\$9,343,274	\$1,126,656	\$100,283

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

G. Changes in long-term obligations (continued)

3. Assets pledged as collateral

The Town's outstanding equipment financing notes of \$1,649,349 are secured with collateral of the equipment purchased.

4. Statutory debt limitations

The Town's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as required by Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule:

Category	Debit Limit	Net Indebtedness	Balance
General purpose	\$ 89,541,340	\$ 175,000	\$ 89,366,340
Schools	179,082,680	25,360,000	153,722,680
Sewer	149,235,566	-	149,235,566
Urban renewal	129,337,491	-	129,337,491
Pension deficit	119,388,453	-	119,388,453

The total overall statutory debt limit for the Town is equal to seven times prior year annual receipts from taxation, \$278,573,057.

The indebtedness reflected above includes bonds outstanding in addition to the amount of bonds authorized and unissued against which bond anticipation notes are issued and outstanding.

5. Authorized/unissued bonds

The amount of authorized, unissued bonds, net of grants, is as follows:

6. Landfill post-closure care costs

State and Federal laws and regulations require that the Town perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for 30 years. Estimated total current costs of landfill post-closure care is \$60,000 which is based on the amount estimated to be paid for all equipment, facilities and services required to monitor and maintain the landfill. However, the actual cost of monitoring and other post-closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

H. Fund balances and restricted net position

Fund balances are composed of the following:

Fund Balance Component	General Fund	Educational Grants Fund	Capital Reserve Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Johnston Building Project Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Restricted:							
Small cities program	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 68,682	\$ 68,682
General government programs	_	-	-	· <u>-</u>	-	93,726	93,726
Public safety programs	_	-	-	_	_	15,727	15,727
Public works:						·	•
Sewer facility operations	_	_	-	_	_	322,761	322,761
Road infrastructure programs	_	_	-	_	_	978,163	978,163
Community and human services							
programs	-	-	-	-	-	396,965	396,965
Food service program	_	-	-	-	-	25,864	25,864
Education programs	-	124,191	-	-	_	-	124,191
				-			
Total restricted		124,191				1,901,888	2,026,079
Committed:							
Snow reserve program	263,930	_	_	_	_	-	263,930
Education - school security	81,331	_	_	_	_	_	81,331
Senior center owner's representative		_	_	_	_	_	14,799
Public safety programs	, -	_	_	_	_	92,664	92,664
Recreation programs	_	_	_	_	_	233,809	233,809
Education programs	_	_	_	_	_	55,163	55,163
Capital projects			2,497,730	1,482,963		1,393,268	5,373,961
Total committed	360,060		2,497,730	1,482,963		1,774,904	6,115,657
Assigned:							
Public safety	10,687	_	_	_	_	_	10,687
Education	890,560	_	_	_	_	_	890,560
Debt service	52,908		_	_	_	1,003,744	1,056,652
Subsequent year's budget	314,000	_	_	_	_	1,000,744	314,000
oubsequent years budget	014,000						014,000
Total assigned	1,268,155					1,003,744	2,271,899
<u>Unassigned</u>	7,834,677				(3,660,865)	(71,895)	4,101,917
Total	\$9,462,892	\$ 124,191	\$2,497,730	\$1,482,963	\$ (3,660,865)	\$4,608,641	\$14,515,552

General Fund encumbrances totaled \$211,082, which includes \$207,396 of current year encumbrances and \$3,686 carrying from prior year.

The amount of restricted net position, which was restricted by enabling legislation, totaled \$348,625.

I. Deficit fund balances

The Town had deficit fund balances in the following funds:

Fund	Deficit	Deficit will be eliminated by
Miscellaneous grants fund	\$ (71,895)	Future intergovernmental revenues and transfers in.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

IV. Other information

A. Risk management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss including torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. Generally, the Town obtains commercial insurance for these risks, but has chosen to retain limited risks for employee medical claims. The Town contracts with outside organizations to pay claims and provide administrative services. Additionally, insurance coverage has been purchased to limit the Town's liability for worker's compensation and general liability claims. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has not been any significant reductions in insurance coverage from amounts held in prior years.

The Town utilizes a risk management fund (the Internal Service Fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss for medical claims. The fund records all claim expenditures and liabilities when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. All Town departments and agencies are charged premiums by the Internal Service Fund, which are included in department and agency expenditures, to cover the estimated cost of claims payment based on historical cost estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims. Maximum liability to the Town per covered participant is \$125,000 with an aggregate stop loss of 125% of expected claims paid. A third party administers the plan for which the Town pays an administrative fee. Claims liabilities include an estimate of claims incurred but not reported and are the Town's best estimate based on available information.

The Town records all claim expenditures and liabilities when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated in the government-wide statements. The claims liability reported is based upon accounting principles which require that a liability for estimated claims incurred but not reported be accrued. The amount of claim accrual is based on the ultimate costs of settling the claim, which include past experience data, inflation and other future economic and social factors and incremental claim adjustment expenses, net of estimated subrogation recoveries. The claim accrual does not include other allocated or unallocated claims adjustment expenses.

		Current year		
	Claims	Claims and		Claims
	Payable	Changes in	Claims	Payable
	July 1	Estimates	Paid	June 30
Medical insurance				
2018-2019	\$506,588	\$6,581,848	\$6,607,436	\$481,000
2019-2020	481,000	5,885,857	5,849,215	517,642

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

IV. Other information (continued)

B. Commitments and litigation

Amounts received or receivable from Federal and State grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The Town is a defendant in various lawsuits and the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable. In the opinion of the Town attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Town.

C. Contingencies

Coronavirus

In March 2020, the United States declared the outbreak of Coronavirus a national emergency. Similarly, the Governor of the State of Connecticut declared a state of emergency and has since issued over 70 executive orders regarding the pandemic. One of the most significant executive orders required local governments to offer taxpayers/rate payers one or both of the following programs: interest rate reduction program and payment deferral program. The interest rate reduction program reduced the interest rate charged on delinquent taxes/user fees from 18% to 3% for the period April 1, 2020 through October 1, 2020. The payment deferral program also was effective April 1, 2020 for local governments with quarterly payments and July 1, 2020 for those with semi-annual payments. This program allowed taxpayers/rate payers to defer payment of amounts due without incurring any penalty interest until October 1, 2020. The Town implemented the payment deferral and interest rate reduction programs. The impact of these programs on property tax and user fee revenues and delinquent interest collections was not significant during this period. The Town did see an impact on both cafeteria revenues and park and recreation program fees. Cafeteria revenues decreased by \$139,972 or 46%. The Town transferred \$139,260 to the cafeteria fund during the year to support operations.

The state of emergency has had a negative impact on the Town's economically sensitive revenues such as park and recreation program fees, interest earnings and certain other charges for services for the last quarter of the fiscal year and the impact continues into the 2021 fiscal year. On the expenditure side, expenditures for health and safety measures, including additional personnel costs, technology and supplies are expected to increase and may exceed adopted budgets. There continues to be uncertainty related to the duration, possible reemergence and future severity of the pandemic, as well as to what actions may be taken by the Federal government, the State of Connecticut and health care authorities to contain or mitigate its effects. This includes the nature and extent of any financial support.

The Town is continuously monitoring its financial condition and will take proactive measures as necessary to maintain operations and meet its obligations. Given this level of uncertainty, management cannot reasonably estimate the complete impact on the Town's future financial position at this time.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

V. Pensions and other post-employment benefit ("OPEB") plans

A. Town pension plans

1. Plan description

a. Plan administration

The Town is the administrator of a single-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered by the Town to provide benefits that covers the Police department employees of the Town, the Town of Colchester Police Department Retirement Plan ("Plan"). The plan is considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial reports as a pension trust fund. The Plan was established by Town Meeting. The plan does not issue a standalone report. Benefits and refunds of post-employment defined benefit plans are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan. The Town's General Fund contributes an amount as recommended by their Actuary to fund the net pension obligations.

Benefits and contributions are established by the Town, via negotiated contracts, and may be amended only by the approval of the Board of Selectmen, and as agreed upon with the appropriate bargaining unit. The Plan is closed to employees hired on or after January 1, 2012.

The general administration and management of the plan and the responsibility for carrying out the provisions of the plan shall be placed in the Colchester Retirement Board. This Board is appointed by the Board of Selectmen and consists of a representative of the Board of Selectmen, a representative of the Board of Finance, the Town Treasurer, and two electors of the Town. The Chief Financial Officer is a nonvoting ex officio member.

b. Plan membership

As of July 1, 2018, the memberships in the Plan is comprised of the following:

Active members 9

2. Benefit provisions

Normal retirement	20 years of service
Benefit calculation	2.5% of final average salary multiplied by years of service. Maximum benefit of 60% of final average salary
Final average compensation	Highest 3 years of base salary
Vesting - service	10 years
Vesting - amount	100% of accrued benefit
Pre-retirement death benefit amount	Lump sum equal to the participant's employee contributions
Post-retirement death benefit amount	100%, 75% or 50% depending on the participant's annuity selection
Cost of living increases	2.5%

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

A. Town pension plans (continued)

3. Contributions

Contribution requirements of the plan members and the Town are established, and may be amended, by the Board of Selectmen and collectively bargained contracts.

The Town is required to contribute amounts necessary to fund benefits. The Town's contributions to the plan are actuarially determined on an annual basis. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings.

Employee contributions	12	.50%
Town average contribution rate as a percentage	10	.85%
of covered payroll was	13	.00 /0

4. Investments

a. Investment policy

The pension plans' policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Retirement Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the Town's Retirement Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes.

The following is the Board's adopted asset allocation policy for the plans:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Cash Equities Fixed income	4.00% 64.00% 32.00%
Total	100.00%

b. Concentrations

There were no investments in any one organization that represented 5% or more of the pension plan's net position.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

A. Town pension plans (continued)

c. Rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are as follows:

	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Rate of Return
Cash Equities Fixed income	0.00% 5.25% 2.00%
Long-term expected nominal rate of return	6.60%

d. Annual money-weighted rate of return

The annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 2.31%.

The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

5. Net pension liability

The components of the net pension liability were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 3,610,990
Plan fiduciary net position	2,991,883
Net pension liability	\$ 619,107
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	<u>82.85%</u>

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

A. Town pension plans (continued)

6. Actuarial methods and significant assumptions

The net pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date
Actuarial cost method
Asset valuation method
Investment rate of return
Inflation
Salary increases
Cost of living adjustments
Mortality rates

July 1, 2018	
Entry age normal	
Fair value	
7.00%	
2.60%	
2.60% plus Service Merit Scale	
2.50%	
RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected to valuation date with Scale MP-2018	

7. Changes from prior year

a. Changes in assumptions

There were no changes in assumptions.

b. Changes in benefit terms

There were no changes in benefit terms.

8. Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's projected fiduciary net position will be sufficient to cover projected benefit payments and administrative expenses indefinitely. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was used to discount plan liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

A. Town pension plans (continued)

9. Changes in the net pension liability

The Town's net pension liability was measured at June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018. The changes in net pension liability were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balance at July 1, 2019	\$ 3,217,801	\$ 2,735,839	\$ 481,962	
Service cost	192,980	-	192,980	
Interest	237,240	-	237,240	
Contributions - employer	-	145,500	(145,500)	
Contributions - member	-	82,692	(82,692)	
Net investment income	-	65,083	(65,083)	
Benefit payments, including refunds				
of member contributions	(37,031)	(37,031)	-	
Administration		(200)	200	
Net change	393,189	256,044	137,145	
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 3,610,990	\$ 2,991,883	\$ 619,107	

10. Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
Net pension liability	\$1,268,821	\$ 619,107_	\$ 100,685

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

A. Town pension plans (continued)

11. Pension expense and deferred outflows and inflows of resources

The Town recognized pension expense of \$200,638 for the plan.

The Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description of Outflows/Inflows	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Net
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ (139,779)	\$ (139,779)
Changes in assumptions	80,236	(39,826)	40,410
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	145,041		145,041
Total	\$ 225,277	\$ (179,605)	\$ 45,672

Actual investment earnings below (or above) projected earnings are amortized over 5 years. Changes of assumptions and experience losses (gains) are amortized over the average remaining service period of actives and inactive employees, which was 11.0 years.

The amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30		
2021		\$ 26,191
2022		33,219
2023		25,933
2024		15,538
2025		(11,040)
Thereafter	_	(44,169)
Total		\$ 45,672

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

B. Defined contribution retirement savings plan and deferred compensation plan

Town employees are eligible to participate in a defined contribution plan administered by the Town. The benefits and contribution requirements are established by approval of the Board of Selectman.

Defined contribution plan

All Town employees, other than police officers hired prior to January 1, 2012, who are regularly scheduled to work at least 35 hours per week, must participate in a Section 401(a) defined contribution plan. Employees who are regularly scheduled to work at least 30 hours per week are eligible to participate in the plan.

The contribution from both the Town and employees ranges from 6.00% to 8.00% of base pay for full-time employees and from 3.00% to 5.50% for part-time employees.

The Town contributions for each employee are vested 20% per year over five years. Voluntary contributions are allowed in combination with the Town's contribution up to the maximum amount allowed by IRS regulations.

Deferred compensation plan

All full-time and part-time Town employees have the option of contributing to the Town's Section 457 plan. The Town does not make matching contributions to the 457 plan.

Education employees participate in a Section 457 plan. This plan covers all regular full-time employees except teachers and administrators covered by the Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System. As defined by union contracts and non-union employee salary and benefit agreements, the Board of Education will make contributions ranging from 3.00% to 7.00% of base pay. The Education employees may also participate on a voluntary basis in a 403(b) plan. With the exception of the Superintendent of Schools and the members of the School Administrators union, the Board of Education does not make contributions to the employees' 403(b) plan.

During the year, the employer contributions for both plans were \$548,776 and employee contributions were \$718,274.

C. Connecticut state teachers' retirement system

1. Plan description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS"), a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement Board ("TRB"). Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov/trb.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

C. Connecticut state teachers' retirement system (continued)

2. Benefit provisions

Normal retirement	Age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut
Benefit calculation	2.00% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the 3 years of highest salary)
Early retirement	25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service
Early retirement amount	Benefit amounts are reduced by 6.00% per year for the first 5 years preceding normal retirement age and 4.00% per year for the next 5 years preceding the normal retirement age. Effective July 1, 1999, the reduction for individuals with 30 or more years of service is 3.00% per year by which retirement precedes normal retirement date
Service connected disability amount	2.00% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary. In addition, disability benefits under this plan (without regard to cost-of-living adjustments) plus any initial award of social security benefits and workers' compensation cannot exceed 75% of annual average salary
Non-service connected disability service requirement	Five years of credited service
Vesting - service	10 years of service
Vesting - amount	100%
Pre-retirement death benefit amount	Lump-sum return of contributions with interest or surviving spouse benefit depending on length of service

3. Contributions

State of Connecticut

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are amended and certified by the State Teachers' Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly. The contributions are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions and investment earnings, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

C. Connecticut state teachers' retirement system (continued)

Employer (school districts)

School district employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

Employees

Each teacher is required to contribute 7.00% of their salary for the pension benefit.

4. Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

The Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amounts recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town	77,141,798
Total	\$ 77,141,798

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. The Town has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

During the year the Town recognized pension expense and revenue of \$5,839,223 for on-behalf amounts for contributions to the plan by the State.

5. Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	6.90%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.25-6.50%, including inflation
Mortality rates	Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

C. Connecticut state teachers' retirement system (continued)

Future cost-of-living increases - For teachers who retired prior to September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made in accordance with increases in the Consumer Price Index, with a minimum of 3.00% and a maximum of 5.00% per annum. For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System before July 1, 2007, and retire on or after September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for social security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 6.00% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 8.50%, the maximum increase is 1.50%. For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System after July 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for social security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 5.00% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 11.50%, the maximum increase is 3.00%, and if the return on the assets in the previous year was less than 8.50%, the maximum increase is 1.00%.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2015.

Changes in assumptions and inputs

- The inflation assumption was decreased from 2.75% to 2.50%.
- The investment rate of return was decreased from 8.00% to 6.90%.

Long-term expected rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Public equity - US equity	20.00%	8.10%
Public equity - international developed equity	11.00%	8.50%
Public equity - emerging markets equity	9.00%	10.40%
Fixed income - core fixed income	16.00%	4.60%
Fixed income - inflation linked bonds	5.00%	3.60%
Fixed income - high yield	6.00%	6.50%
Fixed income - emerging market debt	5.00%	5.20%
Private equity	10.00%	9.80%
Real estate	10.00%	7.00%
Alternative investments - real assets	4.00%	8.20%
Alternative investments - hedge funds	3.00%	5.40%
Liquidity fund	1.00%	2.90%
Total	100.0%	

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

C. Connecticut state teachers' retirement system (continued)

6. Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

7. Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$0 and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

8. Plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of Connecticut Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019.

D. Other post-employment benefit ("OPEB") plan

1. Plan description

a. Plan administration

The Town administers a single-employer, post-retirement healthcare plan for the Town and Board of Education Other Post-Employment Benefits ("OPEB"). The Town and the Board of Education plan provides medical, dental and life insurance benefits for eligible retirees and their spouses. The plan does not have assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement No. 75. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

b. Plan membership

As of July 1, 2019, the plan's membership consisted of:

	Town
Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	24
Active members	459
Total	483

2. Benefit provisions

The plan provides for medical, dental and life insurance benefits for all eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefits and contributions are established by contract and State Statutes and may be amended by union negotiations.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

D. Other post-employment benefit ("OPEB") plan (continued)

3. Contributions

Employees	0%
Library, Town Hall retirees	Non-Medicare eligible employees hired prior to July 1, 2009 with 10 years of service - access to medical coverage for up to 5 years or upon retiree's eligibility for Medicare D coverage. Retiree pays 100% of the cost
Municipal, Town Administrators retirees	Non-Medicare eligible employees - access to medical coverage for up to 5 years or upon retiree's eligibility for Medicare D coverage. Retiree pays 100% of the cost
Noncertified education retirees	20 years of service - access to medical plan. Retiree pays 100% of the cost
Teachers and administrators	Teachers who no longer work for the Board of Education are allowed by State Statute to participate in the Town's group medical insurance plan until they formally begin receiving benefits from the State Teachers' Retirement Plan. These retirees are required to contribute the cost of the insurance to the Town
Employer	Funding the plan on a pay as you go basis

4. Actuarial methods and significant assumptions:

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Valuation date	July 1, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percent
Discount rate	2.21%
Salary increases	Graded based on service for teachers and administrators; 3.50% for all others
Healthcare cost trend rates:	
Inflation	2.60%
Initial medical trend rate	6.40%
Ultimate medical trend rate	4.10%

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

D. Other post-employment benefit ("OPEB") plan (continued)

Mortality rates

Teachers and Administrators: RPH-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80 projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale and further adjusted to grade in increases (5% for females and 8% for males) to rates over age 80

Police and Fire: PubS-2010 Mortality Table with generational projection per MP ultimate scale

All Others: PubG-2010 Mortality Table with generational projection per MP ultimate scale

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Index as of the measurement date.

5. Changes from prior year

a. Changes in assumptions

The Town's plan had the following changes in assumptions:

- The discount rate decreased from 3.50% to 2.21%.
- The inflation rate decreased from 2.75% to 2.60%.
- The healthcare cost trend rate changed from 5.80% 4.70% over 65 years to 6.40% 4.10% over 54 years.

b. Changes in benefit terms

There were no changes in benefit terms.

6. Changes in the total OPEB liability

The Town's OPEB liability was measured at June 30, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019.

Balance at July 1, 2019	\$ 6,808,744
Service cost	298,808
Interest	244,424
Differences between expected and actual experience	524,866
Changes in assumptions	1,087,333
Benefit payments, including refunds	
of member contributions	(250,148)
Net change	1,905,283
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 8,714,027

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

D. Other post-employment benefit ("OPEB") plan (continued)

7. Sensitivity of the OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the OPEB liability, as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

		Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
OPEB Liability	\$ 9,727,872	\$ 8,714,027	\$ 7,852,528	

8. Sensitivity of the OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate

The following presents the OPEB liability, as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current trend rates:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
OPEB Liability	\$ 7,568,679	\$ 8,714,027	\$10,119,830

9. OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB

For the fiscal year, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$810,303. The Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Description of Inflows	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Net
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 442,856	\$ -	\$ 442,856
Changes in assumptions	1,096,479	(93,898)	1,002,581
Total	\$1,539,335	\$ (93,898)	\$1,445,437

Experience losses (gains) are amortized over the average remaining service period of actives and inactives, which was 6.4 years.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

D. Other post-employment benefit ("OPEB") plan (continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2021	\$ 267,071
2022	267,071
2023	267,071
2024	267,071
2025	267,071
Thereafter	 110,082
Total	\$ 1.445.437

E. Connecticut state teachers' retirement board retiree health insurance plan

1. Plan description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools that are currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit through the Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System are eligible to participate in the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System Retiree Health Insurance Plan ("TRS-RHIP") - a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other post-employment benefit plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement Board ("TRB"). Chapter 167a Section 10-183t of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS-RHIP issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov/trb.

2. Benefit provisions

The Plan provides for retiree health insurance benefits. Eligibility is as follows:

Normal retirement	Age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut
Early retirement	25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service
Service connected disability service requirement	No service requirement
Non-service connected disability service requirement	Five years of credited service
Vesting - service	10 years of service

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

E. Connecticut state teachers' retirement board retiree health insurance plan (continued)

Retiree health care coverage

Any member that is currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit is eligible to participate in the Plan. There are two types of the health care benefits offered through the system. Subsidized Local School District Coverage provides a subsidy paid to members still receiving coverage through their former employer and the TRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans provide coverage for those participating in Medicare, but not receiving Subsidized Local School District Coverage.

Any member that is not currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to continue health care coverage with their former employer. A subsidy of up to \$110 per month for a retired member plus an additional \$110 per month for a spouse enrolled in a local school district plan is provided to the school district to first offset the retiree's share of the cost of coverage, any remaining portion is used to offset the district's cost.

The subsidy amount is set by statute, and has not increased since July of 1996. A subsidy amount of \$220 per month may be paid for a retired member, spouse or the surviving spouse of a member who has attained the normal retirement age to participate in Medicare, is not eligible for Part A of Medicare without cost, and contributes at least \$220 per month towards coverage under a local school district plan.

Any member that is currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to either continue health care coverage with their former employer, if offered, or enroll in the plan sponsored by the System. If they elect to remain in the plan with their former employer, the same subsidies as above will be paid to offset the cost of coverage.

If a member participating in Medicare Parts A & B so elects, they may enroll in one of the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans. Active members, retirees, and the State pay equally toward the cost of the basic coverage (medical and prescription drug benefits).

Those participants electing vision, hearing, and/or dental are required by the System's funding policy to pay the full cost of coverage for these benefits, and no liability is assumed by the Plan for these benefits.

Survivor health care coverage

Survivors of former employees or retirees remain eligible to participate in the Plan and continue to be eligible to receive either the \$110 monthly subsidy or participate in the TRB-Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans, as long as they do not remarry.

3. Contributions

State of Connecticut

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z, contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are amended and certified by the State Teachers' Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly. The State contributions are not currently actuarially funded. The State appropriates from the General Fund one third of the annual costs of the Plan. Administrative costs of the Plan are financed by the State. Based upon Chapter 167a, Subsection D of Section 10-183t of the Connecticut statutes, it is assumed the State will pay for any long-term shortfall arising from insufficient active member contributions.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

E. Connecticut state teachers' retirement board retiree health insurance plan (continued)

Employer (school districts)

School district employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

Employees

Each member is required to contribute 1.25% of their annual salary.

4. OPEB liabilities, OPEB expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB

The Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amounts recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	
associated with the Town	12,030,700
Total	\$ 12,030,700

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. The Town has no proportionate share of the net OPEB liability.

The Town recognized OPEB expense and revenue of \$159,591 for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State.

5. Actuarial methods and significant assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	3.00%
Inflation	2.50%
Health care cost trend rate	
Pre-Medicare	5.95% decreasing to 4.75% by 2025
Medicare	5.00% decreasing to 4.75% by 2028
Salary increases	3.25-6.50%, including inflation
Mortality rates	Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale
Year fund net position will be depleted	2020

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2015.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

E. Connecticut state teachers' retirement board retiree health insurance plan (continued)

Changes in assumptions and inputs

 The discount rate was decreased from 3.87% to 3.50% to reflect the change in the Municipal Bond Index rate.

Additionally, expected annual per capita claims costs were updated to better reflect anticipated medical and prescription drug claim experience both before and after the plan change that became effective on January 1, 2019. Further, the expected rate of inflation was decreased and the Real Wage Growth assumption was increased.

Long-term expected rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

All the plan assets are assumed to be invested in cash equivalents due to the need for liquidity. The expected rate of return is 3.00%.

6. Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.50%. The Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination in the discount rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that no future employer contributions were assumed to be made.

7. Sensitivity of the OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is \$0 and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

8. Plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the Connecticut State Teachers' OPEB Plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of Connecticut Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019.

VI. Fund reclassifications

The following funds were reclassified during the year.

Fund From		To	Amount	
Capital projects fund Animal control fund	Other governmental funds Other governmental funds	Major Fund General Fund	\$ 1,752,467 980	

Required Supplementary Information

Туре	Description			
Budgetary	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Other Financing Uses - Budget and Actual - General Fund			
Buugetary	Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Budgets and Budgetary Accounting			
Pension Plans Police State Teachers' Retirement System	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios and Schedule of Investment Returns			
	Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability			
	Schedule of Contributions			
	Notes to Required Supplementary Information			
Other Post-Employment Benefits Plans Town State Teacher's Retirement Board Retiree	Schedule of Changes in OPEB Liability and Related Ratios			
Health Insurance Plan	Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability			
	Schedule of Contributions			
	Notes to Required Supplementary Information			

Required Supplementary Information

General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Original Budget	Additional Appropriations and Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
\$ 40,304,659 550,000 330,000	\$ - - -	\$40,304,659 550,000 330,000	\$40,182,494 300,629 276,035	\$ (122,165) (249,371) (53,965)
41,184,659	<u> </u>	41,184,659	40,759,158	(425,501)
500,000 12,359,179	- 	500,000 12,359,179	369,346 12,299,883	(130,654) (59,296)
12,859,179	<u> </u>	12,859,179	12,669,229	(189,950)
134,167 74,928 1,674 7,211 116,454 23,167 5,000 17,000	- - - - - - -	134,167 74,928 1,674 7,211 116,454 23,167 5,000 17,000	134,167 74,928 1,610 7,357 115,954 23,167 6,790 17,732 35,668	- (64) 146 (500) - 1,790 732 35,668
379,601		379,601	417,373	37,772
13,238,780		13,238,780	13,086,602	(152,178)
575,000 12,000 240 470 127,500 5,500 3,900 245,000 185,000 700 200 550 16,500 150 87,000 1,200 8,500	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	575,000 12,000 240 470 127,500 5,500 3,900 245,000 185,000 13,000 700 200 550 16,500 150 87,000 1,200 8,500	490,915 3,734 60 240 138,071 6,570 31,968 470,120 189,006 13,250 1,350 206 527 16,097 123 107,450 1,340 4,480	(84,085) (8,266) (180) (230) 10,571 1,070 28,068 225,120 4,006 250 650 6 (23) (403) (27) 20,450 140 (4,020)
	\$40,304,659 550,000 330,000 41,184,659 500,000 12,359,179 12,859,179 12,859,179 134,167 74,928 1,674 7,211 116,454 23,167 5,000 17,000 379,601 13,238,780 575,000 12,000 12,000 240 470 127,500 5,500 3,900 245,000 13,000 700 200 550 16,500 150 87,000 1,200 1,200	Original Budget Appropriations and Transfers \$ 40,304,659 \$ - 550,000 - 330,000 - 41,184,659 - 500,000 - 12,359,179 - 134,167 - 74,928 - 1,674 - 7,211 - 116,454 - 23,167 - 5,000 - 17,000 - - - 379,601 - 13,238,780 - 575,000 - 12,000 - 240 - 470 - 12,500 - 3,900 - 245,000 - 13,000 - 700 - 200 - 550 - 16,500 - 150 - 87,000 - 1,200 -	Original Budget Appropriations and Transfers Final Budget \$ 40,304,659 \$ - \$40,304,659 \$50,000 - \$50,000 330,000 - 330,000 41,184,659 - 41,184,659 500,000 - 500,000 12,359,179 - 12,859,179 134,167 - 134,167 74,928 - 74,928 1,674 - 1,674 7,211 - 7,211 116,454 - 116,454 23,167 - 23,167 5,000 - 5,000 17,000 - 17,000 - - - 379,601 - 379,601 13,238,780 - 13,238,780 575,000 - 5,500 3,900 - 5,500 3,900 - 3,900 240 - 240 470 - 470 <tr< td=""><td>Original Budget Appropriations and Transfers Final Budget Actual \$ 40,304,659 \$ - \$40,304,659 \$40,182,494 550,000 - 550,000 300,629 330,000 - 550,000 276,035 41,184,659 - 41,184,659 40,759,158 500,000 - 500,000 369,346 12,359,179 - 12,359,179 12,299,883 12,859,179 - 12,859,179 12,299,883 12,859,179 - 12,859,179 12,669,229 134,167 - 134,167 134,167 134,167 74,928 - 74,928 74,928 74,928 1,674 - 1,674 1,610 7,211 7,211 7,211 7,211 7,211 7,211 7,357 116,454 - 116,454 115,954 23,167 23,167 23,167 5,000 6,790 17,000 - 5,000 6,790 17,732 - 35,668</td></tr<>	Original Budget Appropriations and Transfers Final Budget Actual \$ 40,304,659 \$ - \$40,304,659 \$40,182,494 550,000 - 550,000 300,629 330,000 - 550,000 276,035 41,184,659 - 41,184,659 40,759,158 500,000 - 500,000 369,346 12,359,179 - 12,359,179 12,299,883 12,859,179 - 12,859,179 12,299,883 12,859,179 - 12,859,179 12,669,229 134,167 - 134,167 134,167 134,167 74,928 - 74,928 74,928 74,928 1,674 - 1,674 1,610 7,211 7,211 7,211 7,211 7,211 7,211 7,357 116,454 - 116,454 115,954 23,167 23,167 23,167 5,000 6,790 17,000 - 5,000 6,790 17,732 - 35,668

(Continued)

Town of Colchester, Connecticut Required Supplementary Information

General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Additional Appropriations and Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Charges for services: (continued) Library fines and fees Dial-A-ride Recording fees	\$ 7,600 3,150 2,000	\$ - - -	\$ 7,600 3,150 2,000	\$ 4,312 2,225 1,751	\$ (3,288) (925) (249)
Total charges for services	1,295,160	-	1,295,160	1,483,795	188,635
Income from investments	225,000		225,000	269,519	44,519
Other: Tuition Telecommunications tax State fund for building inspection Elderly housing Miscellaneous Insurance reimbursements Recovery	402,038 27,000 1,000 14,350 5,000	- - - - - - 31,250	402,038 27,000 1,000 14,350 5,000 - 31,250	487,501 27,341 - 15,774 4,659 125 57,902	85,463 341 (1,000) 1,424 (341) 125 26,652
Total other	449,388	31,250	480,638	593,302	112,664
Total revenues	56,392,987	31,250	56,424,237	56,192,376	(231,861)
Expenditures and other financing uses: General government: Boards and commissions Contingency First selectman Human resources Finance Tax collector Assessor Planning and code administration Town clerk Elections Insurances Probate Information technology	35,870 60,212 249,564 66,880 308,574 171,559 311,234 478,181 172,189 71,482 1,683,540 5,271 116,789	- (54,577) 27,500 17,500 (20,000) - 16,000 (13,750) - - - - 20,000	35,870 5,635 277,064 84,380 288,574 171,559 327,234 464,431 172,189 71,482 1,683,540 5,271 136,789	21,830 - 274,339 74,957 267,547 160,919 302,926 430,275 164,373 61,865 1,672,753 5,271	14,040 5,635 2,725 9,423 21,027 10,640 24,308 34,156 7,816 9,617 10,787
Total general government	3,731,345	(7,327)	3,724,018	3,567,600	156,418
Public safety: Police Fire Emergency management Total public safety	1,605,865 1,347,973 18,858 2,972,696	30,827	1,605,865 1,378,800 18,858 3,003,523	1,575,189 1,282,789 16,696 2,874,674	30,676 96,011 2,162 128,849
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(Continued)

Required Supplementary Information

General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Additional Appropriations and Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Public works: Public works administration Highway Fleet maintenance Grounds maintenance Snow removal Transfer station Facilities Engineering	\$ 177,289 1,605,254 390,501 504,931 495,165 312,583 125,539 118,796	\$ - - - (153,627) - -	\$ 177,289 1,605,254 390,501 504,931 341,538 312,583 125,539 118,796	\$ 175,791 1,454,528 380,727 473,450 341,537 275,201 107,054 117,300	\$ 1,498 150,726 9,774 31,481 1 37,382 18,485 1,496
Total public works	3,730,058	(153,627)	3,576,431	3,325,588	250,843
Community and human services: Cragin memorial library Parks and recreation Senior services Youth and social services Community agencies Health services	609,796 155,011 299,870 388,949 25,000 189,944	7,750 - - - - -	609,796 162,761 299,870 388,949 25,000 189,944	593,716 153,629 291,523 340,982 25,000 189,944	16,080 9,132 8,347 47,967 -
Total community and human services	1,668,570	7,750	1,676,320	1,594,794	81,526
Education	41,237,122	367,098	41,604,220	41,262,496	341,724
Debt service	2,075,164		2,075,164	2,075,164	
Total expenditures	55,414,955	244,721	55,659,676	54,700,316	959,360
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	978,032	(213,471)	764,561	1,492,060	727,499
Other financing uses: Transfers out	978,032	200,618	1,178,650	1,178,650	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ (414,089)	\$ (414,089)	313,410	\$ 727,499
Fund balance - July 1, 2019				8,774,481	
Fund balance - June 30, 2020				\$ 9,087,891	

(Concluded)

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Town adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data included in the general fund financial statements. The operating budget, which is prepared by function and department, includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

This budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (modified accrual basis) with the following exceptions:

- 1. Encumbrances are recognized as valid and proper charges against budget appropriations in the year in which the order is issued and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reflected in the required supplementary information general fund budget and actual as expenditures in the current year but are reported as assigned fund balance on a GAAP basis.
- 2. The Town does not budget for the total revenue or expenditures for the excess cost grant.
- 3. Certain transfers out that were budgeted as expenditures.
- 4. Certain funds that are required to be reported as part of the general fund under the requirement of GASB No. 54.
- 5. The Town does not budget for as revenue or expenditures payments made for the State Teachers' pension and OPEB by the State of Connecticut on the Town's behalf.

Reconciliation to Exhibit D	Revenues	Expenditures	Fund Balance
Budgetary Basis - RSI-1	\$56,192,376	\$ 54,700,316	\$ 9,087,891
Prior year encumbrances liquidated in the current year	-	94,252	(94,252)
Current year encumbrances charged to budgetary expenditures	-	(207,396)	207,396
Excess cost grant	306,115	306,115	-
Transfers out budgeted as expenditures	-	(892,566)	-
Other funds (Schedule 2)	3,021	52,386	261,857
State Teachers' pension on behalf amount	5,839,223	5,839,223	-
State Teachers' OPEB on behalf amount	159,591	159,591	
GAAP Basis - Exhibit D	\$62,500,326	\$ 60,051,921	\$ 9,462,892

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.

Town department heads, except for education, submit expenditure requests to the First Selectmen. The First Selectmen after review of these initial estimates, compiles the revised estimates and submits them to the Board of Finance. The Education Department submits its requests directly to the Board of Finance.

(Continued)

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

At least two public hearings are held on the budget before the annual budget meeting. At the annual budget meeting, the Town voters in attendance may reduce, but not increase, the Board of Selectmen budget and/or the Board of Education budget. The annual budget meeting is automatically continued to the annual budget referendum. The budget becomes effective when approved at the annual budget referendum.

The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the department level.

Supplemental budget appropriations must be approved by the Board of Finance and, if in excess of 2.00% of the budget to which the supplemental appropriation is being made, recommended to the Town Meeting for approval. Supplemental budget appropriations equal to or in excess of 3.00% require a special budget referendum.

The Board of Finance is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments as recommended by the Board of Selectmen.

The Board of Education is authorized under state law to make any transfers required within their budget at their discretion. Any additional appropriations must have Board of Education and Board of Finance approval and, if over 2.00% of the annual budget, Town Meeting approval. Supplemental budget appropriations equal to or in excess of 3.00% require a special budget referendum.

There were additional appropriations of \$445,339 from the following sources:

Fund balance Other revenues	\$ 414,089 31,250
Total	\$ 445,339

(Concluded)

Required Supplementary Information

Police Retirement Plan Last Seven Years (1)

		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios								
	Total pension liability: Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	\$ 192,980 237,240 - (37,031)	\$ 196,330 217,753 (62,034) (48,676)	\$ 187,875 190,663 - -	\$ 183,453 177,808 (128,587) 115,896	\$ 175,553 152,603 - -	\$ 167,993 130,517 - (23,169)	\$ 178,216 106,587 234,034 (356,174)
	Net change in total pension liability	393,189	303,373	378,538	348,570	328,156	275,341	162,663
	Total pension liability - July 1	3,217,801	2,914,428	2,535,890	2,187,320	1,859,164	1,583,823	1,421,160
	Total pension liability - June 30 (a)	\$3,610,990	\$3,217,801	\$2,914,428	\$2,535,890	\$2,187,320	\$1,859,164	\$1,583,823
75	Plan fiduciary net position: Contributions - employer Contributions - member Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administration	\$ 145,500 82,692 65,083 (37,031) (200)	\$ 148,899 90,458 122,568	\$ 142,578 88,107 113,723	\$ 121,754 85,202 167,058	\$ 105,755 82,346 (5,796)	\$ 100,616 81,805 26,378 (23,169)	\$ 105,624 86,864 149,423 -
	Net change in plan fiduciary net position	256,044	361,925	344,408	374,014	182,305	185,630	341,911
	Plan fiduciary net position - July 1	2,735,839	2,373,914	2,029,506	1,655,492	1,473,187	1,287,557	945,646
	Plan fiduciary net position - June 30 (b)	\$2,991,883	\$2,735,839	\$2,373,914	\$2,029,506	\$1,655,492	\$1,473,187	\$1,287,557
	Net pension liability - June 30 (a)-(b)	\$ 619,107	\$ 481,962	\$ 540,514	\$ 506,384	\$ 531,828	\$ 385,977	\$ 296,266
	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	82.85%	85.02%	81.45%	80.03%	75.69%	79.24%	81.29%
	Covered payroll	\$ 732,871	\$ 705,453	\$ 693,575	\$ 665,300	\$ 743,711	\$ 694,695	\$ 662,403
	Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	84.48%	68.32%	77.93%	76.11%	71.51%	55.56%	44.73%
	S	Schedule of In	vestment Retu	rns				
	Annual money weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	2.31%	4.94%	5.33%	9.56%	-0.37%	1.93%	14.47%

⁽¹⁾ These schedules are intended to present information for 10 years. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

Required Supplementary Information

Police Retirement Plan Schedule of Contributions Last Ten Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	
Actuarially determined contributions	\$ 147,856	\$ 149,560	\$ 145,300	\$ 123,370	\$ 119,514	\$ 106,914	\$ 101,215	\$ 82,202	\$ 74,068	\$ 93,178	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially											
determined contribution	145,500	148,899	142,578	121,754	105,755	100,616	105,624	88,321	101,034	86,428	
Contribution excess (deficiency)	\$ (2,356)	\$ (661)	\$ (2,722)	\$ (1,616)	\$ (13,759)	\$ (6,298)	\$ 4,409	\$ 6,119	\$ 26,966	\$ (6,750)	
Covered payroll	\$ 732,871	\$ 705,453	\$ 693,575	\$ 665,300	\$ 743,711	\$ 694,695	\$ 662,403	\$ 633,878	\$ 571,675	\$ 421,643	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.85%	21.11%	20.56%	18.30%	14.22%	14.48%	15.95%	13.93%	17.67%	20.50%	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Police Retirement Plan Schedule of Contributions Last 10 Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Changes of Benefit Terms	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
The actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated	7///00/10	=14/0040	=///00/10	=1110011	=14/0044	=14/0040	- ///00/10	- ///00//	- ///00/10	7///00/10
as of	7/1/2018	7/1/2016	7/1/2016	7/1/2014	7/1/2014	7/1/2012	7/1/2012	7/1/2011	7/1/2010	7/1/2010
Actuarial methods and assumptions	used to determin	e contribution rat	tes:							
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age	Projected unit	Projected unit	Projected unit	Projected unit	Projected unit
	normal	normal	normal	normal	normal	credit	credit	credit	credit	credit
Amortization Method	Level dollar	Level dollar	Level dollar	Level dollar	Level dollar	Level dollar	Level dollar	Level dollar	Level dollar	Level dollar
Asset Valuation Method	Fair value	Fair value	Fair value	Fair value	Fair value	Fair value	Fair value	Fair value	Fair value	Fair value
Inflation	2.60%	2.75%	2.75%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Salary Increases	2.50% plus Service Merit Scale	2.75% plus Service Merit Scale	2.75% plus Service Merit Scale	5.00% (3.50% cost-of living, 1.50% steps)	5.00% (3.50% cost-of living, 1.50% steps)	5.00% (3.50% cost-of living, 1.50% steps)	5.00% (3.50% cost-of living, 1.50% steps)	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%
Post-Retirement Cost of Living Adjustments	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
Investment Rate of Return (net)	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%
Mortality Rate	RP-2014 Mortality Adjusted to 2006 Blue Collar Mortality projected to valuation date with Scale MP- 2018	RP-2014 Mortality Adjusted to 2006 Blue Collar Mortality projected to valuation date with Scale MP- 2016	RP-2014 Mortality Adjusted to 2006 Blue Collar Mortality projected to valuation date with Scale MP- 2016	projected to the valuation	RP-2000 Mortality Table projected to the valuation date with Scale AA	projected to the valuation	projected to the valuation	N/A	N/A	N/A

Required Supplementary Information

Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System Last Six Years (3)

	2020 2019		2018	2017	2016	2015	
Schedule of Prop	ortionate Share	of the Net Pens	sion Liability				
Town's proportion of the net pension liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
State of Connecticut's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town	77,141,798	59,480,808	63,053,688	66,522,123	53,087,310	49,068,579	
Total	\$77,141,798	\$59,480,808	\$63,053,688	\$66,522,123	\$ 53,087,310	\$ 49,068,579	
Town's covered payroll	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	52.00%	57.69%	55.93%	52.26%	59.50%	61.56%	
	Schedule of Cor	ntributions					
Contractually required contribution (1)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution							
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Town's covered payroll	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	

- (1) Local employers are not required to contribute to the plan
- (2) Not applicable since 0% proportional share of the net pension liability
- (3) These schedules are intended to present information for 10 years. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System Schedule of Contributions Last Six Years (1)

	2020	2019	2019 2018 2		2016	2015
Changes of Benefit Terms	None	Beginning January 1, 2018, member contributions increased from 6% to 7% of salary	None	None	None	None
The actuarially determined contribution						
rates are calculated as of	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2014
Actuarial methods and assumptions used t	o determine contribution	rates:				
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age
Amortization Method	Level percent of salary, closed	Level percent of salary, closed	Level percent of salary, closed			
Remaining Amortization Period	17.6 years	17.6 years	20.4 years	20.4 years	21.4 years	22.4 years
Asset Valuation Method	4 year smoothing	4 year smoothing	4 year smoothing	4 year smoothing	4 year smoothing	4 year smoothing
Inflation	2.50%	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%	3.00%	3.00%
Salary Increases	3.25%-6.50%, average, including inflation	3.25%-6.50%, average, including inflation	3.25%-6.50%, average, including inflation	3.25%-6.50%, average, including inflation	3.75%-7.00%, average, including inflation	3.75%-7.00%, average, including inflation
Investment Rate of Return (net)	6.90%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.50%	8.50%
Mortality Rate	RP-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale	RP-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale	RP-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale	RP-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale	RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected 19 years using scale AA	RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected 19 years using scale AA

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is intended to present information for 10 years. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

9

Required Supplementary Information

Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan Last Three Years (1)

Schedule of Changes in OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

	2020	2019	2018
OPEB liability: Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 298,808 244,424 524,866	\$ 266,608 248,540	\$ 284,046 225,136
Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	1,087,333	244,148 (210,314)	(146,062) (214,186)
Net change in OPEB liability	1,905,283	548,982	148,934
OPEB liability - July 1	6,808,744	6,259,762	6,110,828
OPEB liability - June 30 *	\$ 8,714,027	\$ 6,808,744	\$ 6,259,762
Covered payroll	\$ 29,339,464	\$ 21,277,152	\$ 21,277,152
OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	29.70%	32.00%	29.42%

⁽¹⁾ These schedules are intended to present information for 10 years.

Additional years will be presented as the information becomes available.

^{*} There are no assets that are being accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB No. 75 to pay benefits

Required Supplementary Information

Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Board Retiree Health Insurance Plan Last Three Years (3)

	2020		2019			2018	
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net C	OPEB L	<u>iability</u>					
Town's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
State of Connecticut's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the Town	ate share of the net OPEB liability12,030,7				16,229,300		
Total	\$12 ,	030,700	\$11	,890,600	\$16,229,300		
Town's covered payroll		(2)		(2)		(2)	
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		2.08%		1.49%		1.79%	
Schedule of Contributions							
Contractually required contribution (1)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution						_	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		
Town's covered payroll	((2)		(2)		(2)	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00% 0.00%			0.00%		

- (1) Local employers are not required to contribute to the plan
- (2) Not applicable since 0% proportional share of the net OPEB liability
- (3) These schedules are intended to present information for 10 years. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Board Retiree Health Insurance Plan Schedule of Contributions Last Three Years (1)

	2020	2019	2018
Changes of Benefit Terms	None	None	None
The actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2016
Actuarial methods and assumptions used	d to determine contribution rates:		
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Amortization Method	Level percentage, open	Level percentage, open	Level percentage, open
Amortization Period	30 years	30 years	30 years
Asset Valuation Method	Fair value	Fair value	Fair value
Inflation	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%
Healthcare Inflation Rate	Initial 5.95% decreasing to 4.75% (ultimate) by 2025	Initial 5.95% decreasing to 4.75% (ultimate) by 2025	Initial 7.25% decreasing to 5.00% (ultimate) by 2022
Salary Increases	3.25% to 6.50%, including inflation	3.25% to 6.50%, including inflation	3.25% to 6.50%, including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	3.00%	3.00%	4.25%
Mortality Rate	RP-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale	RP-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale	RP-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale

⁽¹⁾ These schedules are intended to present information for 10 years. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

Supplemental Schedules

General Fund

The general fund is the principal fund of the Town and is used to account for all activities of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund accounts for the normal recurring activities of the Town (i.e., general government, public safety, public works, community and human services, education, etc.). These activities are funded principally by property taxes, user fees and grants from other governmental units.

For reporting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the general fund includes certain funds that are required to be reported as part of the general fund under the requirements of GASB No. 54.

Fund	Funding Source	Function				
Snow Reserve Fund	Transfers in	Snow removal				
Animal Control Fund	Fees and transfers in	Animal control programs				

General Fund Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2020

	General Fund	Snow Reserve Fund	Animal Control Fund	Total
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash Restricted cash Investments Receivables (net): Property taxes Intergovernmental Other Due from other funds	\$ 108,212 118,075 8,704,437 981,884 151,622 298,056 907,806	\$ 263,930 - - - - -	\$ 4,452 - - - - -	\$ 376,594 118,075 8,704,437 981,884 151,622 298,056 907,806
Other	32,027			32,027
Total assets	\$ 11,302,119	\$ 263,930	\$ 4,452	\$11,570,501
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable Accrued payroll Performance bonds Total liabilities	\$ 652,303 390,059 118,075 1,160,437	\$ - - - -	\$ 6,525 - - - 6,525	\$ 658,828 390,059 118,075 1,166,962
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable revenue: Advance property tax collections Property taxes	59,552 881,095			59,552 881,095
Total deferred inflows of resources	940,647			940,647
Fund Balances				
Committed Assigned Unassigned	96,130 1,268,155 7,836,750	263,930	(2,073)	360,060 1,268,155 7,834,677
Total fund balances	9,201,035	263,930	(2,073)	9,462,892
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 11,302,119	\$ 263,930	\$ 4,452	\$11,570,501

General Fund Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Snow	Animal		
	General Fund	Reserve Fund	Control Fund	Eliminations	Total
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$40,759,158	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$40,759,158
Intergovernmental	19,391,531	Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ -	19,391,531
Charges for services	1,483,795	_	3,021	_	1,486,816
Income from investments	269,519	_	-	-	269,519
Other	593,302				593,302
Total revenues	62,497,305		3,021		62,500,326
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	3,567,600	-	-	-	3,567,600
Public safety	2,876,582	-	52,386	-	2,928,968
Public works	3,325,588	-	-	-	3,325,588
Community and human services	1,569,794	-	-	-	1,569,794
Education	46,584,807	-	-	-	46,584,807
Debt service	2,075,164				2,075,164
Total expenditures	59,999,535		52,386		60,051,921
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	2,497,770		(49,365)		2,448,405
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	-	153,627	48,272	(201,899)	-
Transfers out	(2,071,216)			201,899	(1,869,317)
Net other financing sources (uses)	(2,071,216)	153,627	48,272		(1,869,317)
Net change in fund balances	426,554	153,627	(1,093)	-	579,088
Fund balances - July 1, 2019	8,774,481	110,303	(980)		8,883,804
Fund balances - June 30, 2020	\$ 9,201,035	\$ 263,930	\$ (2,073)	\$ -	\$ 9,462,892

Report of Tax Collector For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

					Lawful C	orrections							Colle	ections				
-	Grand List Year	Uncollected Taxes July 1, 201		Current Year Levy	Additions	Deductio	ns		nsfers spense	Adjusted Amount Collectible	Ta	Net axes lected	Lier	erest, ns and er Fees		Total	Uncollected Taxes June 30, 2020	
	2002	\$ 519	9	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 51	9 *	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	2003	15,838	8	-	-	15,66	60 *	·	-	178		178		500		678		-
	2004	12,43	1	-	-	-			-	12,431		542		1,785		2,327		11,889
	2005	11,01	3	-	-	-			-	11,013		292		1,515		1,807		10,721
	2006	40,50	3	-	120	53	3		453	39,637		1,209		4,246		5,455		38,428
	2007	36,459	9	-	-	20)5		187	36,067		1,316		2,591		3,907		34,751
	2008	41,31	2	-	-	16	3		970	40,179		1,667		2,986		4,653		38,512
	2009	29,54	4	-	14	-			1,008	28,550		1,760		3,116		4,876		26,790
85	2010	29,71	1	-	1	-			1,584	28,128		2,510		4,231		6,741		25,618
0.	2011	34,990	0	-	460	1,61	9		920	32,911		2,140		3,068		5,208		30,771
	2012	37,97	1	-	2	52	21		226	37,226		2,762		3,416		6,178		34,464
	2013	45,689	9	-	-	-			178	45,511		5,980		5,799		11,779		39,531
	2014	55,302	2	-	271	1,18	86		75	54,312		11,523		7,720		19,243		42,789
	2015	22,85	5	-	51,529	65	9		1,243	72,482		20,745	1	12,115		32,860		51,737
	2016	169,080	0	-	302	1,45	55		1,359	166,568		104,773	3	32,214		136,987		61,795
	2017	442,29	4_		1,330	18,25	55		603	424,766	:	268,743		57,576		326,319		156,023
	Total Prior Years	1,025,51	1	-	54,029	40,77	' 5		8,806	1,029,959		426,140	14	12,878		569,018	(603,819
	2018			40,795,991	59,948	210,37	7		2,136	40,643,426	40,	182,493	11	16,100	4(0,298,593		160,933
	Total All Years	\$ 1,025,51	<u>1_</u>	\$ 40,795,991	\$ 113,977	\$ 251,15	<u>52</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	0,942	\$ 41,673,385	\$ 40,0	608,633	-	58,978	-	0,867,611		064,752
	* Amount w	ritten off based	upon	state statues req	uirements								ı ax ını		d liens r	eceivable		667,185

Tax interest and liens receivable 667,185

Allowance for doubtful accounts (750,053)

Net taxes receivable - General Fund \$ 981,884

Other Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for particular purposes.

Fund	Funding Source	Function
Town Aid Road Fund	Grants	Road improvements
Small Cities Grants Fund	Fees and grants	Housing rehabilitation
Sewer Operating Fund	Fees	Sewer operations
Recreation Activities Fund	Fees and contributions	Recreation programs
Miscellaneous Grants Fund	Grants and contributions	Various specified purposes
Special Gifts Fund	Fees and contributions	Various specified purposes
Police Special Duty Fund	Fees	Public safety programs
School Cafeteria Fund	Fees and grants	School lunch and breakfast program
Out of District Tuition Fund	Fees	Education programs
Pay to Play Fund	Fees	Athletic programs
Bacon Academy Summer School Fund	Fees	Summer school operations

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for acquisition and construction of major capital assets other than those financed by proprietary and trust funds.

Fund	Funding Source	Function
2009 Bond Referendum Fund	Bonds	Various capital projects
Sewer Capital Fund	Fees	Sewer capital projects
Energy Project Fund	Fees and equipment financing notes	Energy project
Use of Schools Fund	Fees and contributions	Custodial, facility improvements, equipment and other rental related costs
Education Capital Reserve Fund	Transfers in	Education maintenance and capital projects

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund is used to account for and report resources for the payment of future debt service payments.

Combining Balance Sheet Other Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

Special Revenue Funds

			S	pecial Revenue F	unds		
	Town Aid Road Fund	Small Cities Grants Fund	Sewer Operating Fund	Recreation Activities Fund	Miscellaneous Grants Fund	Special Gifts Fund	Police Special Duty Fund
<u>Assets</u>							
Cash	\$ 985,663	\$ 22	\$ 271,919	\$ 237,210	\$ -	\$ 517,408	\$ -
Receivables:							
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	333,644	-	-
Assessments and use charges	-	-	290,192	-	=	-	-
Loan Accounts	-	68,660	-	-	-	-	- 187,520
Other	- -	-	-	- -	-	-	107,320
Total assets	\$ 985,663	\$ 68,682	\$ 562,111	\$ 237,210	\$ 333,644	\$ 517,408	\$ 187,520
	Ψ 000,000	Ψ 00,002	Ψ σ σ σ σ σ σ σ σ σ σ σ σ σ σ σ σ σ σ σ	Ψ 201,210	Ψ 000,044	Ψ 017,400	Ψ 107,020
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Accounts payable	\$ 7,500	\$ -	\$ 9,377	\$ 1,263	\$ 22,047	\$ 10,990	\$ -
Accrued payroll	-	-	4,517	2,138	13,756	-	46,909
Due to other funds	=	-	-	-	369,736	-	47,947
Unearned revenue							
Total liabilities	7,500		13,894	3,401	405,539	10,990	94,856
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenue:							
Assessments and use charges			225,456				
Fund Balances							
Restricted	978,163	68,682	322,761	_	-	506,418	-
Committed	-	-	-	233,809	-	-	92,664
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	-				(71,895)		
Total fund balances	978,163	68,682	322,761	233,809	(71,895)	506,418	92,664
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources and fund balances	\$ 985,663	\$ 68,682	\$ 562,111	\$ 237,210	\$ 333,644	\$ 517,408	\$ 187,520

(Continued)

Capital

Town of Colchester, Connecticut

Combining Balance Sheet Other Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

		S	pecial Revenue F	unds		Projects Funds
Assets	School Cafeteria Fund	Out of District Tuition Fund	Pay to Play Fund	Bacon Academy Summer School Fund	Total Special Revenue Funds	2009 Bond Referendum Fund
Cash Receivables:	\$ 6,553	\$ 42,035	\$ -	\$ 15,963	\$ 2,076,773	\$ 56,057
Intergovernmental Assessments and use charges Loan Accounts Other	23,108 - - - - 16,372	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	356,752 290,192 68,660 187,520 16,372	- - - -
[∞] Total assets	\$ 46,033	\$ 42,035	\$ -	\$ 15,963	\$ 2,996,269	\$ 56,057
<u>Liabilities</u> Accounts payable Accrued payroll Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$ 11,440 8,729 - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - 2,835 - -	\$ 62,617 78,884 417,683	\$ - - - -
Total liabilities	20,169			2,835	559,184	
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Unavailable revenue: Assessments and use charges	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	<u>-</u>	225,456	
Fund Balances Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	25,864 - - -	- 42,035 - 	- - - -	- 13,128 - 	1,901,888 381,636 - (71,895)	- 56,057 -
Total fund balances	25,864	42,035		13,128	2,211,629	56,057
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 46,033	\$ 42,035	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 15,963	\$ 2,996,269	\$ 56,057 (Continued)

Combining Balance Sheet Other Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

Capital Projects Funds

		C:	apitai Projects F	unas			
				Education			
	Sewer Capital	Energy Project	Use of Schools	Capital Reserve	Total Capital Projects	Debt Service	Total Other Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Fund	Funds
<u>Assets</u>							
Cash	\$ 1,153,520	\$ 95,608	\$ 49,275	\$ 393,268	\$ 1,747,728	\$ 1,003,744	\$ 4,828,245
Receivables:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	*,	, ,, ,	,,	· , , -	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , ,
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-	356,752
Assessments and use charges	-	-	-	-	-	-	290,192
Loan	-	-	-	-	-	-	68,660
Accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	187,520
Other							16,372
Total assets	\$ 1,153,520	\$ 95,608	\$ 49,275	\$ 393,268	\$ 1,747,728	\$ 1,003,744	\$ 5,747,741
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Accounts payable	\$ 351,621	\$ -	\$ 191	\$ 2,648	\$ 354,460	\$ -	\$ 417,077
Accrued payroll	-	-	-	-	-	-	78,884
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	417,683
Unearned revenue							
Total liabilities	351,621	_	191	2,648	354,460		913,644
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenue:							
Assessments and use charges	_	_	_	_	_	_	225,456
Fund Balances							
							4 004 000
Restricted Committed	- 801,899	- 95,608	- 49,084	- 390,620	- 1,393,268	-	1,901,888 1,774,904
Assigned	-	93,000	49,004	390,020	1,393,200	1,003,744	1,003,744
Unassigned	_	_	_	_	-	-	(71,895)
-	004.000	05.000	40.004		4 000 000	4 000 744	
Total fund balances	801,899	95,608	49,084	390,620	1,393,268	1,003,744	4,608,641
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources and fund balances	\$ 1,153,520	\$ 95,608	\$ 49,275	\$ 393,268	\$ 1,747,728	\$ 1,003,744	\$ 5,747,741
							(Canaludad)

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(Concluded)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Other Governmental Funds For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

Special Revenue Funds

Davasas	Town Aid Road Fund	Small Cities Grants Fund	Sewer Operating Fund	Recreation Activities Fund	Miscellaneous Grants Fund	Special Gifts Fund	Police Special Duty Fund
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Income from investments Contributions	\$ 388,173 - - - -	\$ - 68,495 - -	\$ - 1,106,185 1,682 -	\$ - 160,594 - 4,010	\$ 268,350 - - - 2,361	\$ 8,273 5,205 - 161,457	\$ - 453,560 - -
Total revenues	388,173	68,495	1,107,867	164,604	270,711	174,935	453,560
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Public works Community and human services Education Debt service Capital outlay Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	- - 33,473 - - - 162,467 195,940 192,233	- - - - - - - 68,495	- 1,132,657 - - - - 1,132,657 (24,790)	234,208 - - 234,208 (69,604)	5,000 110,893 - 88,678 - - 61,004 265,575 5,136	1,219 1,100 - 126,047 - - - - 128,366 46,569	428,032 - - - - - 428,032 25,528
Other financing sources (uses): Premium Transfers in Transfers out	- - (58,031)	<u> </u>	- - -	<u>.</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	- - -
Net other financing sources (uses)	(58,031)						
Net change in fund balances	134,202	68,495	(24,790)	(69,604)	5,136	46,569	25,528
Fund balances - July 1, 2019	843,961	187	347,551	303,413	(77,031)	459,849	67,136
Fund balances - June 30, 2020	\$ 978,163	\$ 68,682	\$ 322,761	\$ 233,809	\$ (71,895)	\$ 506,418	\$ 92,664

(Continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Other Governmental Funds For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Special Revenue Fur	nds		Capital Projects Funds
	School Cafeteria Fund	Out of District Tuition Fund	Pay to Play Fund	Bacon Academy Summer School Fund	Total Special Revenue Funds	2009 Bond Referendum Fund
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Income from investments Contributions	\$ 280,091 261,866 6	\$ - - - -	\$ - 55,080 - -	\$ - 7,250 - -	\$ 944,887 2,118,235 1,688 167,828	\$ - - - -
Total revenues	541,963		55,080	7,250	3,232,638	
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Public works Community and human services Education Debt service Capital outlay	- - - - 634,847 - -	- - - - - -	- - - - 55,080 - -	- - - - 13,977 - -	6,219 540,025 1,166,130 448,933 703,904 - 223,471	- - - - - -
Total expenditures	634,847		55,080	13,977	3,088,682	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(92,884)			(6,727)	143,956	
Other financing sources (uses): Premium Transfers in Transfers out	- 139,260 	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 139,260 (58,031)	- - -
Net other financing sources (uses)	139,260	-	-	-	81,229	-
Net change in fund balances	46,376	-	-	(6,727)	225,185	-
Fund balances - July 1, 2019	(20,512)	42,035	-	19,855	1,986,444	56,057
Fund balances - June 30, 2020	\$ 25,864	\$ 42,035	\$ -	\$ 13,128	\$ 2,211,629	\$ 56,057

(Continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Other Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Capital Projects Funds

		(∍apitai Projects F	unas			
	Sewer Capital Fund	Energy Project Fund	Use of Schools Fund	Education Capital Reserve Fund	Total Capital Projects Funds	Debt Service Fund	Total Other Governmental Funds
Revenues:	Φ.	•	•	Φ.	Φ.	•	Φ 044.007
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 944,887
Charges for services Income from investments	8,390 13,652	-	27,433	-	35,823 13,652	-	2,154,058 15,340
Contributions	13,032	-	- 7,817	-	7,817	-	175,645
Contributions			7,017		1,011		175,045
Total revenues	22,042		35,250		57,292		3,289,930
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,219
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	540,025
Public works	16,831	-	-	-	16,831	-	1,182,961
Community and human services	-	-	-	-	-	-	448,933
Education	-	-	26,530	-	26,530		730,434
Debt service	-	-	-	-	-	791,057	791,057
Capital outlay	432,379		10,128	310,776	753,283		976,754
Total expenditures	449,210		36,658	310,776	796,644	791,057	4,676,383
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(427,168)		(1,408)	(310,776)	(739,352)	(791,057)	(1,386,453)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Premium	-	-	-	-	-	971,425	971,425
Transfers in	-	-	-	403,744	403,744	360,226	903,230
Transfers out							(58,031)
Net other financing sources (uses)				403,744	403,744	1,331,651	1,816,624
Net change in fund balances	(427,168)	-	(1,408)	92,968	(335,608)	540,594	430,171
Fund balances - July 1, 2019	1,229,067	95,608	50,492	297,652	1,728,876	463,150	4,178,470
Fund balances - June 30, 2020	\$ 801,899	\$ 95,608	\$ 49,084	\$ 390,620	\$ 1,393,268	\$ 1,003,744	\$ 4,608,641

(Concluded)

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the Town in a trustee capacity for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. These include pension trust, private-purpose trust, and agency funds.

Pension Trust Fund

Fund	Function
Pension Trust Fund	To account for contributions made by the Town and its employees for pension benefits for members of the Police Department

Private-Purpose Trust Funds

Fund	Function
Private-Purpose Trust Fund	To account for resources legally held in trust for the benefit of individuals

Agency Funds

Fund	Function
Student Activities	To account for various activities undertaken by students of the public school system

Agency Fund Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Balance July 1, 2019	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2020
<u>Assets</u>				
Student activities: Cash Accounts receivable	\$ 427,037 	\$512,677 1,854	\$501,571 <u>-</u>	\$ 438,143 1,854
Total assets	\$ 427,037	\$514,531	\$501,571	\$ 439,997
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Student activities: Payable to student organizations	\$ 427,037	\$514,531	\$501,571	\$ 439,997

Trend Information

This part of the Town's annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Town's overall financial health.

Table	Description
Financial Trends (Tables 1-2)	These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and well-being have changed over time
Revenue Capacity (Table 3)	This schedule contains information to help the reader assess the Town's most significant local revenue source, the property tax
Debt Capacity (Table 4)	This schedule presents information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current levels of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual financial reports for the fiscal year.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (Modified Accrual Basis Accounting) (Unaudited)

June 30

		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
	General fund:	2020	2013	2010	2011	2010	2013	2017	2013	2012	2011
	Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ 6,578	\$ 25,687	\$ 27,610	\$ 37,820	\$ 30,655	\$ 19,510	\$ 28,351	\$ 20,945	\$ 23,740
	Committed	360,060	477,401	273,318	110,303	418,455	67,500	120,829	44,936	32,000	32,000
	Assigned	1,268,155	585,619	1,238,154	612,254	502,848	370,685	250,730	698,770	176,476	40,772
	Unassigned	7,834,677	7,815,186	6,869,784	6,422,633	5,711,933	5,255,366	4,888,372	4,758,733	4,334,548	3,518,813
	Total general fund	9,462,892	8,884,784	8,406,943	7,172,800	6,671,056	5,724,206	5,279,441	5,530,790	4,563,969	3,615,325
	All other governmental funds:										
	Restricted	2,026,079	1,707,827	1,757,015	1,604,738	1,538,464	1,344,735	1,291,700	988,019	941,379	1,045,620
9	Committed	5,755,597	6,065,724	5,814,987	5,215,554	4,644,724	4,203,246	4,477,042	4,139,501	2,689,738	2,866,509
$\ddot{\omega}$	Assigned	1,003,744	463,150	540,307	243,239	162,415	91,014	91,013	52,314	52,313	198,504
	Unassigned	(3,732,760)	(2,931,730)	(3,049,757)	(4,219,300)	(560,823)	(81,082)	(33,654)	(3,810)	(33,226)	(105,242)
	Total all other governmental funds	5,052,660	5,304,971	5,062,552	2,844,231	5,784,780	5,557,913	5,826,101	5,176,024	3,650,204	4,005,391
	Grand total	\$14,515,552	\$14,189,755	\$13,469,495	\$10,017,031	\$12,455,836	\$11,282,119	\$11,105,542	\$10,706,814	\$ 8,214,173	\$ 7,620,716

Notes:

General fund:

Assigned Increased due to the current year unspent education budget and the appropriation to fund subsequent year's budget

All other governmental funds:

Assigned Increased due to an increase in the Debt Service Fund fund balance

Unassigned Decreased primarily due to decrease in the Johnston Building Project Fund fund balance

Certain balances were reclassed for fiscal year 2020. Prior years were not completely restated for restricted and committed categories.

Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund Last Ten Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

For the Year Ended June 30

		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
	Revenues:										
	Property taxes	\$ 40,759,158	\$ 40,028,244	\$ 39,539,056	\$ 38,500,512	\$ 37,712,051	\$ 37,226,671	\$ 36,248,381	\$ 34.364.251	\$ 33,794,551	\$ 32,548,912
	Intergovernmental	19,391,531	19,768,265	21,032,544	21,992,787	19,575,213	19,483,781	19,727,811	19,347,462	19.517.186	16,821,153
	Charges for services	1,486,816	1,466,221	1,345,172	1,400,766	1,411,092	1,172,041	1,176,826	1,190,469	1,159,237	1,136,197
	Income from investments	269,519	348,258	272,088	88,500	61,139	48,566	51,533	47,491	48,747	27,499
	Other	593,302	530,869	447,926	134,404	120,528	122,212	238,247	104,759	122,060	131,475
	Total revenues	62,500,326	62,141,857	62,636,786	62,116,969	58,880,023	58,053,271	57,442,798	55,054,432	54,641,781	50,665,236
	Expenditures:										
	Current:	0.507.000	0.540.400	0.440.000	0.504.000	0.454.074	0.040.407	0.007.050	0.400.000	0.040.000	0.407.070
	General government	3,567,600	3,516,196	3,413,682	3,534,368	3,151,674	3,310,137	3,387,956	3,196,386	3,649,080	3,427,070
_	Public safety	2,928,968	2,872,691 3.447.196	2,761,914	2,699,729	2,676,389	2,438,800	2,403,418 3.695.205	2,204,883 2.849.686	2,139,001 2.440.714	1,943,222
2	Public works Community and human services (1)	3,325,588 1,569,794	3,447,196 1,534,894	3,153,130 1,491,049	3,312,050 1,534,864	3,133,633 1,480,902	3,489,369 1,434,099	3,695,205 1,404,709	2,649,666 1,286,636	2,440,714 1,688,846	2,468,024 1,618,591
	Education	46,584,807	46,431,630	47,020,602	46,630,541	44,296,560	43,909,369	43,879,506	41,828,767	40,492,902	36,998,747
	Debt service - principal	1,490,000	1,495,000	1,525,000	1,515,000	1,530,000	1,550,000	1,585,307	1,575,000	2,411,925	2,885,000
	Debt service - interest	585,164	215,415	266,665	327,265	371,465	422,865	469,607	520,890	502,357	808,538
	Dest service interest	000,104	210,410	200,000	021,200	071,400	722,000	400,001	020,000	002,007	000,000
	Total expenditures	60,051,921	59,513,022	59,632,042	59,553,817	56,640,623	56,554,639	56,825,708	53,462,248	53,324,825	50,149,192
	Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
	over expenditures	2,448,405	2,628,835	3,004,744	2,563,152	2,239,400	1,498,632	617,090	1,592,184	1,316,956	516,044
	Other financing sources (uses):										
	Transfers in	_	_	_	8,240	_	_	_	_	214,746	_
	Transfers out	(1,869,317)	(2,150,994)	(1,770,601)	(2,069,648)	(1,292,550)	(1,053,867)	(868,439)	(625,363)	(583,058)	(278,003)
	Net other financing sources (uses)	(1,869,317)	(2,150,994)	(1,770,601)	(2,061,408)	(1,292,550)	(1,053,867)	(868,439)	(625,363)	(368,312)	(278,003)
	()	(1,000,011)	(=,::::,:::/	(1,110,001)	(=,+++,+++)		(1,000,001)	(000,100)	(===,===)	(000,01=)	
	Net change in fund balances	\$ 579,088	\$ 477,841	\$ 1,234,143	\$ 501,744	\$ 946,850	\$ 444,765	\$ (251,349)	\$ 966,821	\$ 948,644	\$ 238,041
	Debt service as a percentage of										
	noncapital expenditures (2)	3.46%	2.87%	3.00%	3.09%	3.36%	3.49%	3.62%	3.92%	5.47%	7.37%

Notes:

- (1) Included grounds maintenance, reported in public works for fiscal years beginning 2013
- (2) Excludes amount paid from Debt Service Fund

Property Tax Rates, Levies and Collections Last Ten Years (Unaudited)

Year Ended June 30	(1) Mill Rate	Total Adjusted Tax Levy	Net Current Levy Tax Collections	Percentage of Current Taxes Collected	Current Delinquent Balance
2011	25.07	\$ 32,238,714	\$ 31,793,600	98.62%	\$ 26,790
2012	25.85	33,774,748	33,249,659	98.45%	25,618
2013	28.80	34,157,365	33,608,023	98.39%	30,771
2014	30.28	36,156,049	35,565,318	98.37%	34,464
2015	30.57	36,891,618	36,333,194	98.49%	39,531
2016	30.76	37,393,155	36,947,219	98.81%	42,789
2017	30.91	38,112,513	37,743,244	99.03%	51,737
2018	32.37	39,244,661	38,812,483	98.90%	61,795
2019	32.28	39,552,832	39,110,538	98.88%	156,023
2020	32.84	40,643,426	40,182,493	98.87%	460,933

Source: Town audit reports.

⁽¹⁾ This represents the Town's mill rate per \$1,000 of taxable property. There are no overlapping tax rates.

Schedule of Debt Limitation Connecticut Statutes, Section 7-374(b) (Unaudited)

Tax base:

Total tax collections (including interest and lien fees) for prior year						
	General Purpose	Schools	Sewers	Urban Renewal	Pension Deficit	
Debt limitation:						
2 1/4 times base 4 1/2 times base 3 3/4 times base 3 1/4 times base 3 times base	\$89,541,340 - - - -	\$ - 179,082,680 - - -	\$ - - 149,235,566 - -	\$ - - - 129,337,491 -	\$ - - - - 119,388,453	
Total limitations	89,541,340	179,082,680	149,235,566	129,337,491	119,388,453	
Indebtedness: Bonds Bond anticipation notes	175,000 	22,515,000 2,845,000	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	
Total indebtedness	175,000	25,360,000				
Debt limitation in excess of outstanding debt	\$89,366,340	\$153,722,680	\$149,235,566	\$129,337,491	\$119,388,453	
The total net indebtedness above amounts to:						
In no event shall total indebtedness exceed seven time the base for debt limitation computation:						

There is no overlapping debt for the Town